Multi Domain -Space - Ground - SubSea **Optical Networking**

Robert "Bob" Brumley – CEO at Laser Light Group

Jelena Pesic, PhD – Director of Optical Strategy at Nokia



The Network of the Future – Global, Multi-Domain, Self-Aware

Terrestrial, Subsea, and Optical Satellite – Patented Distributive AL/ML OS



Elastic Networking - Low Latency - Direct Connect - On-Demand - End-End Spectrum Slicing

1830 PSI-M Data Centre Metro, Micro, Far Edge subsea

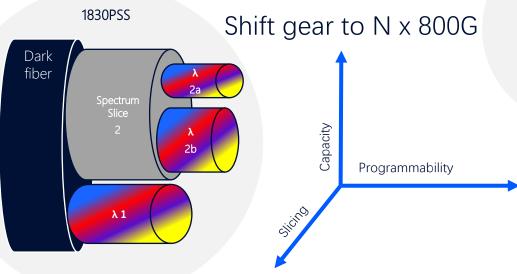






Global Data Transport

Market and technology requirement



e2e Spectrum Sharing



Network virtualization and multi-tenancy

WaveSuite







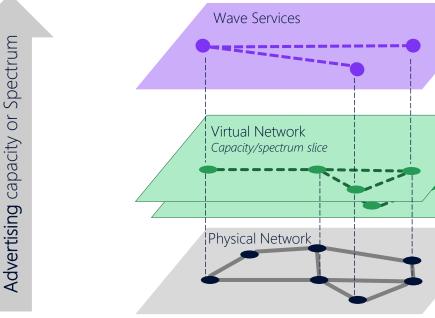
Demanding capacity a

Multi-Domain Management Layers

Patented AI/ML-based Product, Transport,

Management Layers

Hierarchical Virtual Networks



WaveSuite StarBeam™





- Multi-Domain Orchestration
- End user
- OTT
- Premium reseller
- Internal department
- Carrier-to-carrier
- Data Centre provider

Infrastructure owner





Global Data Flows – TODAY

The northern hemisphere – data transit flows out-of-balance with Demand in the southern hemisphere



Data Is Created Above the Equator

Higher Margin Demand Is Below The Equator





Global Data Flows - LASER LIGHT ERA

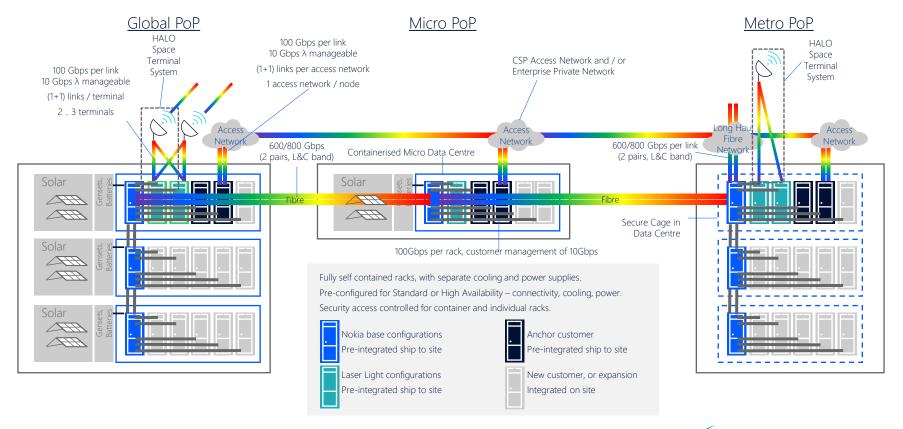
Serving new markets in the southern hemisphere – an emerging global data powerhouse





LASERLIOHT

Global Rack [™] Configuration – Distance Insensitive







Public

How the Global Rack Works - Real Time Data Analytics

Data Ingestion and Aggregation

- Data Sources: The Global Rack will aggregate data from multiple sources, including satellite communications, terrestrial optical networks, subsea systems, ground stations, edge devices, IoT sensors, and customer applications.
- Data Flow: Data is ingested through high-bandwidth optical connections and routed to the nearest data PoP or cloud platform –
 Global, Metro, Micro. The patented SDN-controlled network ensures that data takes the most efficient route based on real-time network conditions or customer preferences.

Data Processing and Edge Computing

- Data "PoPs": Data processing occurs both at centralized cloud data POP's Global, Metro and distributed micro data centers also known as Points of Presence ("PoP's"). Edge computing capabilities allow for real-time data analytics and processing at the point of data collection, and throughout the entire physical service layers of the converged network satellite, terrestrial, subsea minimizing latency for time-sensitive applications.
- AI/ML Integration: The platform applies patented AI/ML models to analyze data in real-time, make predictive adjustments to network performance, optimize bandwidth allocation, and enhance service delivery.
- Data Traffic Analytics: Collection of data and analytics associated with originating/terminating data traffic on partner networks,
 e.g. ISP, to quantify depth and breadth of data pools particularly price per bit of data flow, e.g., Deepfield, StarBeam
- Changing Atmospheric Conditionalities Analytics: Collection of data from spatial distributed localized data aggregators, e.g. the Weather Underground, and specialized tropospheric atmospheric sensors proximate to proprietary optical ground nodes, and correlation with historical weather data (from public/private weather bureaus), and forecasting data pathways satellite, fiber, subsea per customer preferences, open/closed optical ground nodes.

