

**ROBUST AO**

*Home of the Zwobbel®*



W3+

14.03.2024 | Wetzlar, Germany

Dynamic beam shaping  
technology that accelerates  
laser cutting speed and  
improves cut quality.

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# About **ROBUST AO** GmbH



High power  
adaptive optics



> 40 years of  
experience



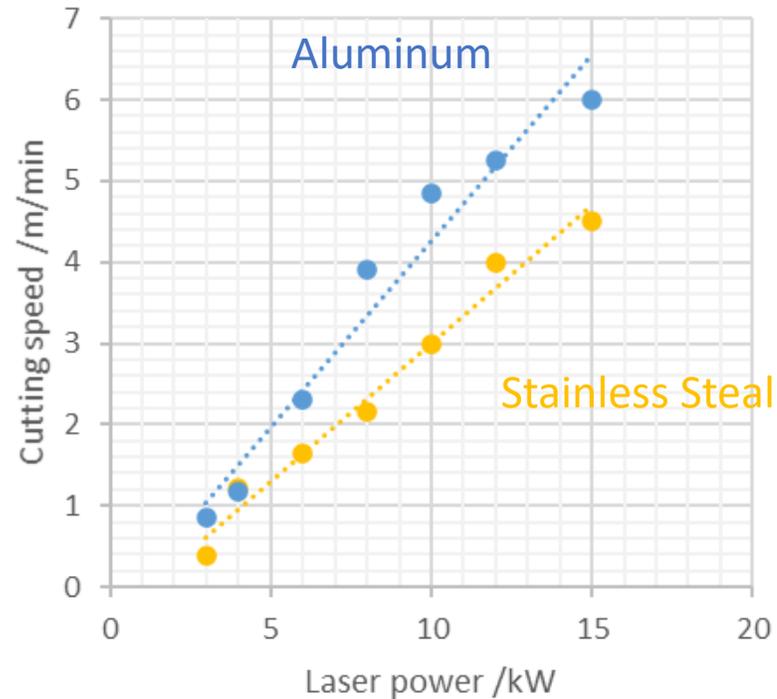
Innovative  
technologies

# Outline

1. Zwobbel-technology
2. System Integration
3. Application results
  1. Fine metal cutting
  2. Bevel cutting
  3. Thick metal cutting
4. Summary



# Problem: Laser power increase for faster cutting



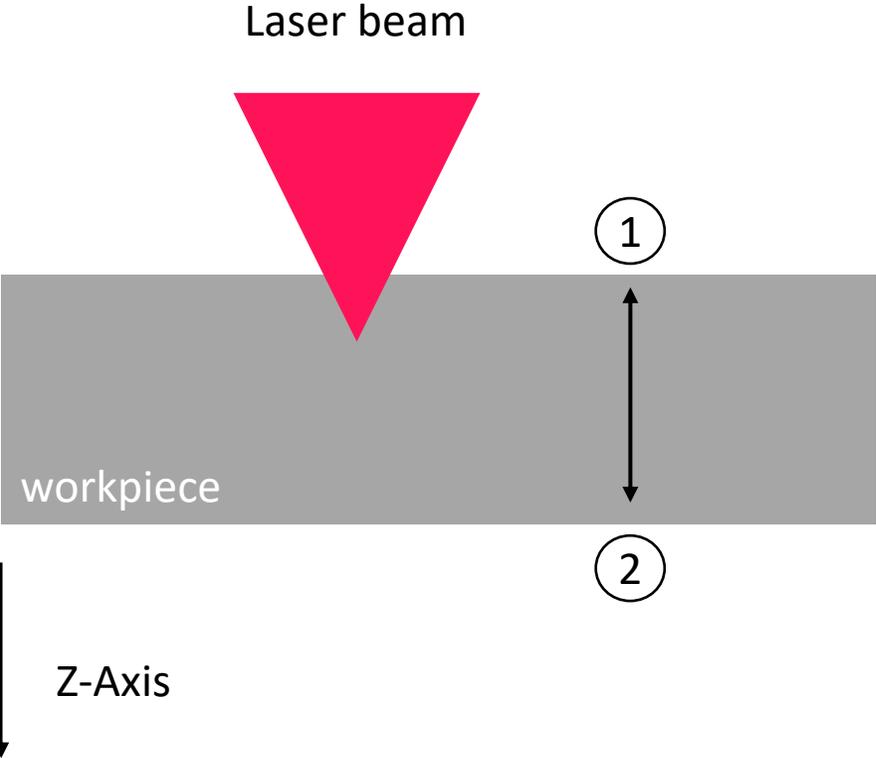
Higher power gives higher speed but costs more.



How to accelerate cutting speed & increase quality & reduce waste of energy?



# Our solution: dynamic beam shaping



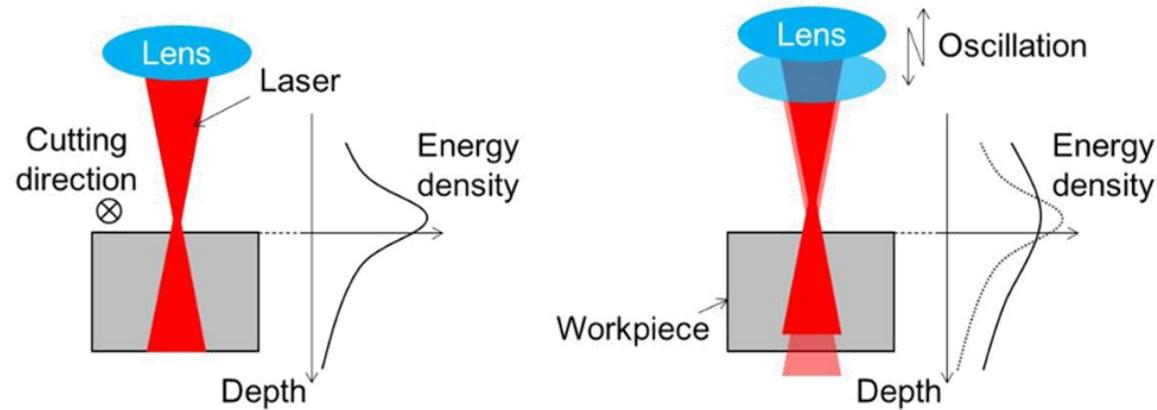
Beam focus oscillates quickly between ① ↔ ②



ZWOBBEL<sup>®</sup> technology



# Dynamic beam shaping requirements



*Assumption of uniformizing laser energy density distribution (side view, time average) [MHH15]*

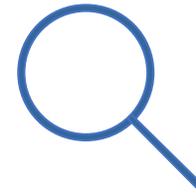
## Challenge/Goal

- Steep radiale temperature gradient + increase in interaction time to increase the melt loss
- Decreases dross and burr & roughness of the cut surface

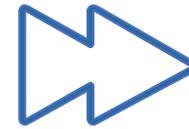
## Aim

- Adjustment of the interaction cross-section and time between material and laser
- Influencing the energy distribution in the workpiece
- Improvement of the melting process by oscillation

# Zwobbel© Technology



Lightweight, compact  
& Ready-to-use



100 x faster  
(process enabler)



All wavelengths,  
High power mirror

Design is filed for patent  
DE 10 2021 102 096.4

# System integration

## Mechanics:

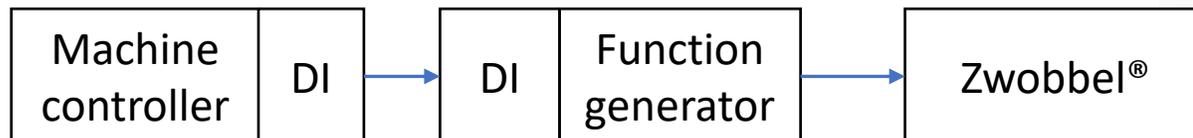
- 90° folding mirror
- Stand alone Z-stage or with sensor integration
- Weight <500g (plus adapter)

## Optics:

- $1/e^2$  aperture: 10mm - 25mm
- High-power coating: Power level > **8kW**

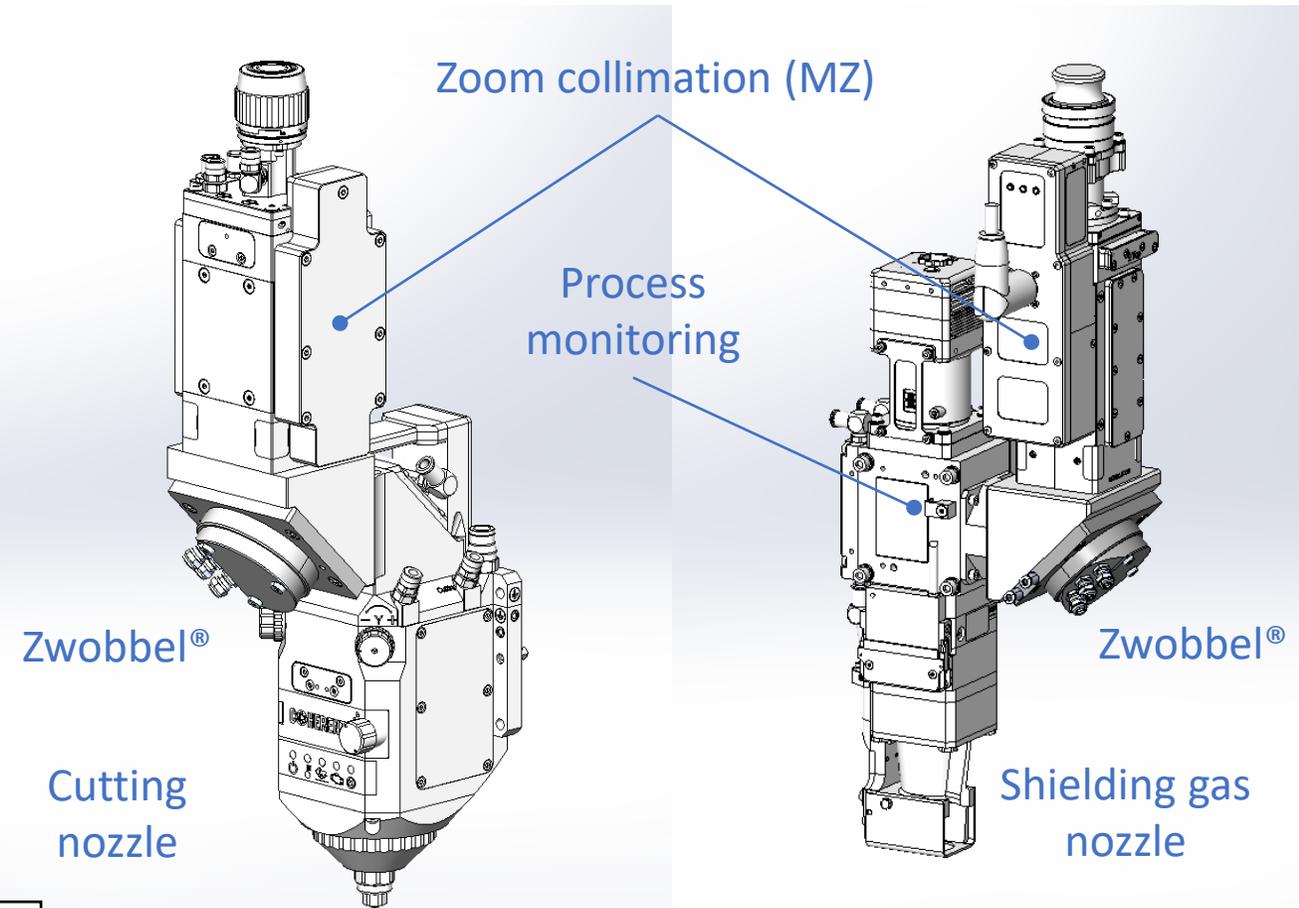
## Information technology

- Analog input
- Analog/USB output
- Digital interface (DI) f.e. EtherNET



CUTTING HEAD  
BIMO FSC3

WELDING AND BRAZING HEAD  
BIMO LPH2



Joint work with



# System integration

## Mechanics:

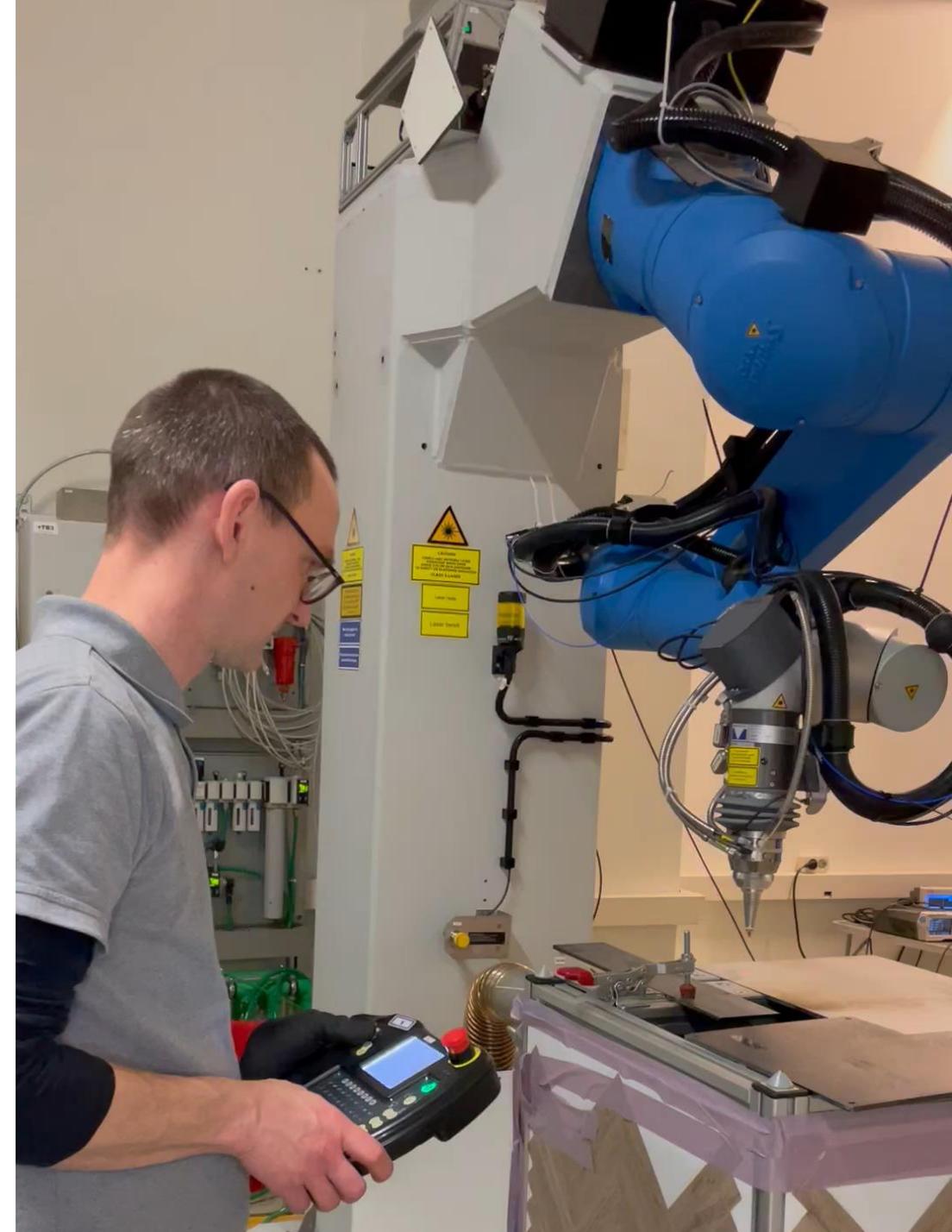
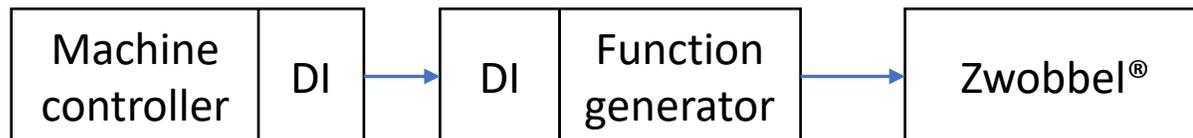
- 90° folding mirror
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# System integration

## Mechanics:

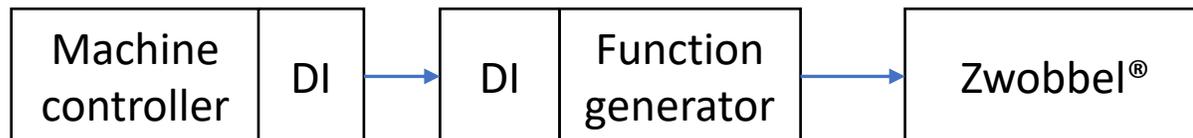
- 90° folding mirror
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## Optics:

- $1/e^2$  aperture: 10mm - 25mm
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## Information technology

- Analog input
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# Optical capability

- Zwobbel – deformable mirror changes the systems focal length
- Long focal length may be changed strongly
- No moving parts just hinges

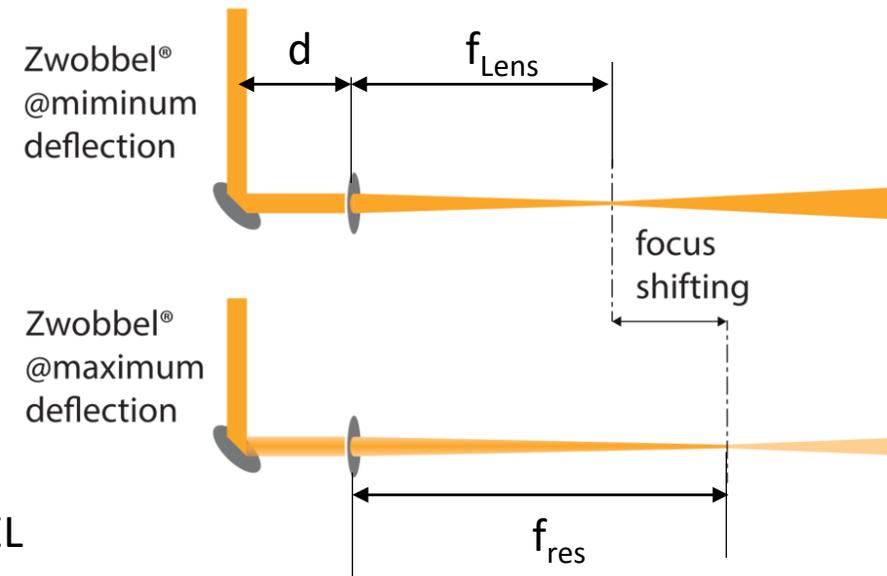
The resulting focal length  $f_{res}$ , optical power of the ZWOBBEL  $D=-0,45\text{dpt}$ , focal length of the focusing lens  $f_{lens}$

$$\frac{1}{f_{res}} = D + \frac{1}{f_{lens}}$$

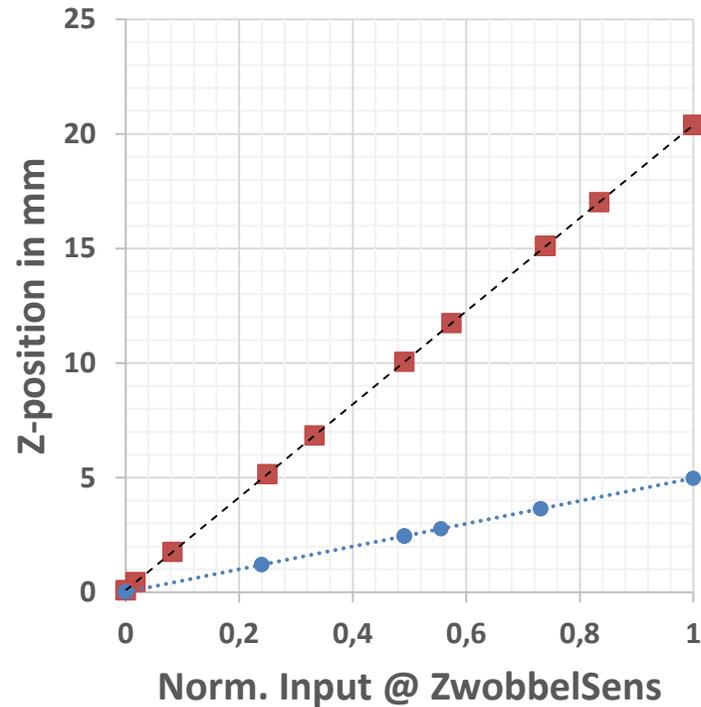


$f_{Lens}=500\text{mm} \rightarrow f_{Res}=645 \text{ mm}$   
 $f_{Lens}=200\text{mm} \rightarrow f_{Res}=220 \text{ mm}$   
 $f_{Lens}=100\text{mm} \rightarrow f_{Res}=104 \text{ mm}$

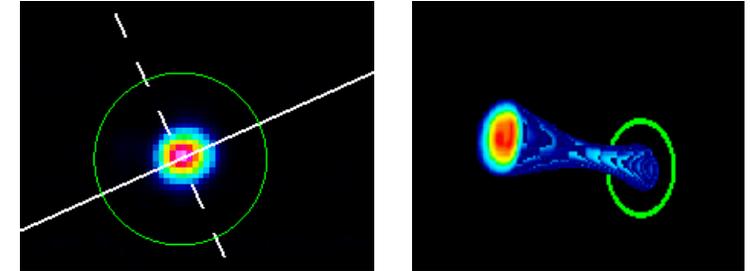
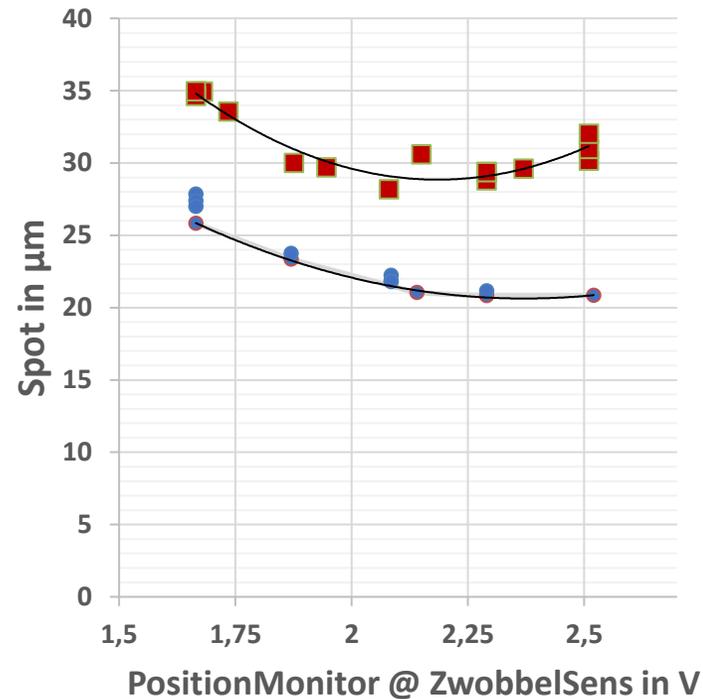
The optical power  $D$  is  $\frac{3}{4}$  convex and  $\frac{1}{4}$  concave.



# Optical capability



- $f_L = 200\text{mm}$
- $f_L = 100\text{mm}$



Measurement results:

$M^2$ -Set-up

$1/e^2$  beam diameter= 6,5mm

$\lambda = 632\text{ nm}$

$M^2 = 1.2 - 1.4$

$\varnothing$ spot accuracy:

$\pm 1\ \mu\text{m rms}$  (@ $f = 250\text{mm}$  lens)

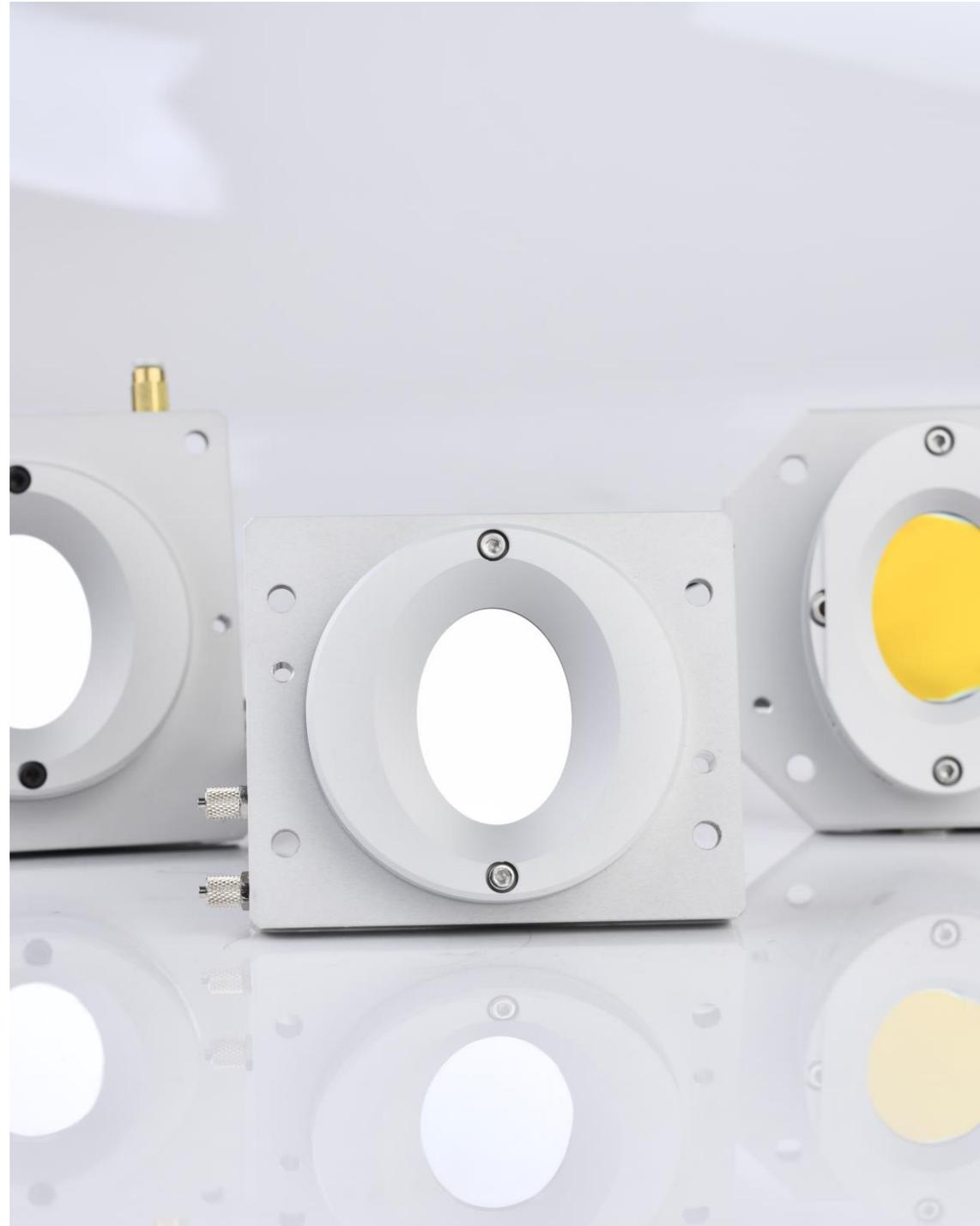
$\Delta z$ -accuracy

$\pm 0.10\ \text{mm rms}$  (@ $f = 200\text{mm}$  lens)

$\pm 0.05\ \text{mm rms}$  (@ $f = 100\text{mm}$  lens)

# Application results

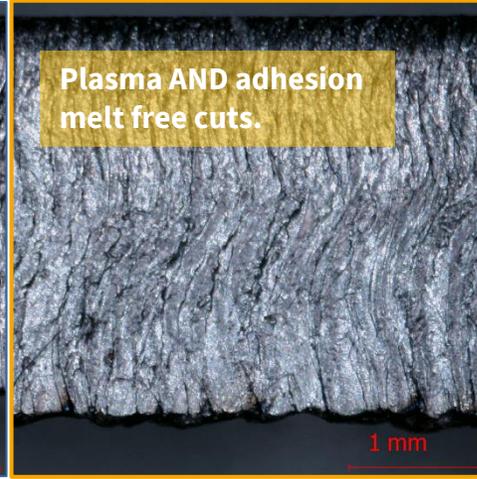
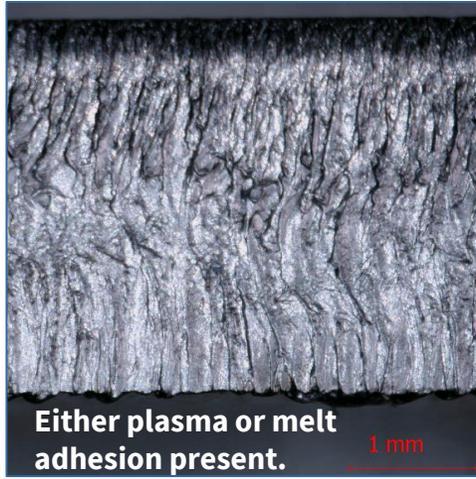
1. Fine metall cutting
2. Bevel cutting
3. Thick metall cutting



# Fine metal cutting

Reference

Zwobbel-Technology



**Value**

Mild steel, S355MC, t=3 mm

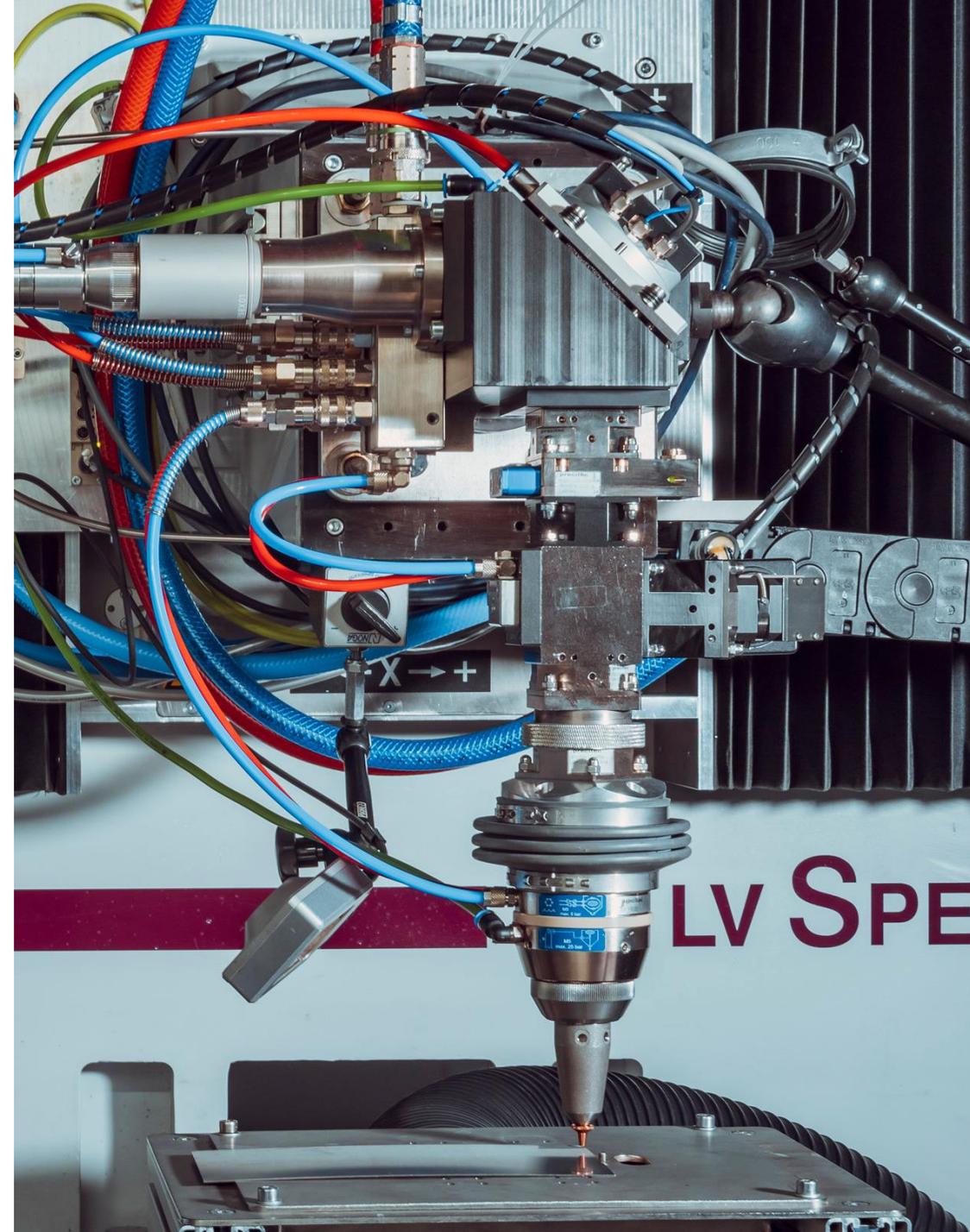
P=2 kW

3 m/min

6.25 m/min

**DOUBLED SPEED  
NO PLASMA**

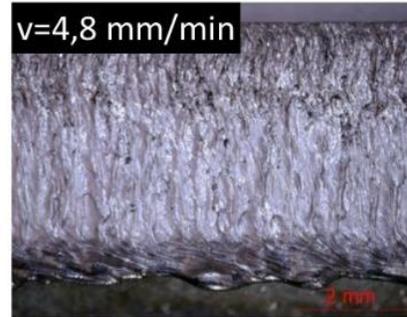
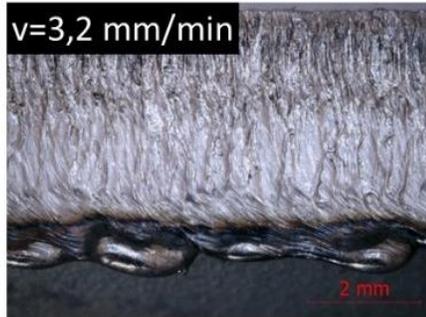
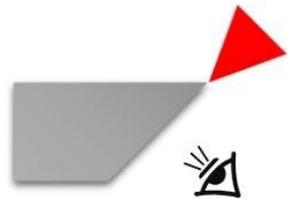
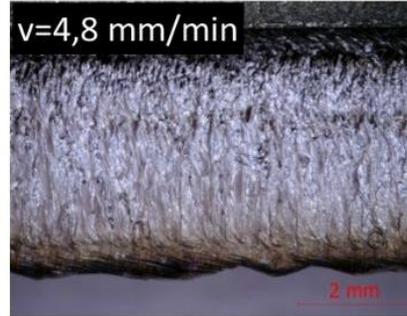
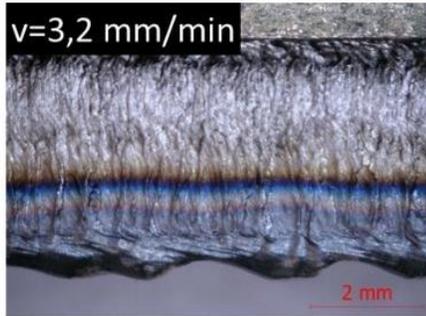
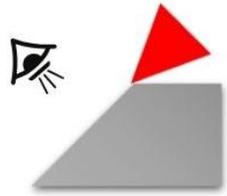
Based on economic viability calculation: **after 2 months the customer earns money with the Zwobbel!**



# Bevel cutting

Reference

Zwobbel-Technology



**33% faster cutting & better quality**



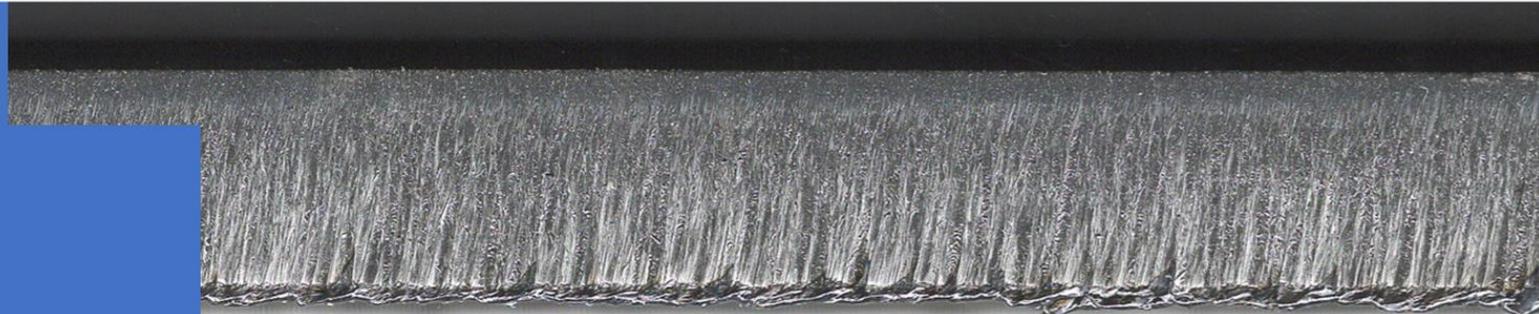
# Thick sheet cutting production results mild steel t=10 mm

**QUALITY IS MUCH BETTER  
AND LESS/NO REWORK IS  
NECESSARY.**

Baustahl: Laser 250C, Blechstärke=10 mm: bei 6 kW Laserleistung und Fokusbereich 267µm  
Laser: Trumpf Scheibenlaser, Typ: TruDisk 12001

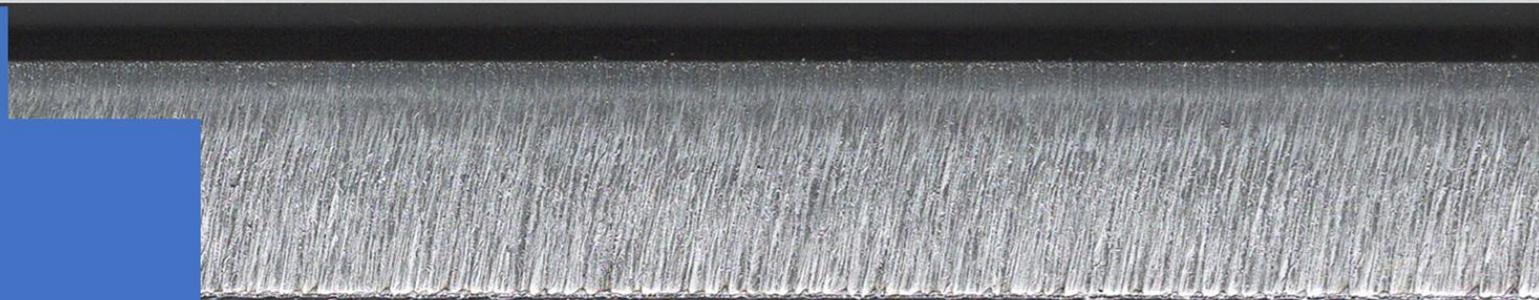
Referenzschnitt ohne  
Zwobbel, v<sub>max</sub>=1,7 m/min

Gas: N<sub>2</sub>  
Düsendurchmesser=3,0mm  
Schneidgasdruck 20 bar  
Volumenstrom ca. 93m<sup>3</sup>/h



Referenzschnitt mit  
Zwobbel, v<sub>max</sub>=1,9 m/min

Gas: N<sub>2</sub>  
Düsendurchmesser=2,5mm  
Schneidgasdruck 23 bar  
Volumenstrom ca. 81m<sup>3</sup>/h



# Summary

- Dynamic beam shaping as a novel process for laser cutting
- Experimental data show dross reduction & speed improvement
- Less influence of focus accuracy on cutting quality → larger processing field for ZWOBBEL cutting.
- Variation and increase of working distance possible.
- Available in commercial machines and for robots.

