

CENTRE FOR
ADVANCED PHOTONICS
& PROCESS ANALYSIS

CAPPA

Innovation Through Light

Your Research Partner for Photonics Solutions

• Pharmaceuticals • Food Technology • Medical Devices • Sensors & Systems

CAPPA EPIC Norway April 2024

CAPPA – A Research Centre of Munster Technological University

49 PEOPLE

21 RESEARCHERS
28 POSTGRADUATES



23 PROJECTS

GREATER THAN €100K
CURRENTLY ACTIVE



79 PAPERS

PUBLISHED IN PEER-REVIEWED
JOURNALS IN LAST 5 YEARS



€16 MILLION

FUNDING AWARDED
IN LAST 5 YEARS



ENGAGED WITH

>220 COMPANIES

IRISH AND INTERNATIONAL
IN THE LAST 5 YEARS



COLLABORATING WITH

11 OF THE
TOP **100**

UNIVERSITIES WORLDWIDE

WWW.CAPPA.IE

Centre For Advanced Photonics & Process Analysis CAPP



- Technology Gateway based in MTU Cork
- Specialise in Optics and Photonics applications
- Cross disciplinary applications across all TRL levels
- Engagements: micro – MNA
½ day - multi annual
- Support for writing proposals and exploring funding options
- *The Enterprise Ireland Technology Gateway Programme is co-financed by the Government of Ireland and the European Union through the ERDF Southern, Eastern & Midland Regional Programme 2021-27 and the Northern & Western Regional Programme 2021-27.*

Photonics – A Key Enabling Technology

The Science of Working with Light

Communications

Powering Fast Internet & Datacentres

Energy

Photovoltaic Solar Cells

Transport

Enabling Self-driving Cars

Manufacturing

Optimising Process Monitoring

Health

Revolutionising Medical Imaging

Environment

Advanced Sensors & Diagnostics

Imaging & Microscopy

- Element/ingredient mapping
- Medical imaging
- Defect analysis



Spectroscopy

- Contaminant identification
- Cancer screening
- Chemometrics



Sensing & Detection

- Environmental monitoring
- Water & soil analysis
- Autonomous cars



Process Monitoring

- In-line/on-line sensing
- Machine vision
- Process analysis & control

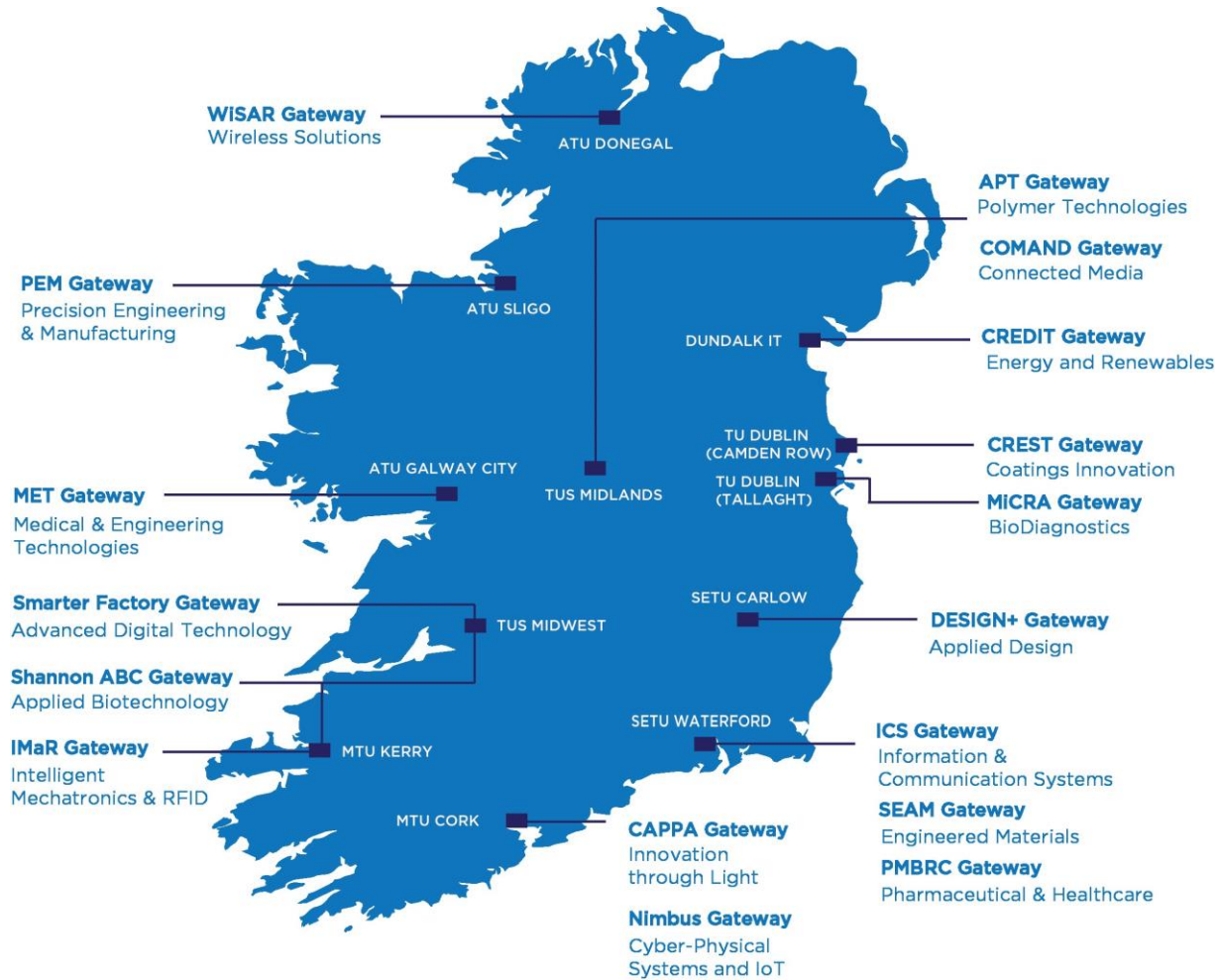


Nanophotonics

- Photonic crystals
- Hybrid lasers
- Photonic Integrated Circuits



Technology Gateway: Working With Industry



- 17 Gateways
- Funded By Enterprise Ireland
- Deliver R & D Solutions to Industry
- ~ 7,500 completed projects with Irish companies
- Food, Pharma, Design, Process Control, Process monitoring, material testing
- <https://www.technologygateway.ie/>
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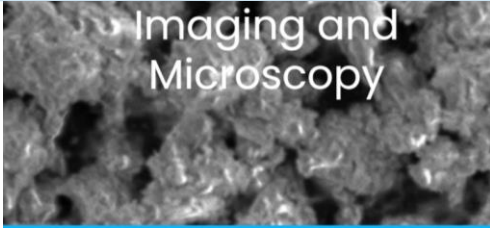
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Core Competencies



Spectroscopy

- Fluorescence Detection
- Time – Dependent Change Analysis
- Structural Changes in Materials
- Raw Ingredient Characterization
- Failure Mechanism Exploration
- Polymer Analysis
- Hyperspectral Imaging



Imaging and Microscopy

- Inspection
- Scanning Electron Microscopy
- Energy Dispersive Spectroscopy
- Polarized Light Imaging
- Defect Analysis
- Contamination Identification
- Raman Imaging



Sensing and Detection

- Fibre – Based Sensing
- Trace Gas Sensing
- Sensors for Machine Vision and Inspection
- Sensors for Biomedical Applications
- Optical Sensing
- Detection of Concentrations
- Environmental Monitoring



Process Monitoring

- In – line monitoring of moisture levels
- In – line monitoring of blend uniformity
- Online monitoring of rinse samples for cleaning verification
- Development of process automation to remove manual inspection
- Ingredient tracking in production processes



Data Analytics

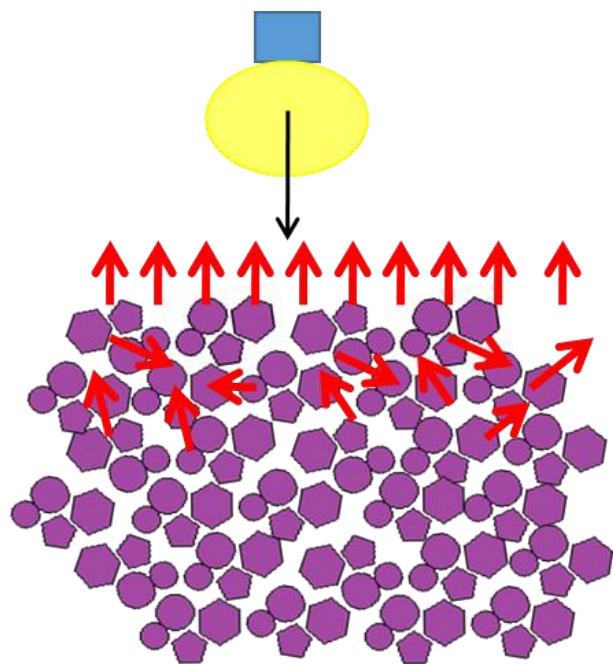
- Contamination Analysis
- Industrial Process Analysis
- Optimisation
- Principal Component Analysis
- Multivariate Curve Resolution



Optical Design

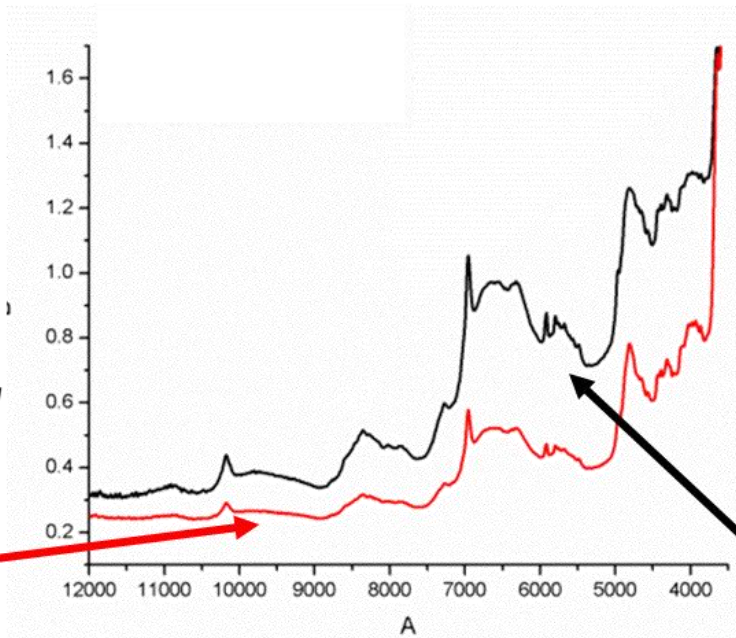
- Lens Design
- Imaging and Detection System design
- Laser optics
- Optical fibre systems
- Physical Phenomena modelling

Example of Particle Size and Scattering



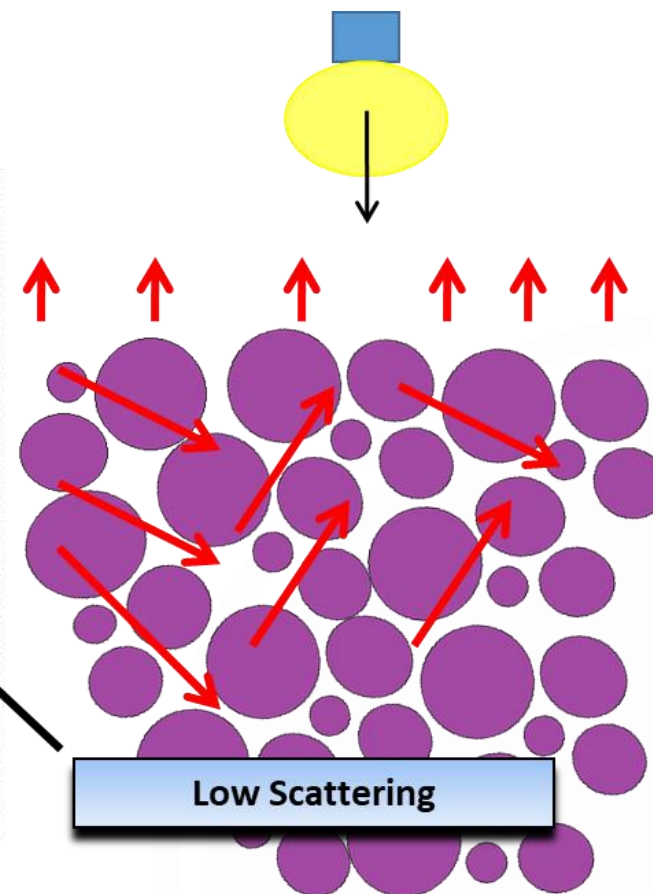
High scattering

Smaller particle sizes



Absorbing power (absence of scattering)

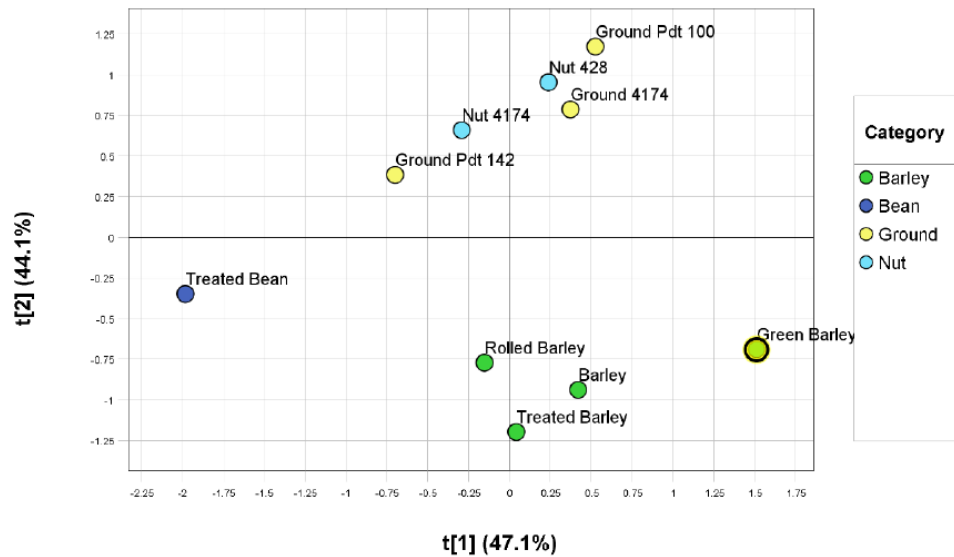
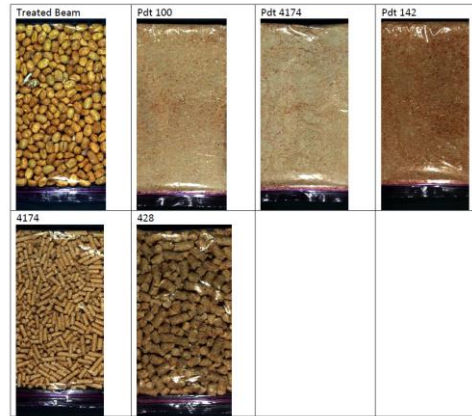
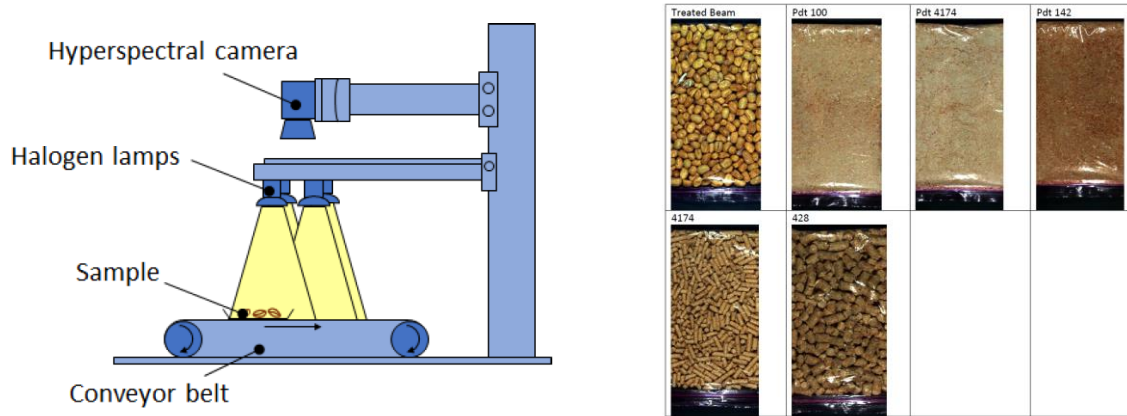
Absorption coefficient (includes effects of voids, surface reflection, distance traveled)



Low Scattering

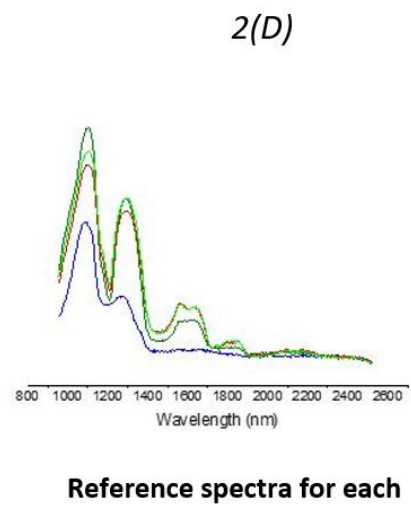
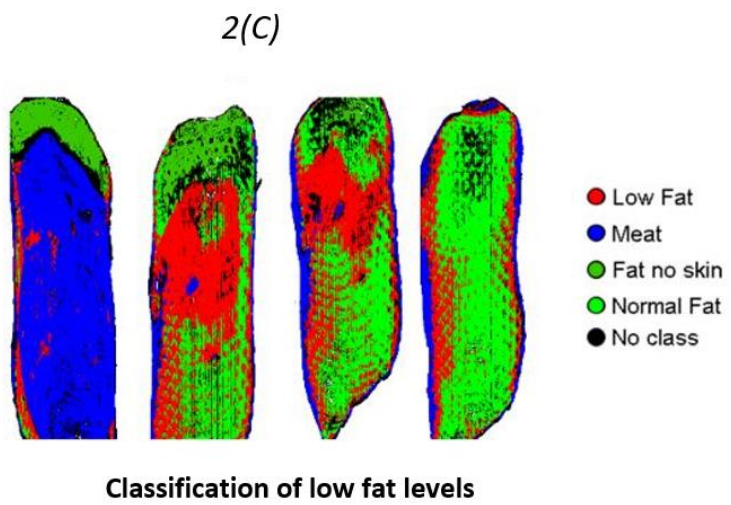
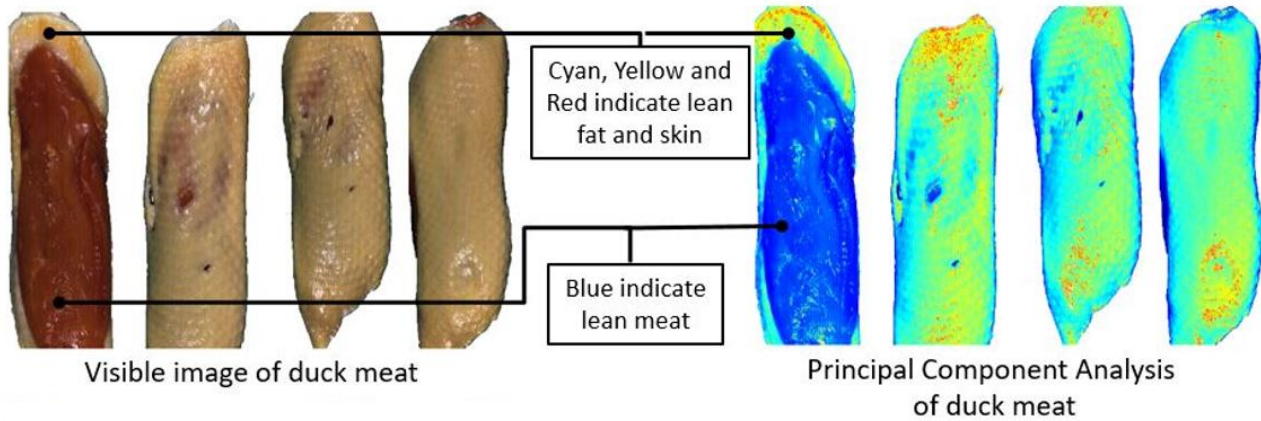
Larger particle sizes

Process Analysis using Hyperspectral imaging



- Samples pass under the sensor
- Both spatial and spectral information is gathered
- Can teach the system to recognise different particles using a variety of parameters
- Quality control, contamination detection, conformity
- Overall system can be linked back to a central control and automation server

Food\Meat Industry

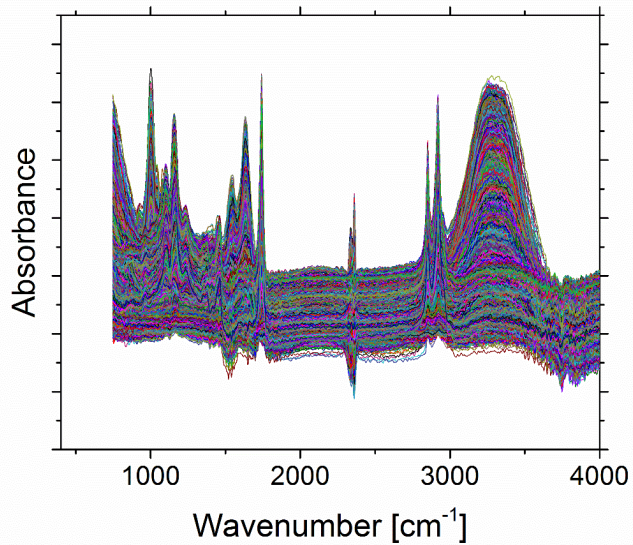


- Multiple data points can be examined in short time space
- Both physical and chemical information can be obtained
- Use this data to feed back into the process or to categorise samples

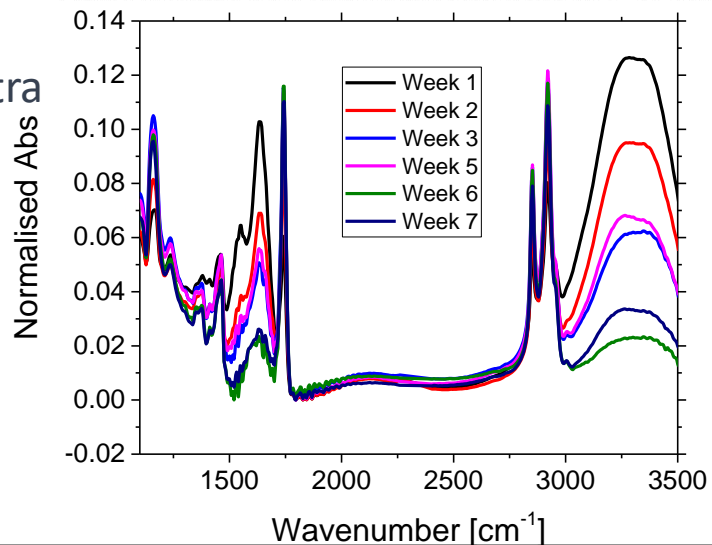
Mozzarella Cheese Maturity Cycle

NIR spectra collected from processed mozzarella cheese

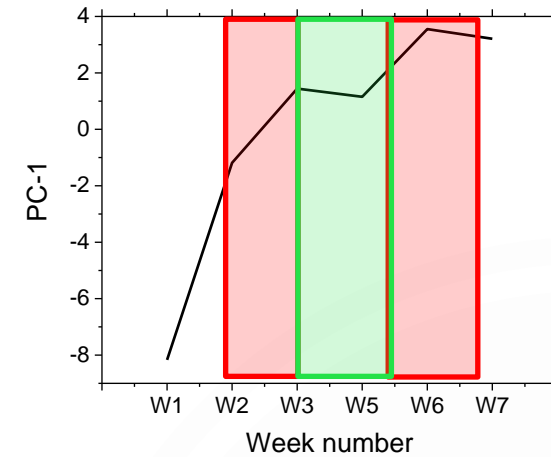
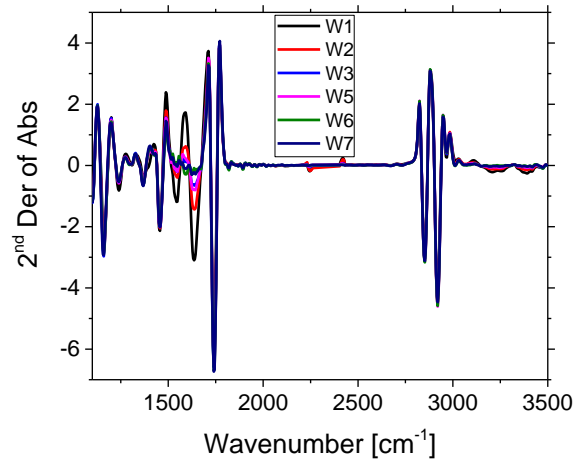
8000 spectra collected over 7 weeks



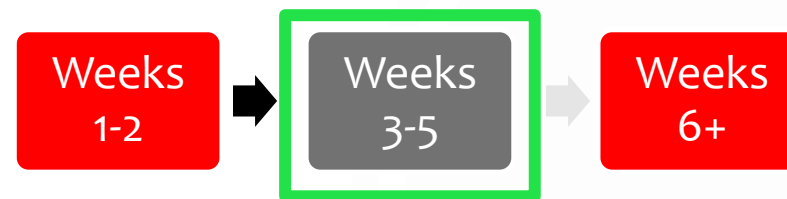
Average weekly spectra



Scores from the PCA



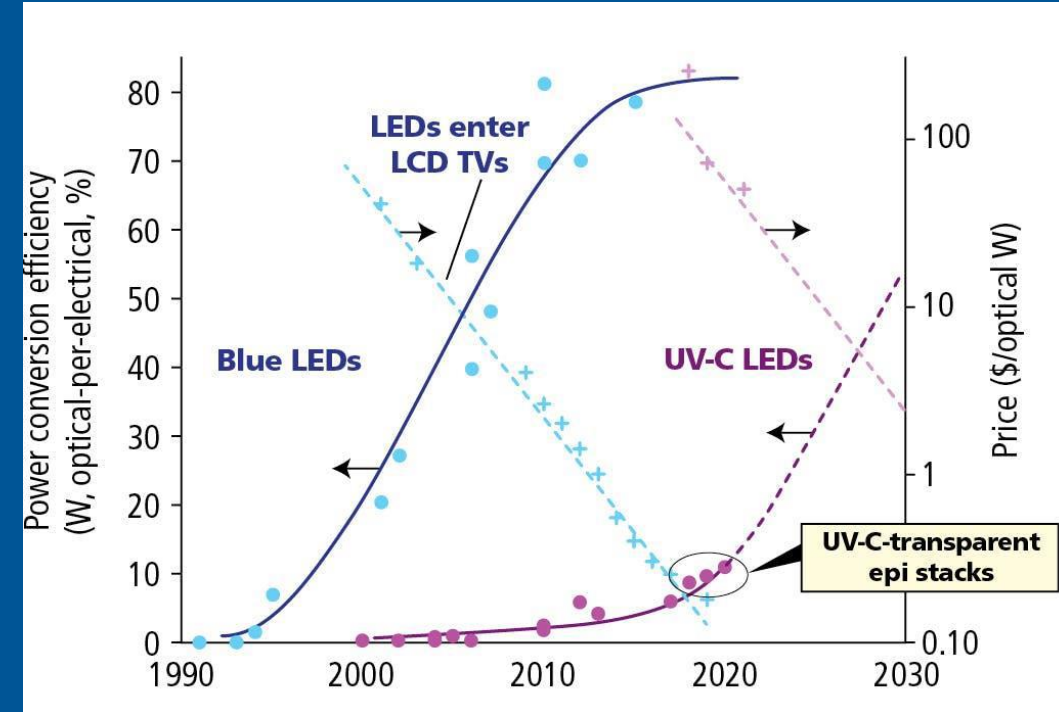
Optimum time to use cheese



Start of maturing cycle was dependent on the finished production date, but the Client did not always have this information

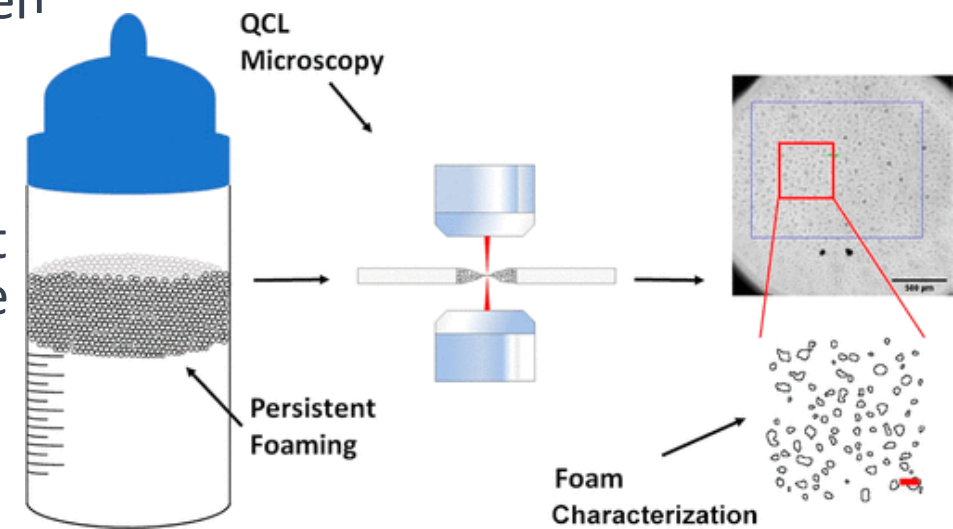
Application of UVC

- Innovative liquid food and ingredients processing technology using UVC LEDs
- We are setting out to develop a novel UVC LED based process device that is to replace thermal pasteurization of liquid ingredients and foods
- Project is targeted at liquid foods, dairy, and beverages processing industry
- 2 stage project over 24 months: stage 1- 15 months, stage 2- 9 months
- Jan 2024 and go on till Jan 2026



Infrared Microscopy and In Situ Infant Formula Foam Wall Characterization

- QCL MIR microscopy - A technique that uses quantum cascade lasers to produce mid-infrared images of samples, revealing their chemical composition.
- Persistent foam in infant formulae - A problem that occurs when some infant formulae produce foam that does not dissipate after reconstitution, affecting the quality and safety of the product.
- Foam wall analysis - A method that measures the thickness, fat globule size and distribution, and macronutrient content of the foam wall, the layer that separates the foam from the liquid phase.
- Foam formation mechanisms - Multivariate curve resolution was applied to average MIR spectra calculated from the foam wall samples, and the relative macronutrient concentrations present were estimated. The foam wall thickness and water content provided the most useful data in relation to discussing the possible mechanisms driving the persistent foaming



Applications of spectroscopy that can be applied to peripheral areas in the food processing industry

1. Environmental Monitoring and Waste Management:

- **Wastewater Analysis:** Spectroscopic techniques can be employed to monitor the composition of wastewater from food processing plants. This helps in assessing the environmental impact and ensuring compliance with regulatory standards.
- **Waste Characterization:** Spectroscopy can aid in characterizing solid waste generated during food processing, allowing for better waste management strategies.

2. Cleaning and Sanitation:

- **Residue Detection:** Spectroscopy can be utilized to detect and identify residues from cleaning agents or sanitizers on equipment surfaces. This ensures effective cleaning practices and compliance with hygiene standards.
- **Surface Contamination Analysis:** Spectroscopic techniques can be applied to assess the cleanliness of surfaces, identifying potential contaminants and residues.

3. Packaging Analysis:

- **Quality of Packaging Materials:** Spectroscopy can be used to assess the quality and integrity of packaging materials. For example, it can identify potential defects or changes in material properties that could impact the shelf life of food products.

4. Supply Chain Monitoring:

- **Traceability and Authentication:** Spectroscopic techniques can be applied to verify the authenticity of food products and ensure traceability within the supply chain. This is particularly relevant for addressing concerns related to food fraud and mislabeling.

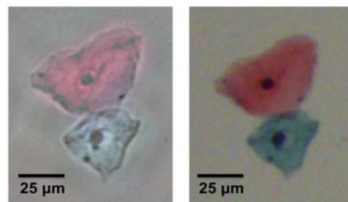
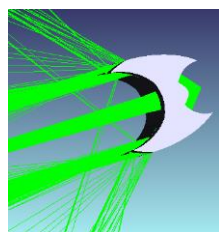
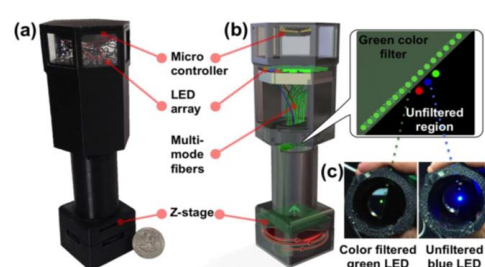
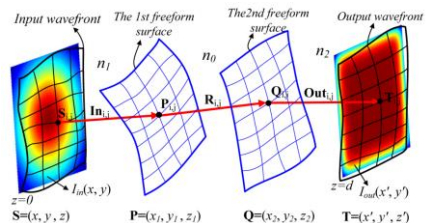
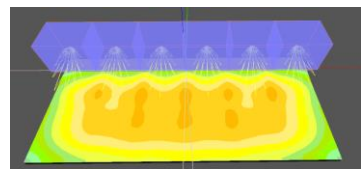
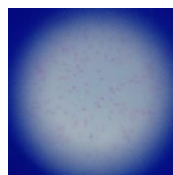
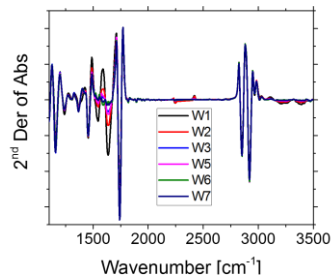
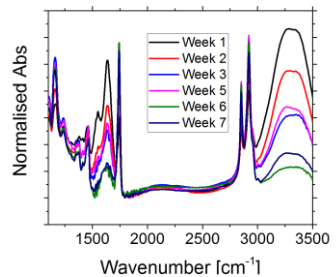
5. Occupational Health and Safety:

- **Air Quality Monitoring:** Spectroscopy can be employed to monitor air quality within processing facilities, ensuring a safe working environment for employees by detecting potential contaminants or airborne hazards.

6. Sustainability and Carbon Footprint:

- **Greenhouse Gas Emissions Monitoring:** Spectroscopy can contribute to assessing the environmental impact of food processing operations by monitoring greenhouse gas emissions and supporting sustainability initiatives.

Short Study Examples



- Point of care medical device
- Beverage quality monitoring device
- Optical blood pressure measurement device for heart surgery
- Oral bacterial decontamination device
- UV Water Purification system for aquaculture
- Development of a bacterial contaminant detection unit
- Challenge set development for product consistency
- Golf aid for shot alignment
- Optical design for emergency lighting
- UV disinfection unit for food and beverage
- Stability testing of cosmetics products
- Development of on-site infection detection system (Veterinary)

CAPPA conducts ~ 50-60 Industry engagements per annum varying from ½ days to long term multi year collaborative projects, 500+ total projects

Contact Info

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