



Unveiling the potential of a novel hyperspectral camera for medical imaging

Fabrizio Preda, CEO at NIREOS

EPIC Meeting on Photonics assisted Cancer Pathology and Surgery – 29/30.11. 23 – University Hospital Antwerp

Up to 39% patients who undergo surgery leave the operating room **without a complete tumor resection** due to positive or close margins.*

A complete resection is associated with **3-5 times improvement in the patient survival** *

The current standard → Analysis of the frozen section of biopsies.

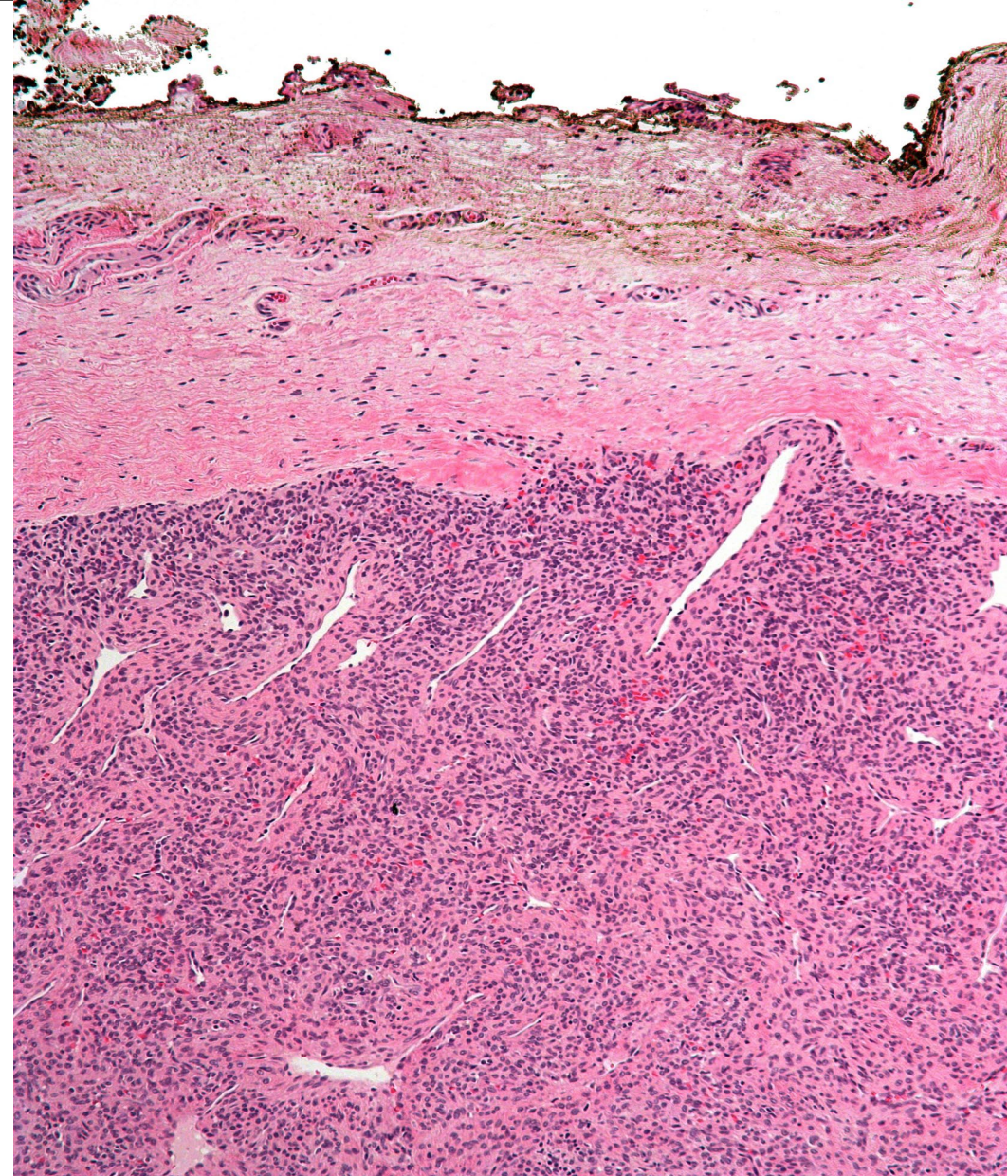
Visual inspection of the H&E-stained tissue by the pathologist

Time-consuming, Subjective

Need for **Fast and Objective** method → **DIGITAL PATHOLOGY**

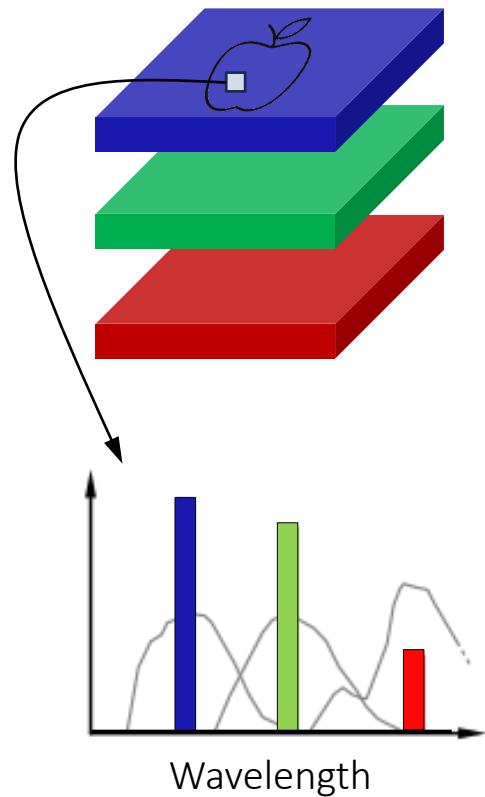
Optical Methods (RGB, Multispectral or Hyperspectral, Raman,...) + **Machine Learning**

- *First objective classification step in tumor margin assessment*
- *Improve the following histopathological evaluation by highlighting potential areas of interest.*

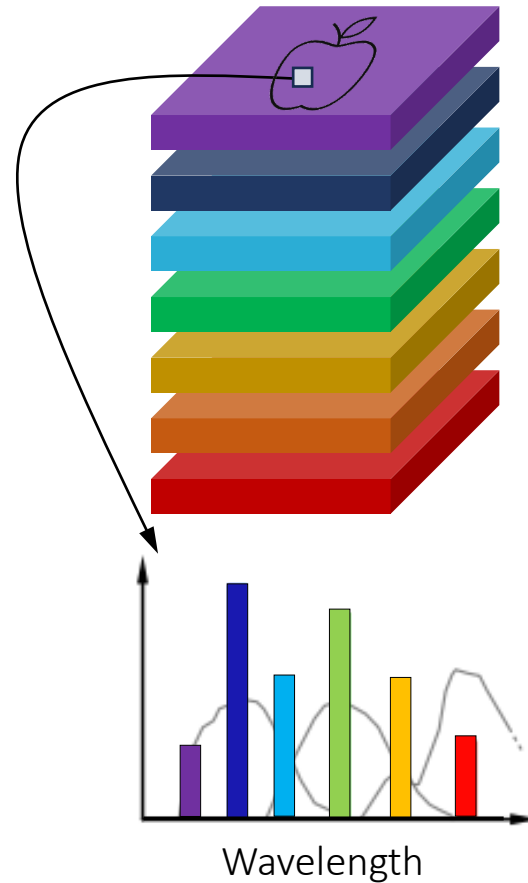


* Fei B, et al., J Biomed Opt. 2017 Aug;22(8):1-7

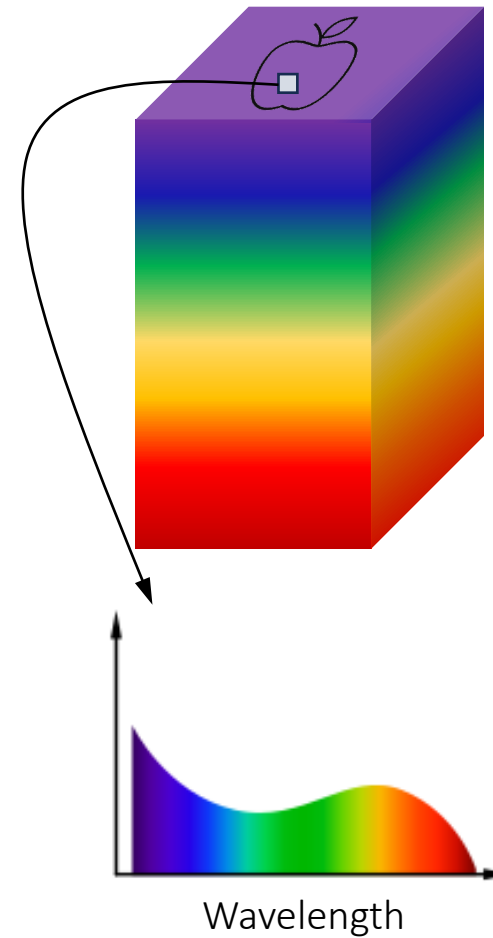
RGB



MULTISPECTRAL (MSI)



HYPERSPPECTRAL (HSI)

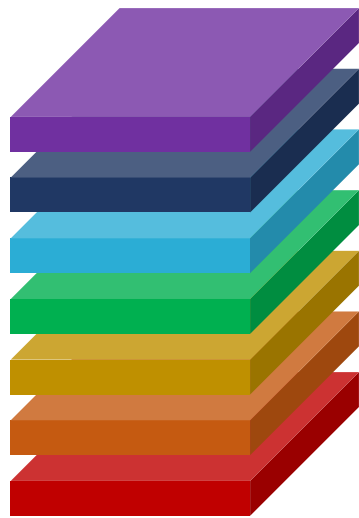
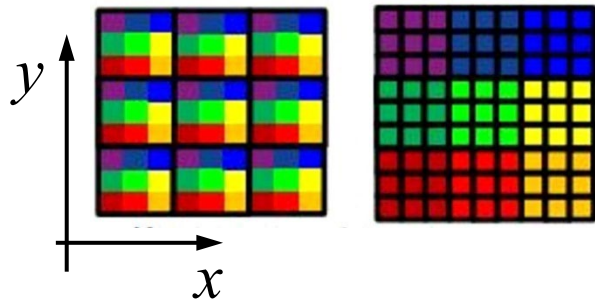


HSI provide a combination of **SPECTRAL** and **SPATIAL** information, paving the way to the creation of **computer-aided diagnostic tools** for both **stained** and **unstained** histological specimens.



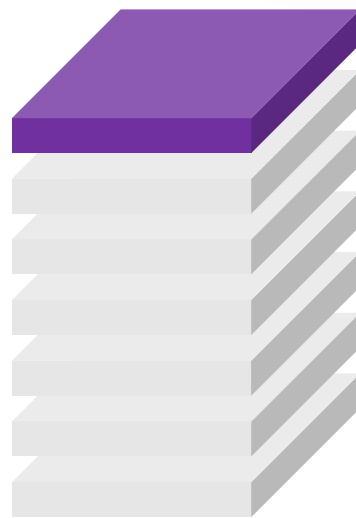
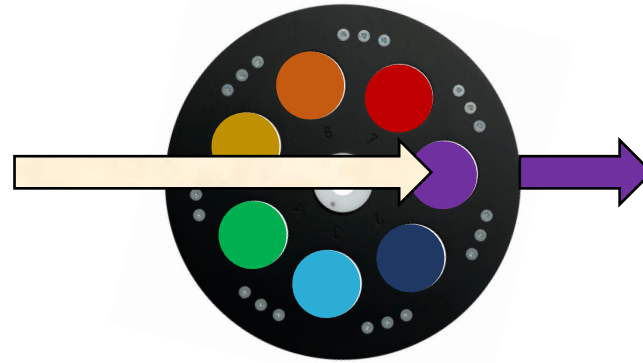
Improvement in the detection of tumors compared to traditional RGB.

SNAPSHOT IMAGING



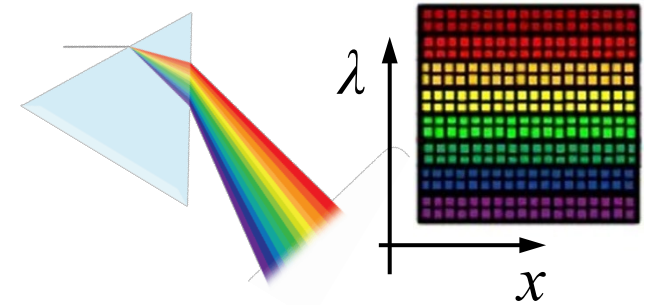
- Fast 😊
- Compromise Spatial & Spectral res. 😞

STARING IMAGING

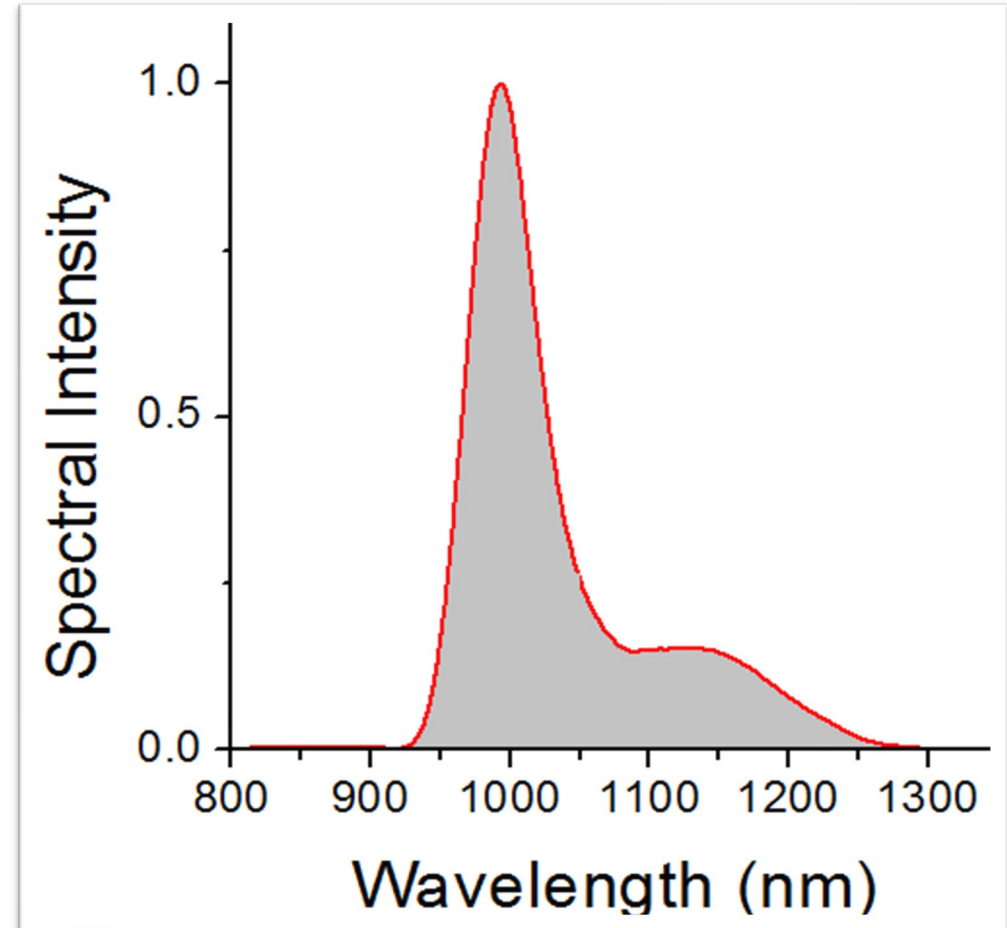
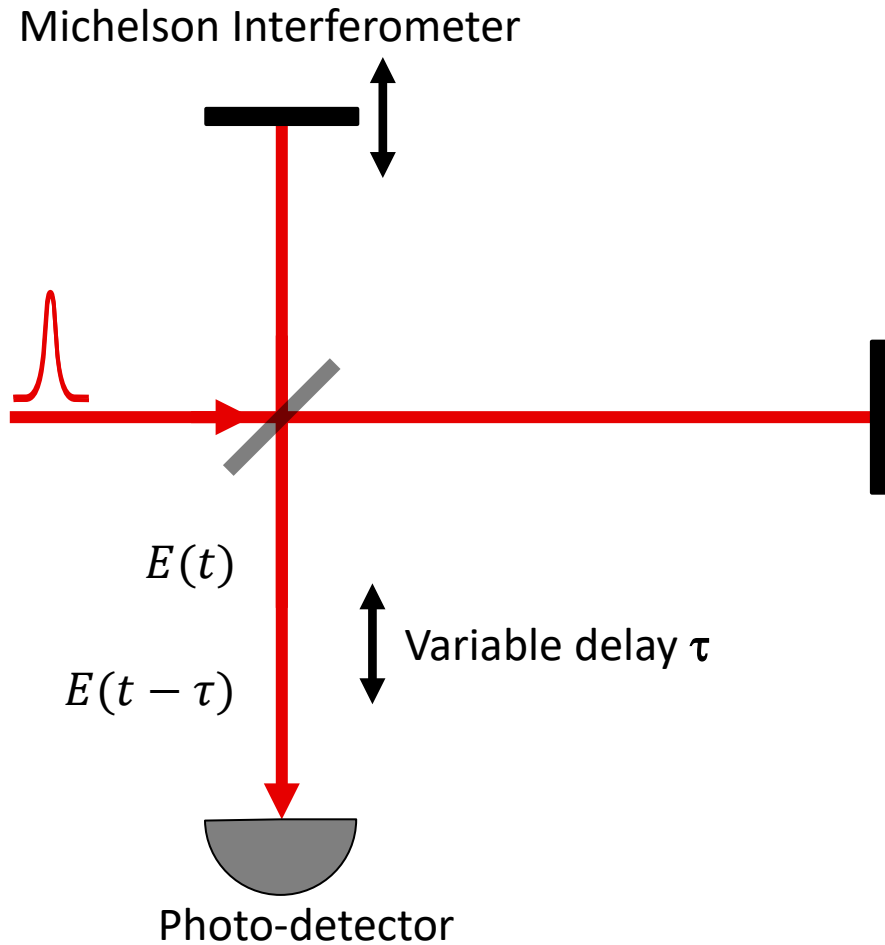


- Good Spatial Resolution 😊
- Low number of bands 😞

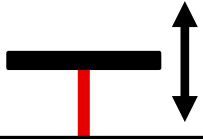
PUSHBROOM IMAGING



- Good Spatial & Spectral res. 😊
- Line Scan: movement required 😞



Michelson Interferometer



REQUIREMENTS FOR A PORTABLE IMAGING SYSTEM:

- Accuracy of delay **< 1/100** of the optical cycle (\rightarrow at least **20 attoseconds** stability required @ 600 nm)
- Compact Size

$E(\omega)$

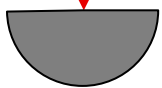
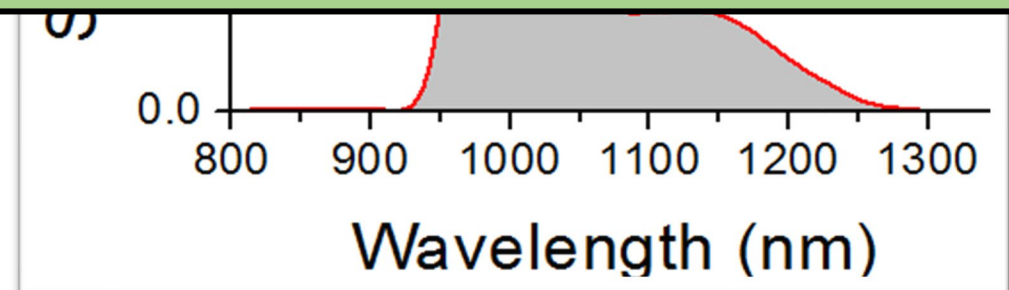


Photo-detector

$S(\omega)$



NIREOS technology: CPI, a common-path interferometer

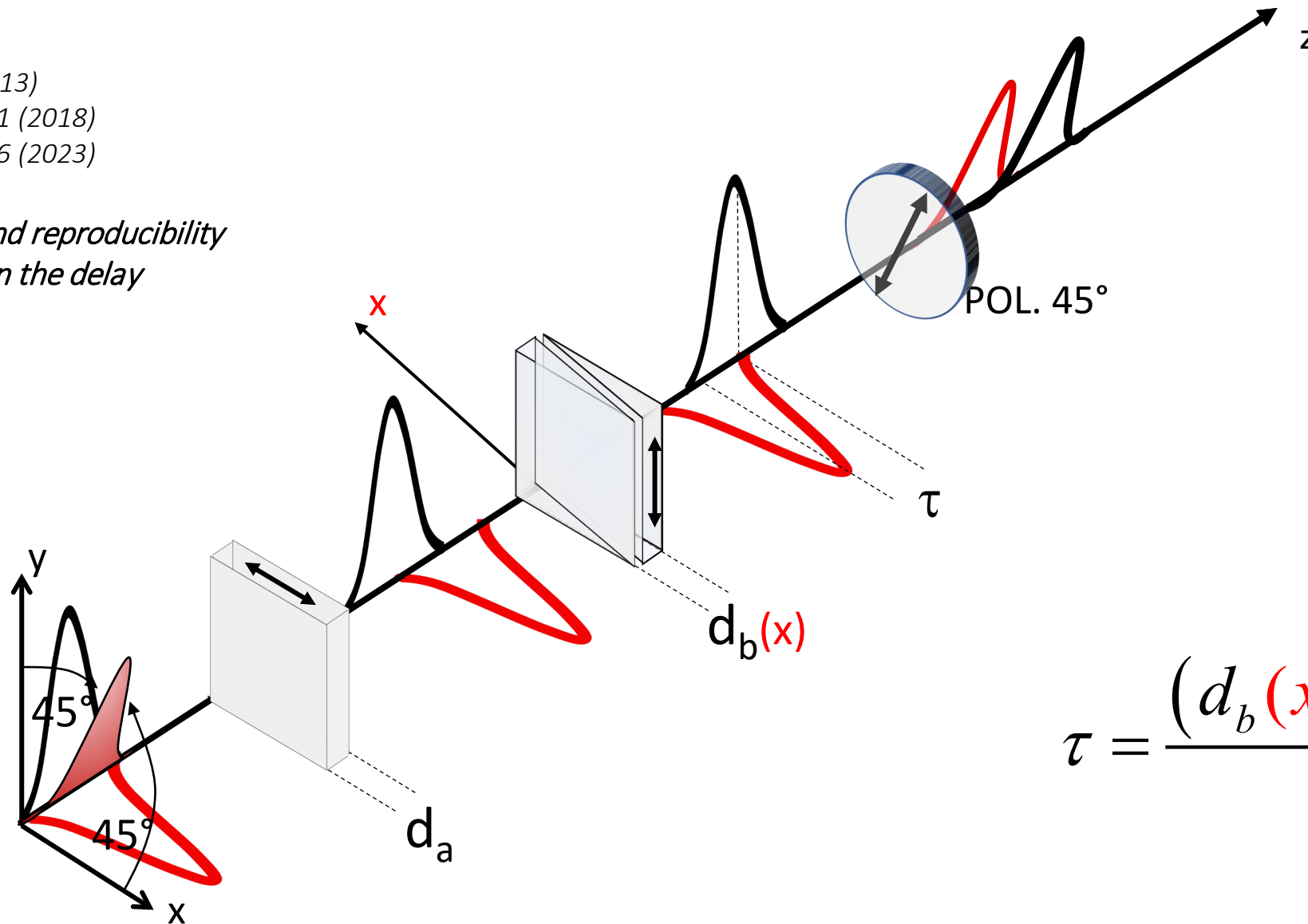
Based on the patents

N°: US9182284B2 (2013)

N°: 102018000008171 (2018)

N°: 102023000005346 (2023)

- *High stability and reproducibility*
- *High accuracy in the delay*
- *Compact*

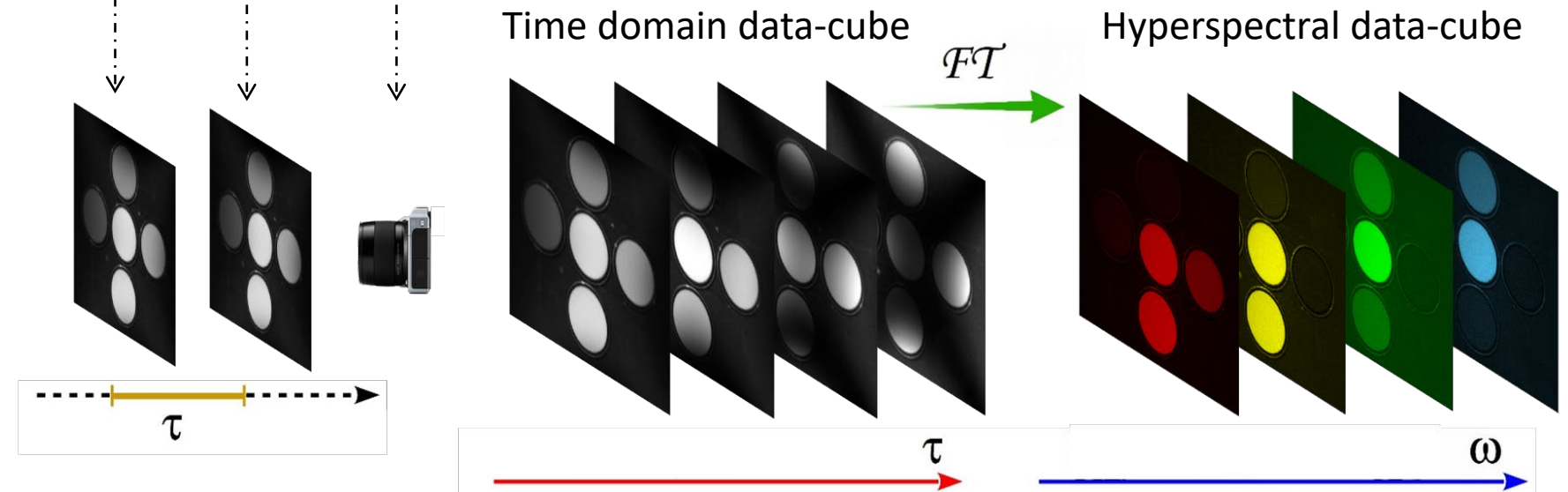


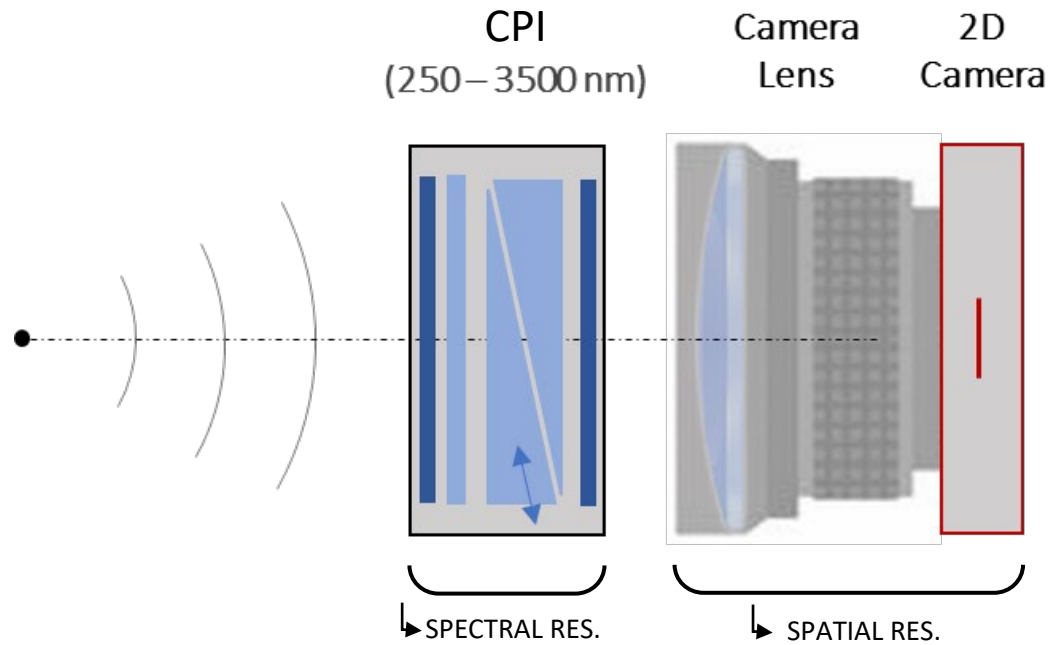
$$\tau = \frac{(d_b(x) - d_a) \Delta n}{c}$$

FTIR spectrometer
(single pixel detector)



FTIR Hyperspectral camera
(2D detector)





Spectral range (limited by the sensor):

- 400 – 1000 nm (Si detector)
- 900 – 1700 nm (InGaAs detector)
- 1200 – 2300 nm (T2SL detector)
- 400 – 1700 nm (Si + InGaAs) **NEW**

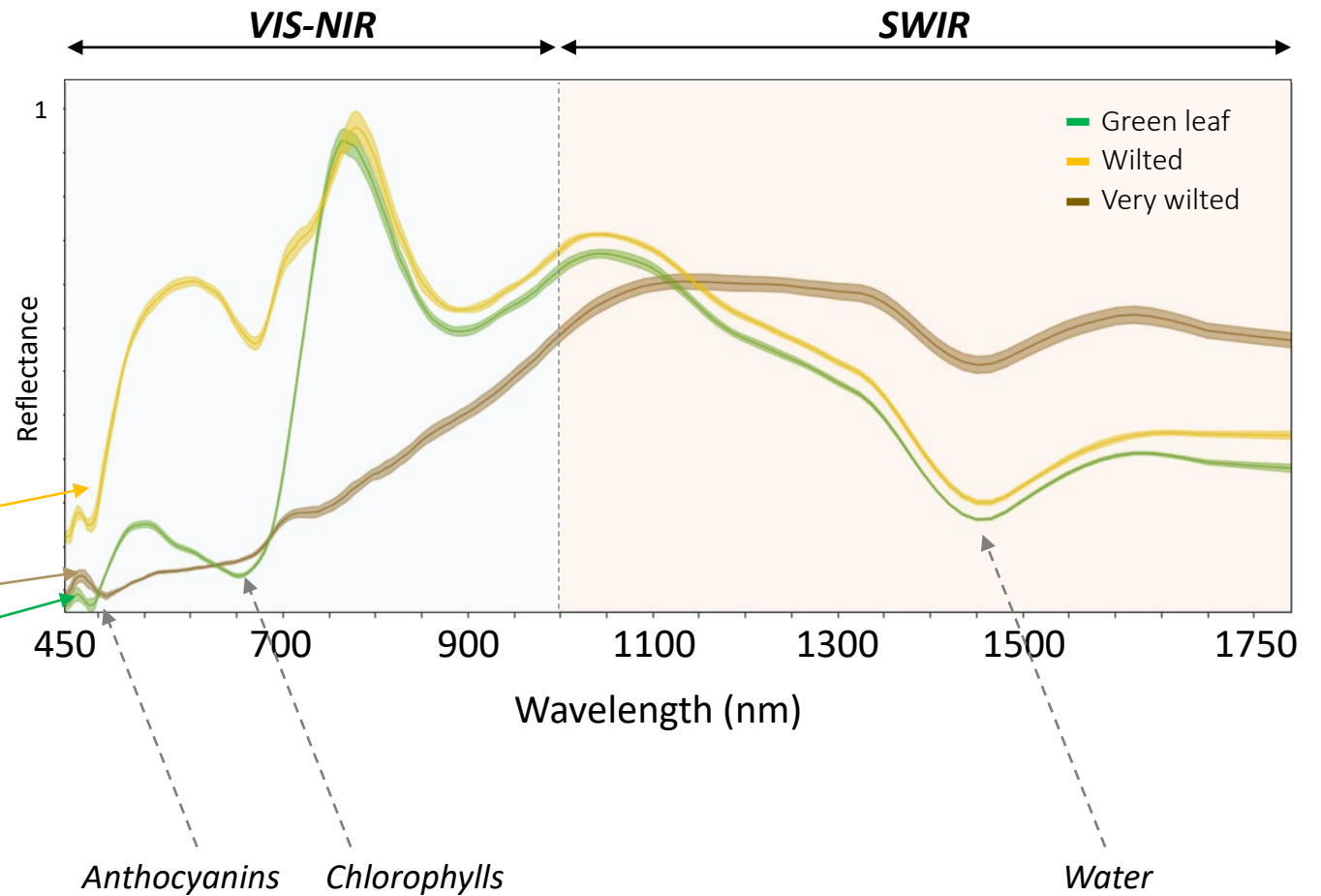
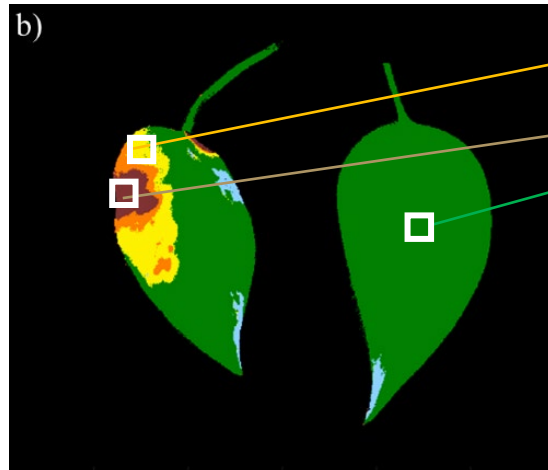
- High Spatial & Spectral Resolution (e.g. 1.3 Mpixel // <math><1.5\text{ nm}</math> @400 nm)
- Staring technique → Ease of use & Integration with commercial microscopes
- No slit, no gratings → High optical throughput → Fluorescence Hyperspectral Imaging
- Variable Spectral Resolution (selectable via software) → Flexibility and versatility



RGB projection



Spectral Angle Mapper (SAM)



« VIS channels are generally more significant than *SWIR* for tumor segmentation.

However, there are cases where the *SWIR* channels are the most crucial and decisive for tumor segmentation, while the tumor is not spotted by VIS channels »



S. Trajanovski, et al., "Tongue Tumor Detection in Hyperspectral Images Using Deep Learning Semantic Segmentation," in IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Engineering, vol. 68, no. 4, pp. 1330-1340, April 2021



Hyperspectral Camera (400-1000 nm) coupled with an Olympus CX43 microscope

Sample: unstained fresh-frozen oral squamous cell carcinoma tissue *

Modality: transmission geometry

Illumination: white LED (430 – 760 nm)

Sample size: 3 x 3.5 mm

Final datacube: 32 hyperspectral images

Spatial resolution: 0.6 μm /pixel; 1.3 Mpixel; 20x objective

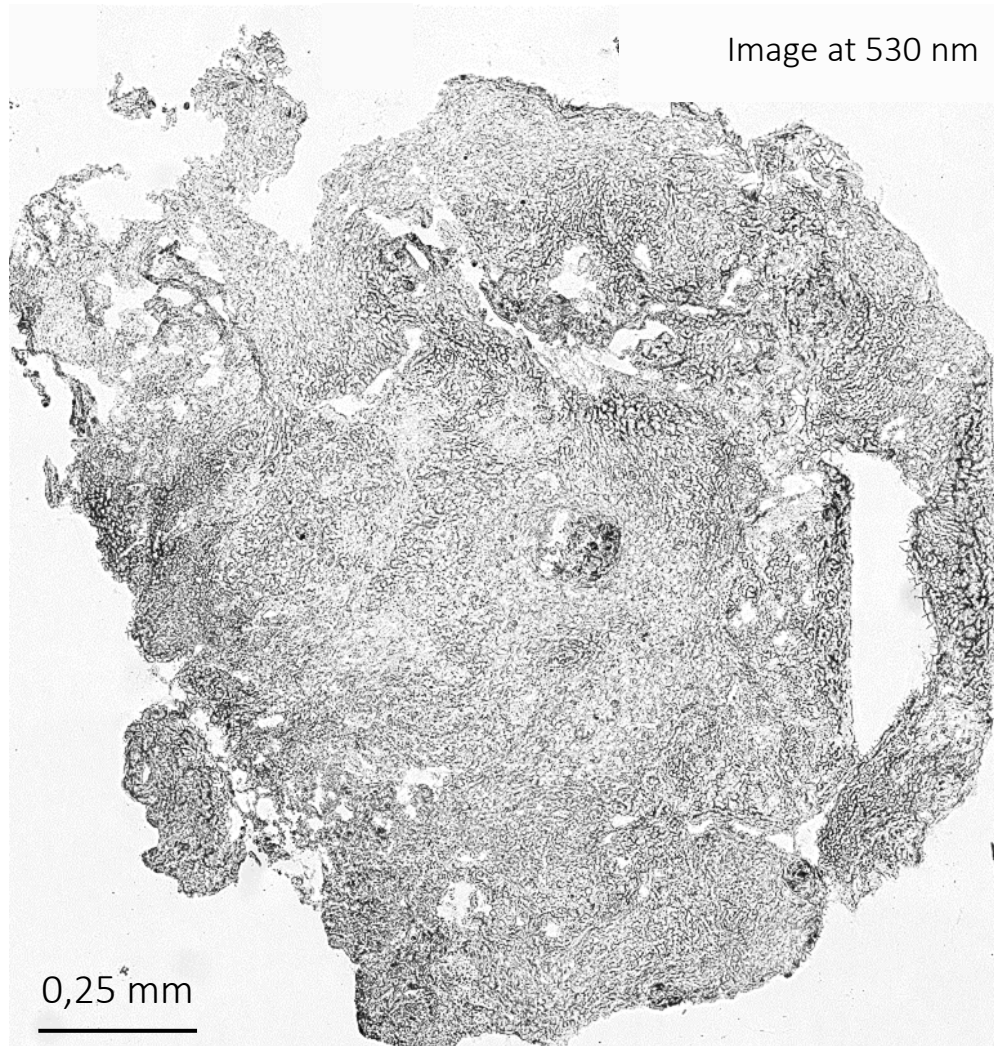
Avg. Spectral resolution: 3 nm

Integration time: 3 ms

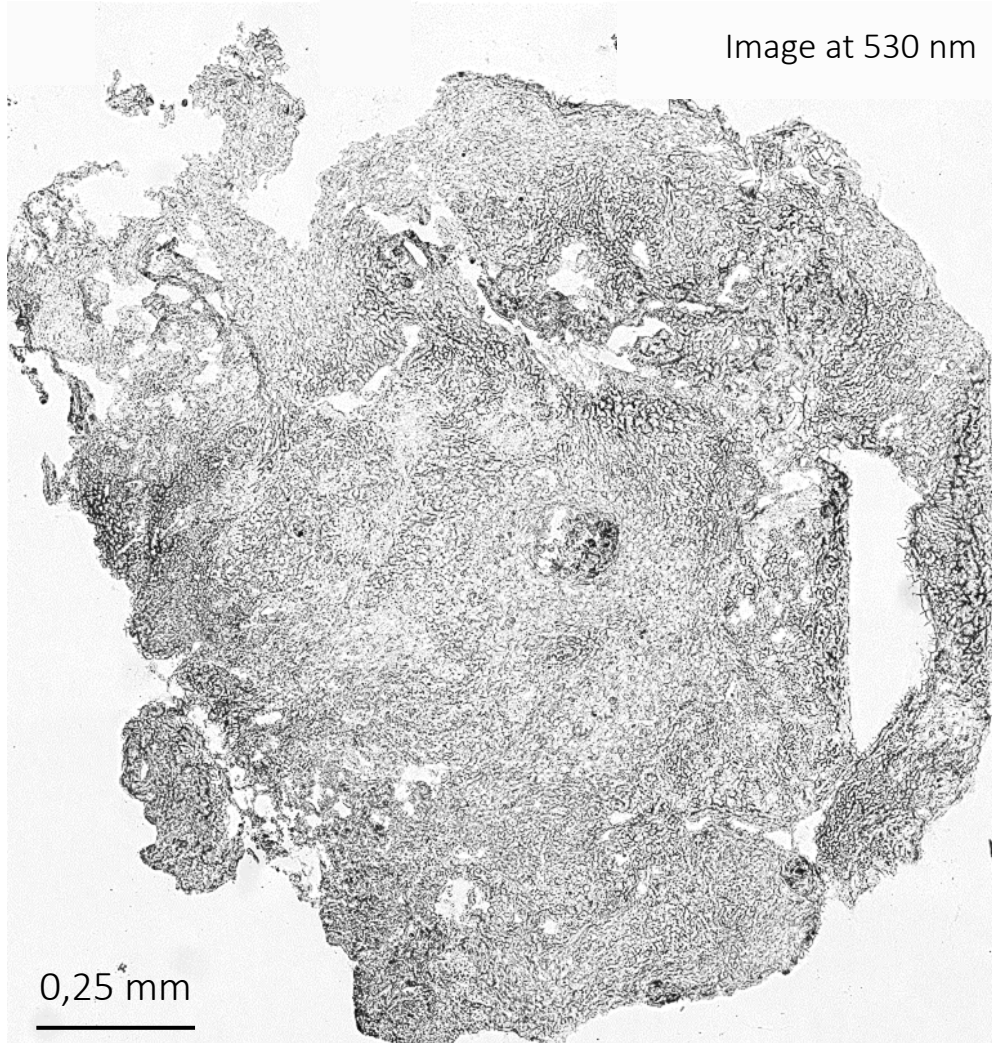
Measurement time: 10 sec/image \rightarrow ~5 minutes

**In collaboration with David Pertzborn and Franziska Hoffmann, Jena University Hospital and Matteo Negro and Benedetta Talone, Cambridge Raman Imaging*

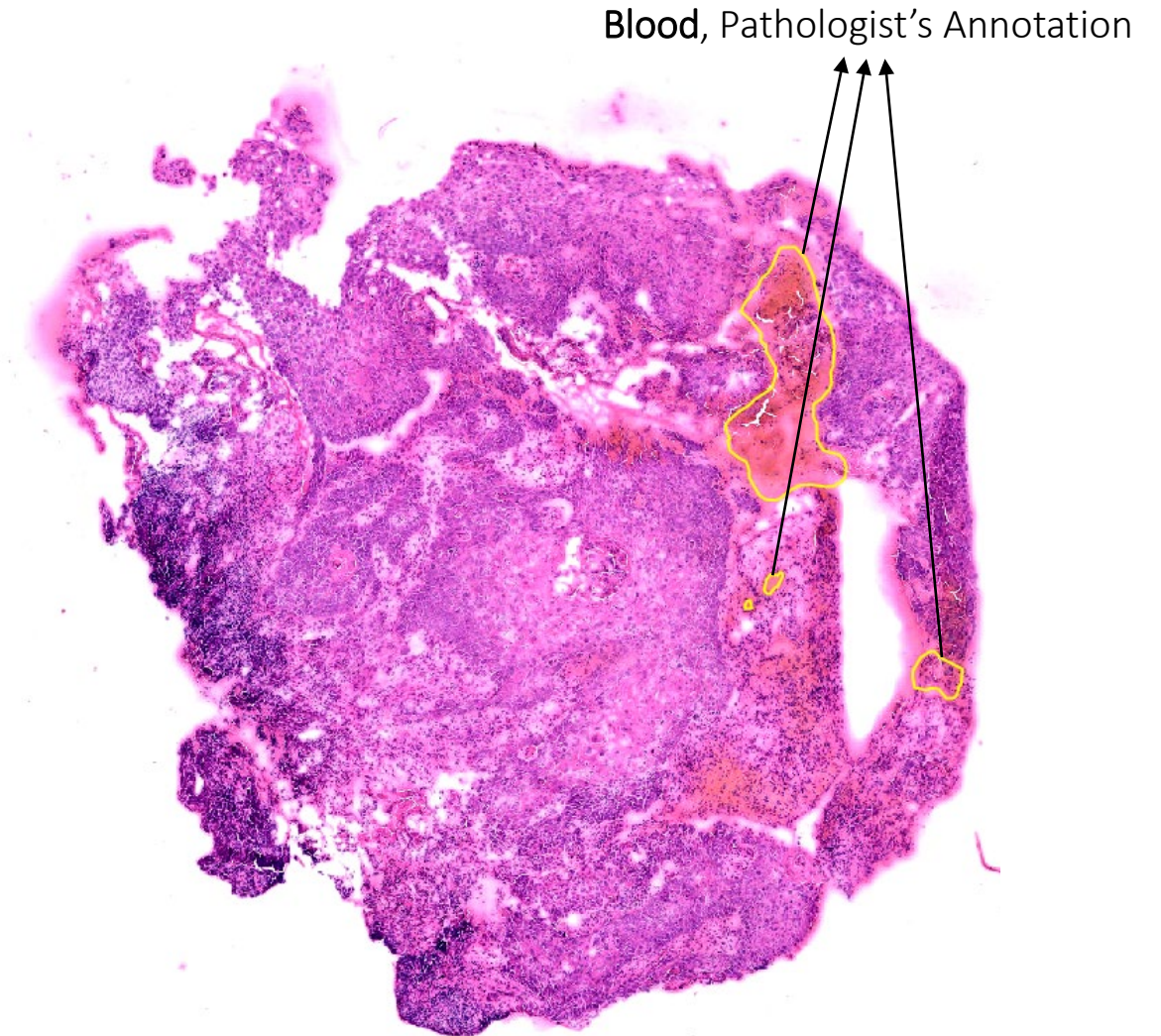
Hyperspectral, Unstained (32 images, 18 GB data)



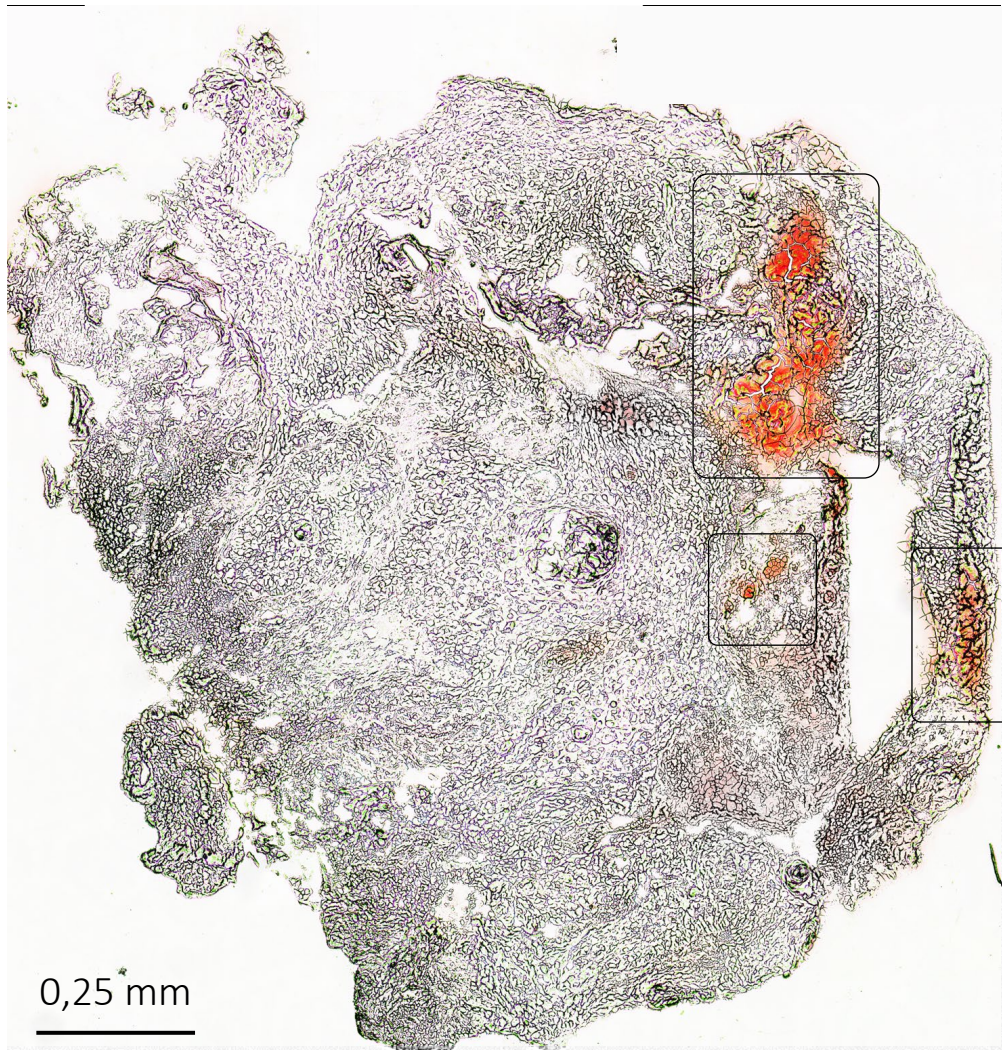
Hyperspectral, Unstained (32 images, 18 GB data)



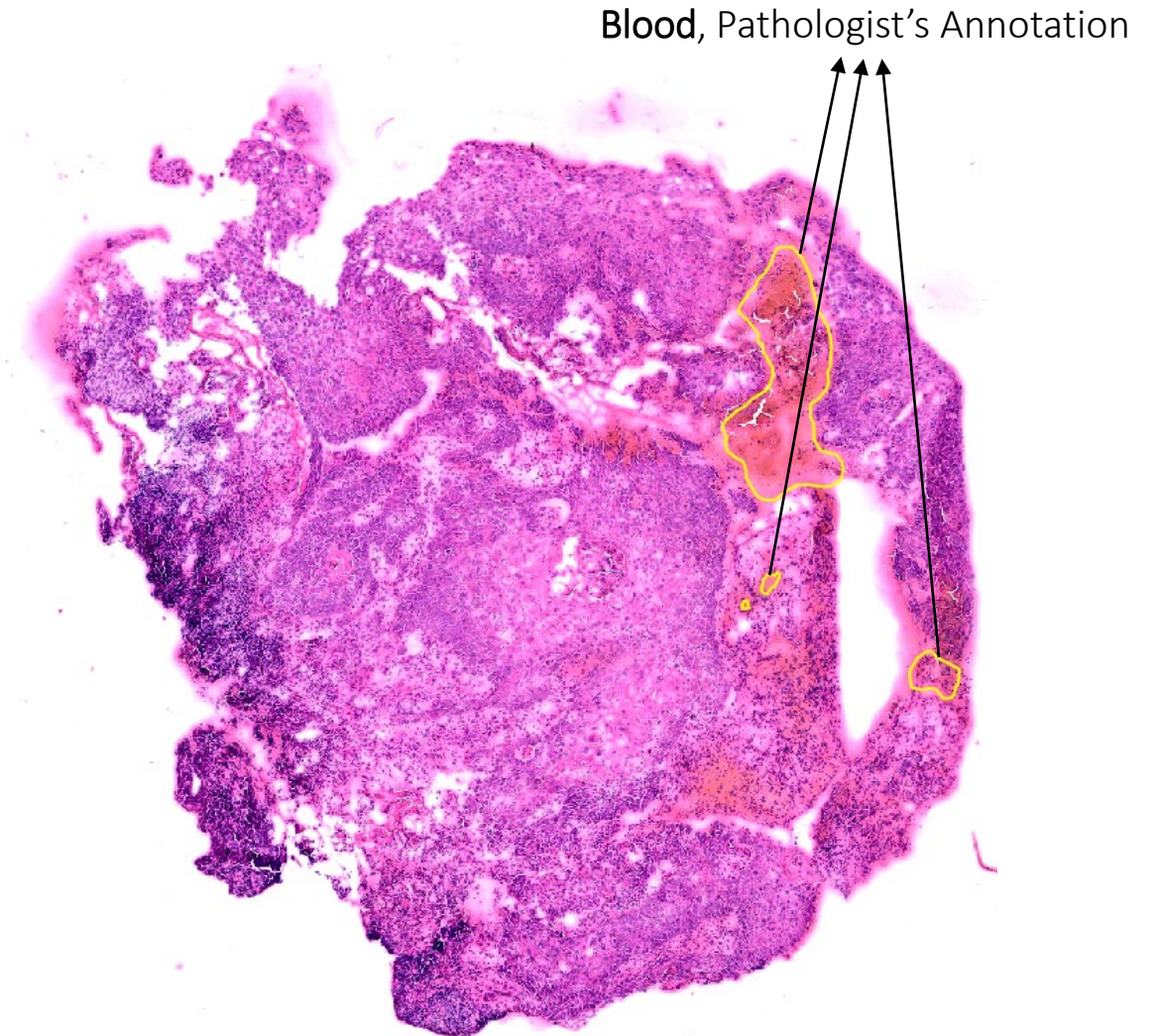
RGB, H&E stained



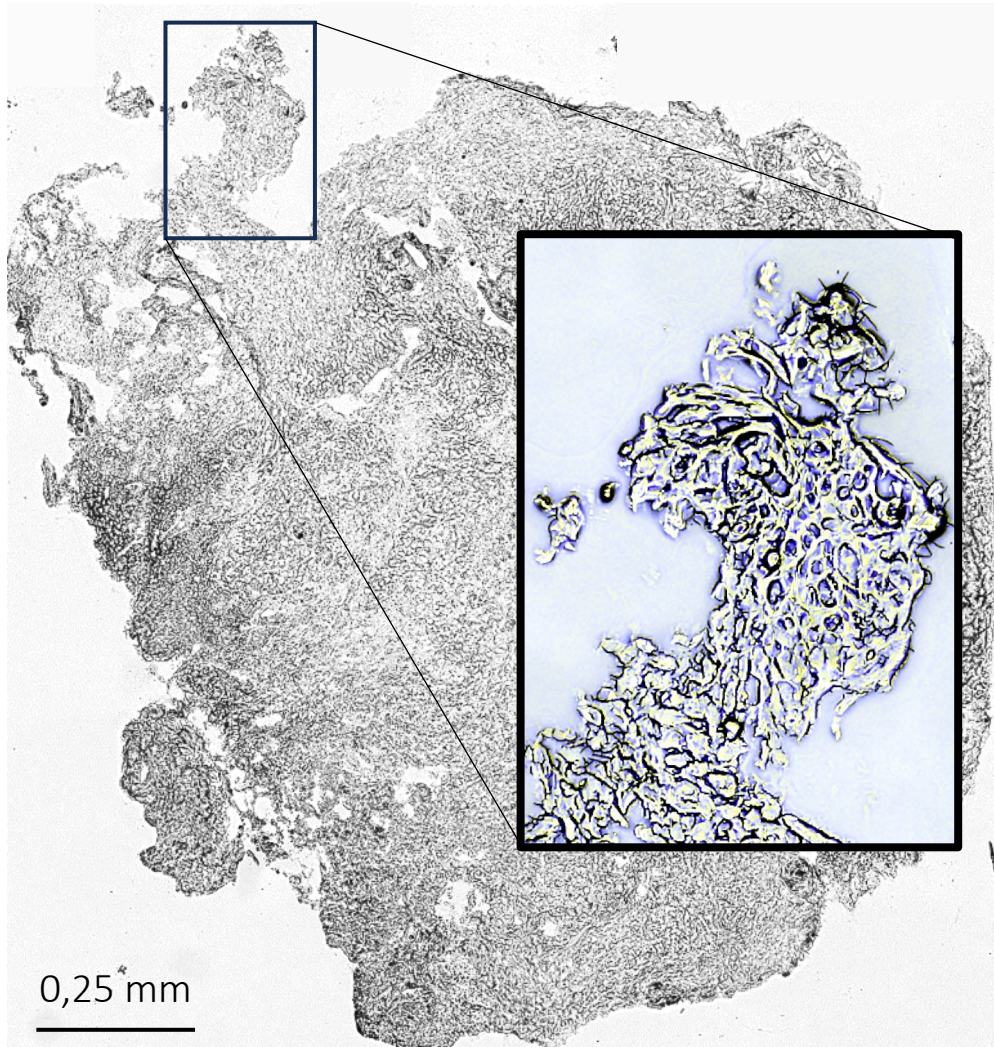
Hyperspectral, Unstained (32 images, 18 GB data)



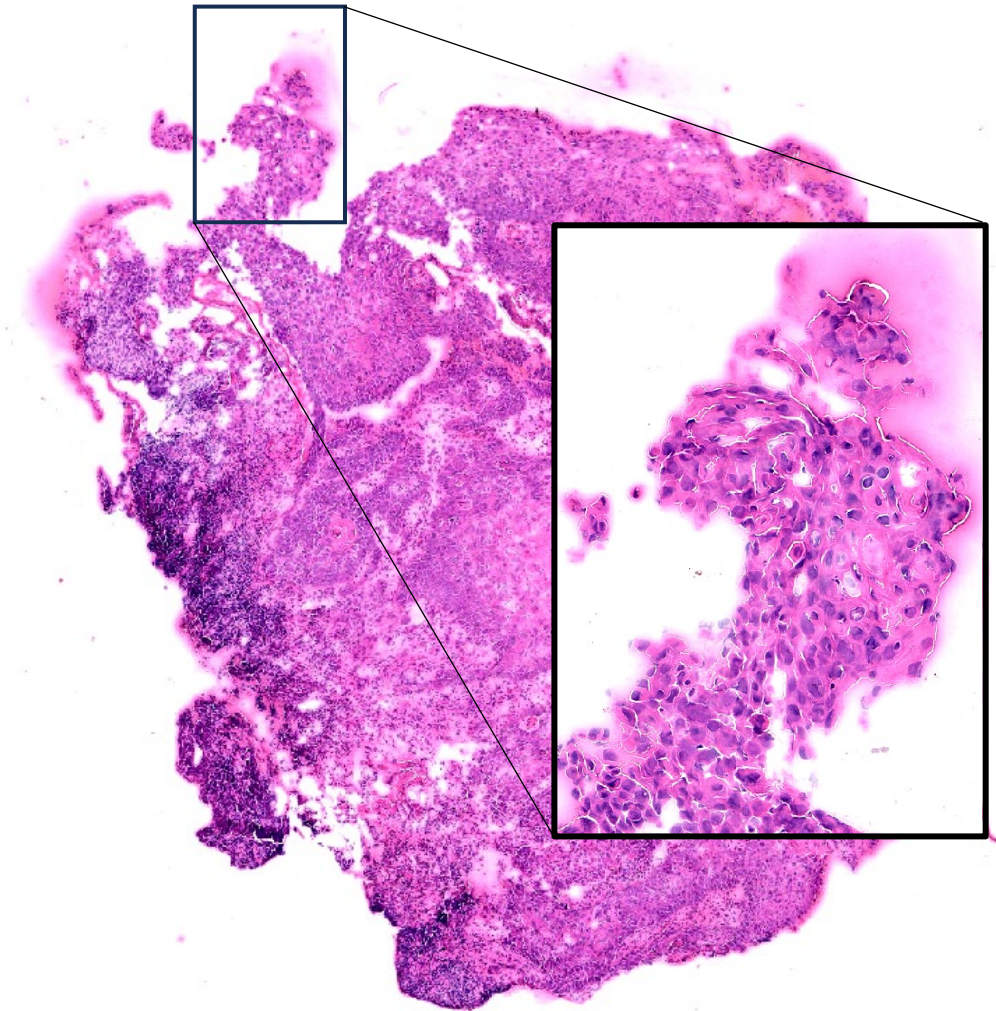
RGB, H&E stained



Hyperspectral, Unstained (32 images, 18 GB data)



RGB, H&E stained



- **Novel Hyperspectral Technology**
 - Great Spatial & Spectral Resolution
 - High Light Throughput → Fast measurements and auto-fluorescence
 - Easy coupling with commercial microscopes
- Next step: extensively exploit the **VIS-SWIR range (400-1700 nm)**
- **Integration in DIGITAL PATHOLOGY**, as an additional tool for intraoperative tumour margin detection on **unstained** specimens.
- Could be combined with other optical techniques, such as Raman Spectroscopy (point-like but more accurate)



Thanks for the attention

Phone: +39 327.67.18.100
Website: www.nireos.com
Email: info@nireos.com

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