



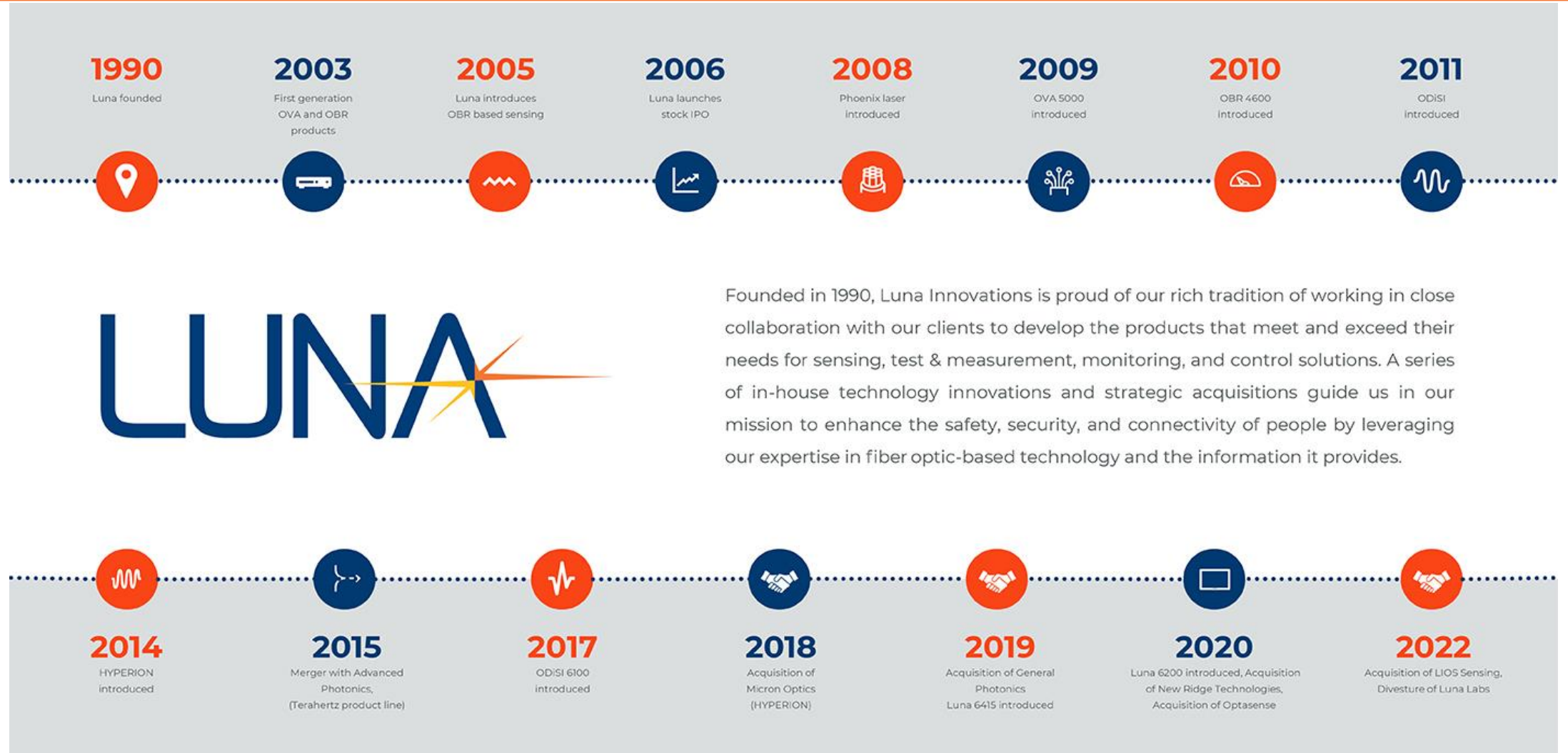
LUNA

EPIC Meeting for Fibre Sensors- Creating Smart Parts with Lifetime Fibre Sensors

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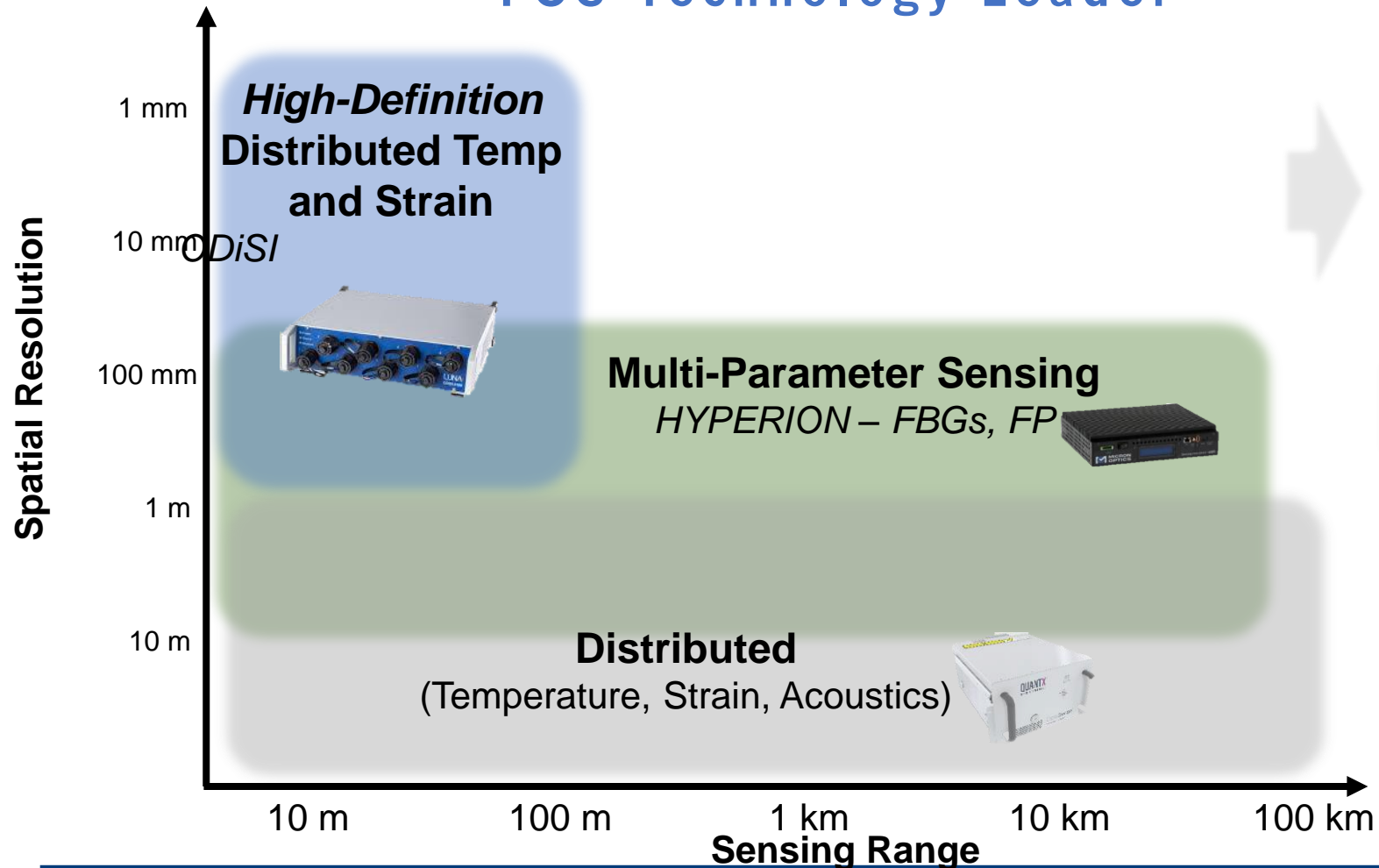
Overview











Founded in 1990, Luna Innovations is proud of our rich tradition of working in close collaboration with our clients to develop the products that meet and exceed their needs for sensing, test & measurement, monitoring, and control solutions. A series of in-house technology innovations and strategic acquisitions guide us in our mission to enhance the safety, security, and connectivity of people by leveraging our expertise in fiber optic-based technology and the information it provides.

Luna Fiber Optic Sensing Technology Landscape

FOS Technology Leader



Applications

Components/ Machines			
Manufacturing Processes			
Large/Linear Assets			
			
			

Fiber-Optic Sensing Instruments and Sensing Solutions



DAS

- Up to **100km** data output
- 1m output channel pitch (2m in 100km mode)
- **High-sensitivity** and **low noise floor** for **quantitative** acoustic, strain and temperature monitoring ($mK/\mu\epsilon$)
- Proprietary Rayleigh measurement technique



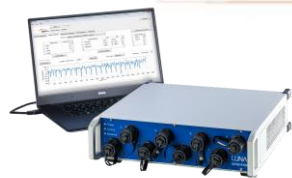
DTS/DSS

- **Long Range distributed temperature and strain**
- Sampling interval down to **0.25 m**
- It can be configured with one, two, or four channels each providing up to a 100 km range (6 km for a four-channel configuration).
- Raman and Brillouin sensing technology



HYPERION

- Up to 16 parallel channels per system with 10's of km range
- Multipoint, **multi-parameter sensing with 1 pm accuracy**
- Proven reliability and longevity, with **over 100 million hours** logged since 2000
- **160 nm, full spectrum measurement** for FBG and FP based sensors



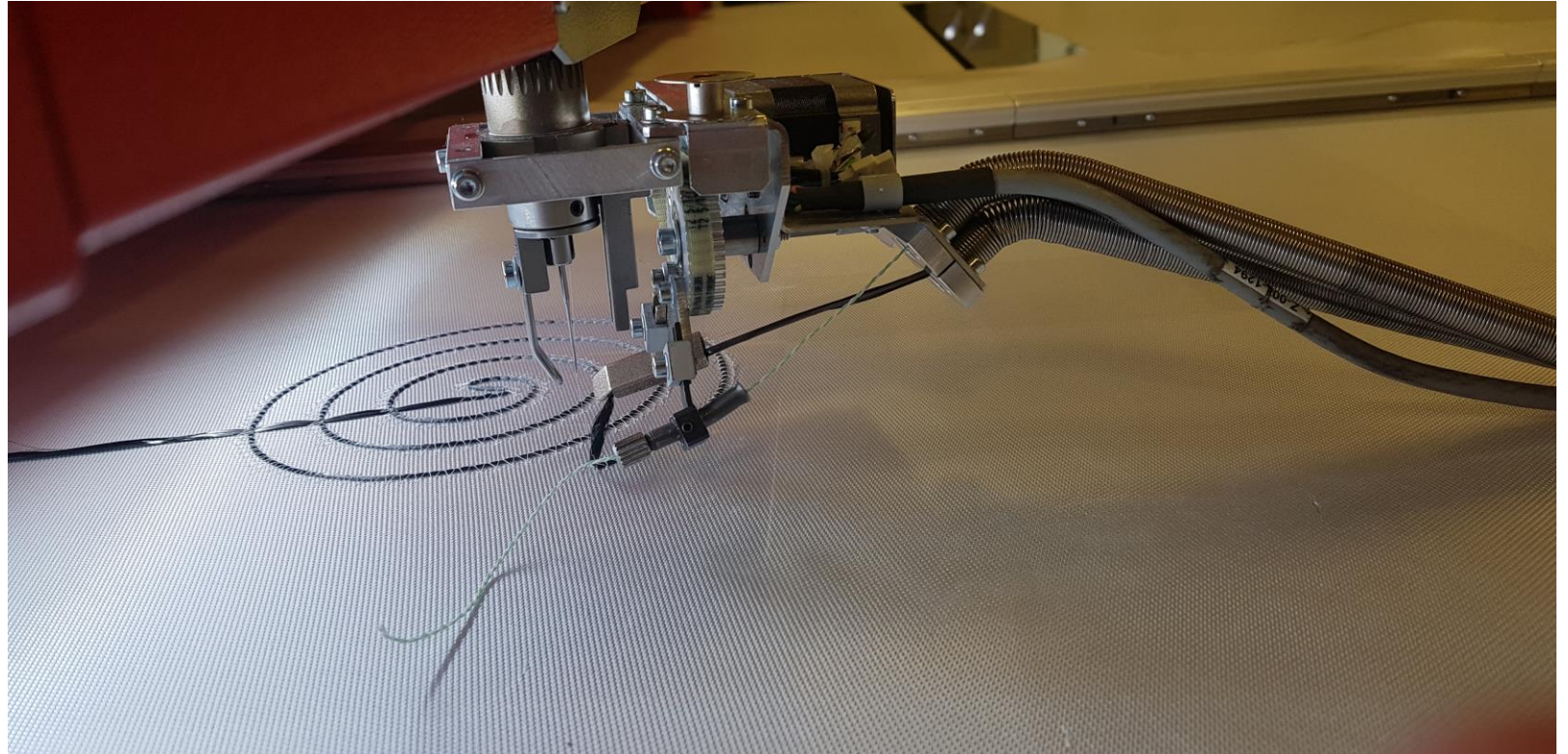
ODiSI

- Multichannel measurements - up to 8 channels per system
- **Up to 100 m of high-definition sensing per channel**
- Measure and acquire strain and temperature with a spatial resolution **as dense as 0.65 mm – 1000's of sensors**
- Optical Frequency Domain Reflectometry using Rayleigh scattering.

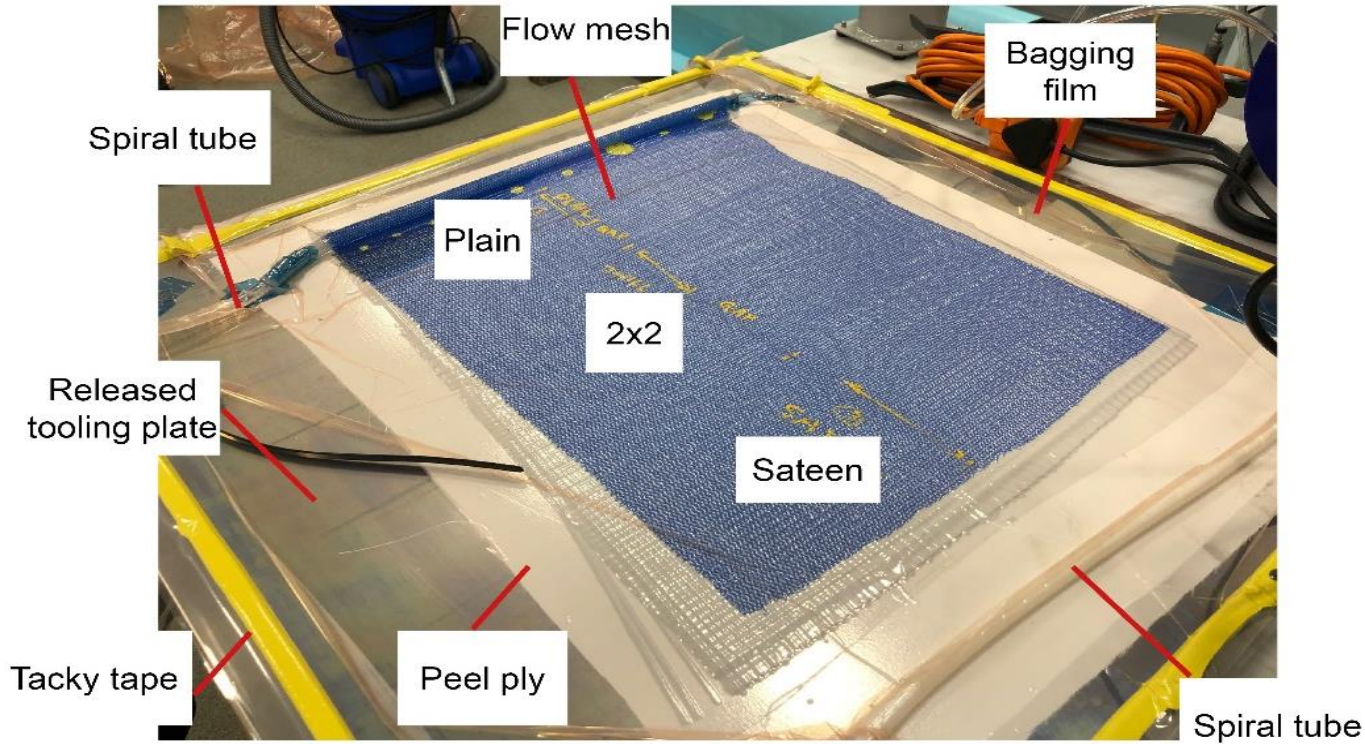


Case Study - Feasibility of intelligent workpieces in composite manufacturing

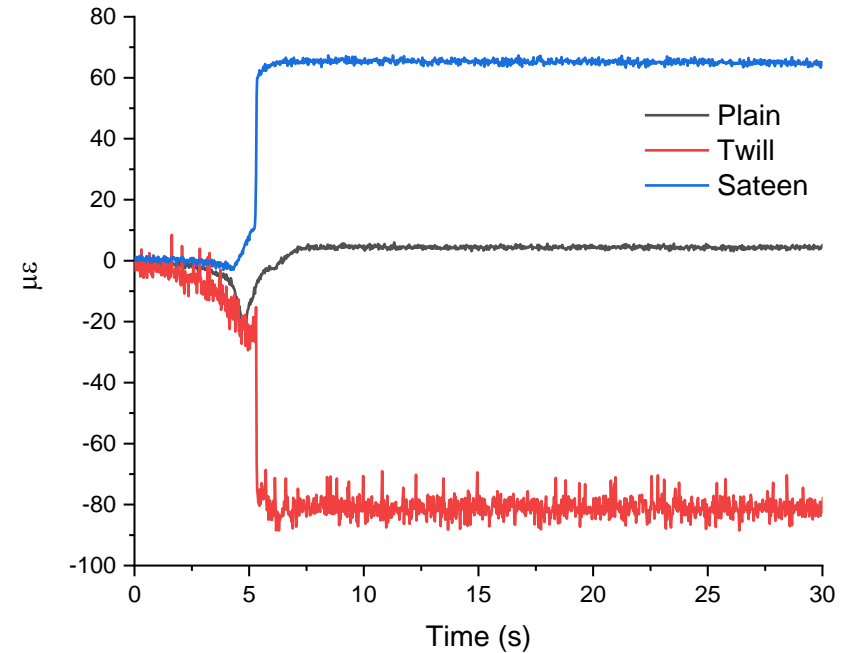
- Use TFP Machine to install fibre sensor during weaving
- Demonstrate performance of sensors for:
 - Resin injection
 - Resin curing
 - Machining (drilling and slotting)



Case Study -VARTM Infusion – Vacuum Bed Release

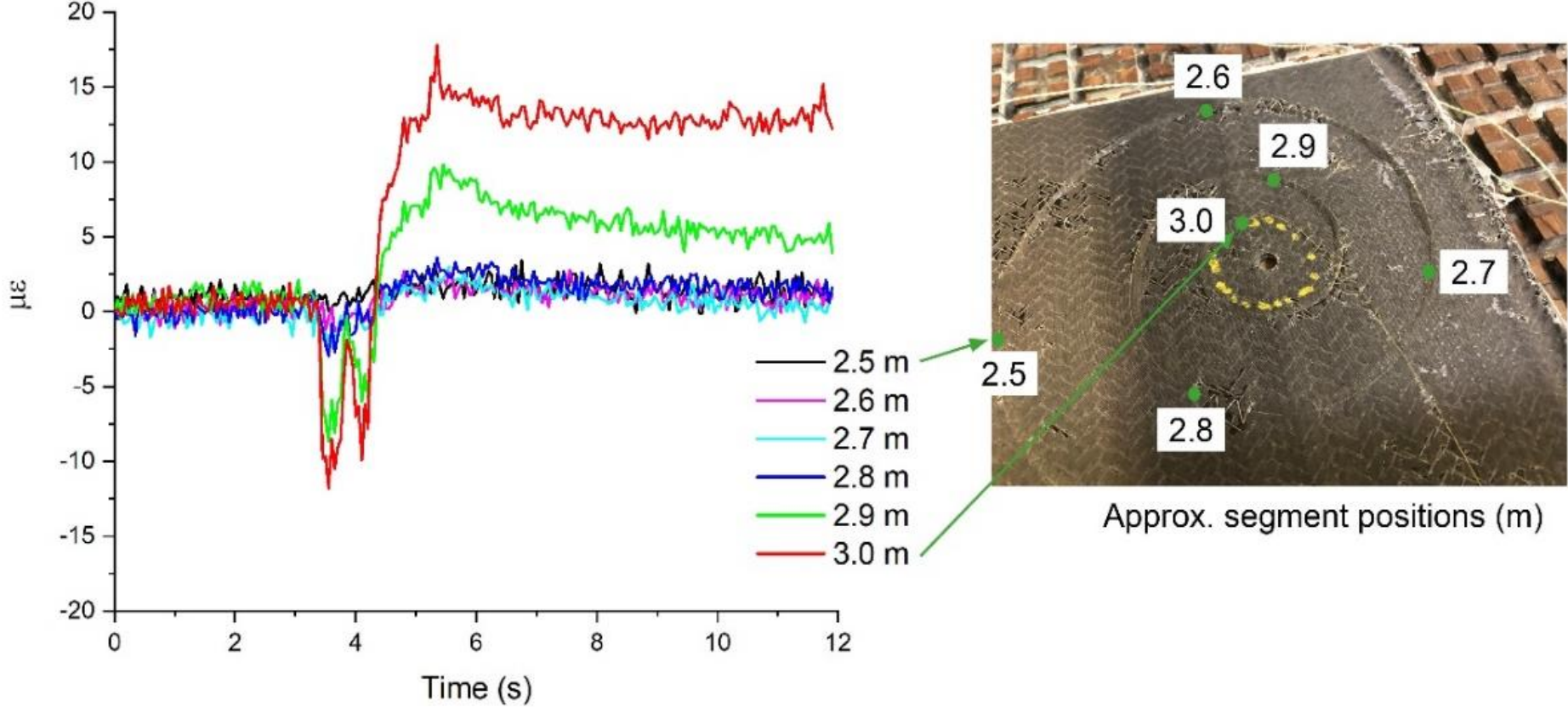


VARTM layout for Dornier woven material for 3 weave styles with fibre optic sensor laid across the different fabric styles



Strain change following vacuum bed release

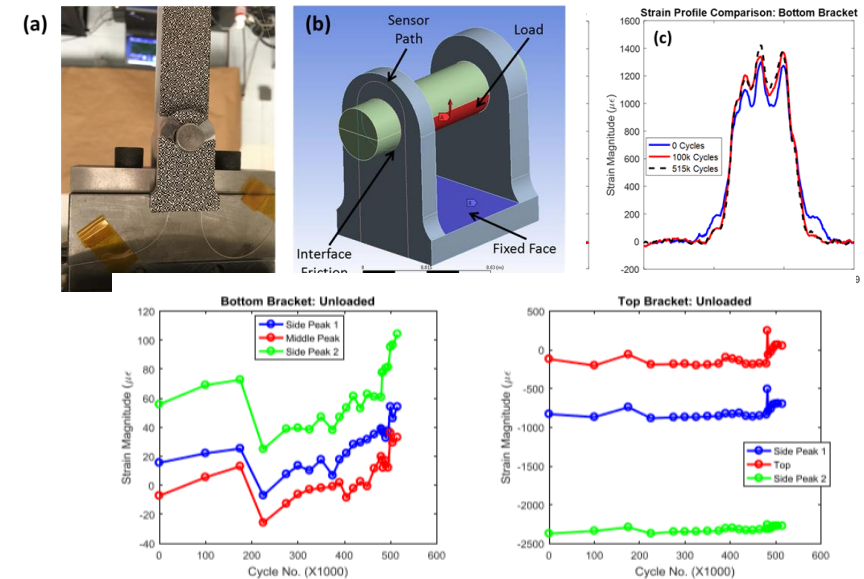
Case Study Machining - Drilling



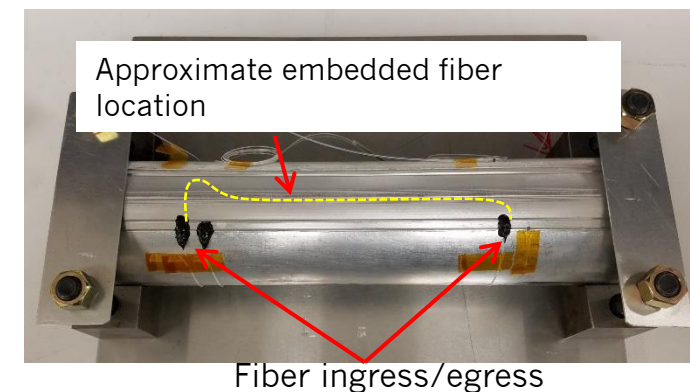
Results of 6 mm \varnothing drilling inside TFP final spiral

Smart Parts through Additive Manufacturing

- Luna worked with Fabrisonic to embed fiber into aluminum parts using ultrasonic additive manufacturing
- First part was to determine where and when a clevis joint began to fail from cyclic fatigue
- Part was cycled 515K times and intermittently checked for failure
- Data compared to FEA model and used to refine boundary conditions

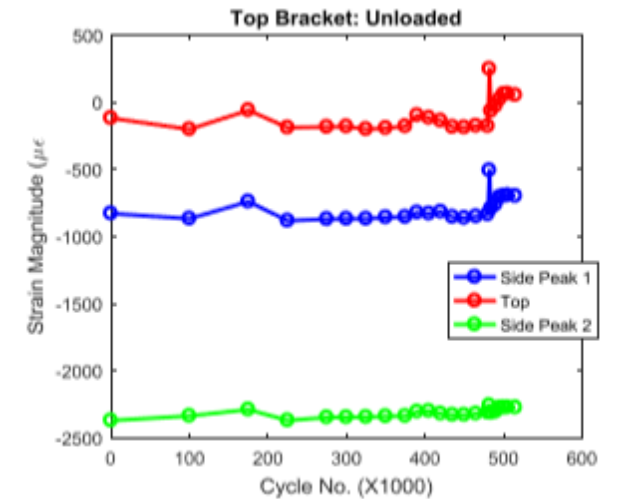
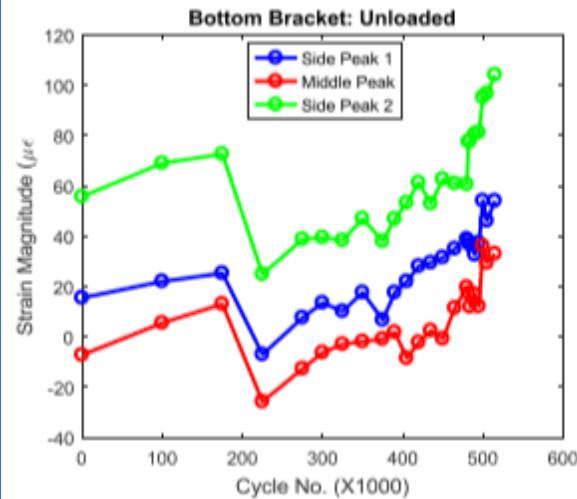
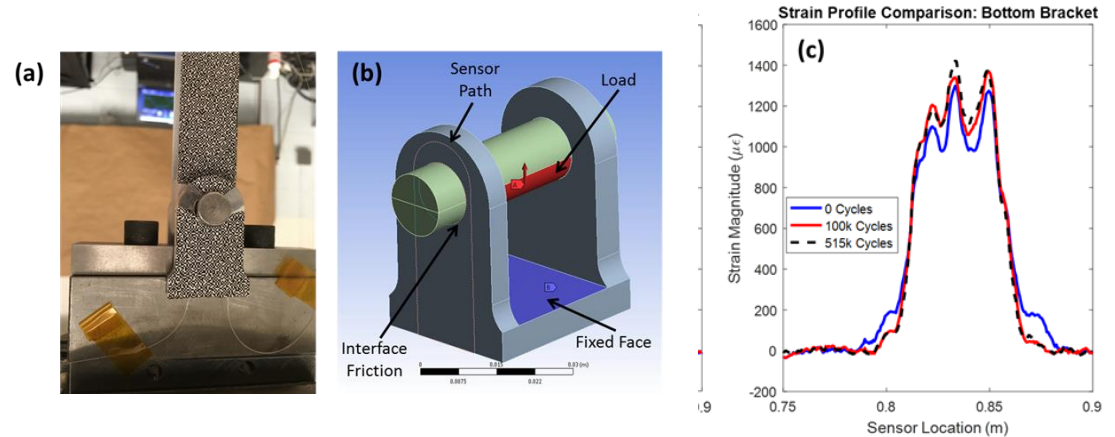
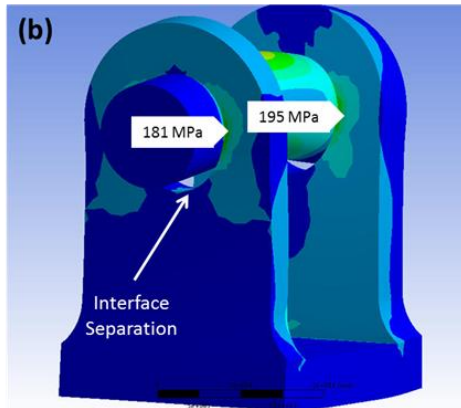
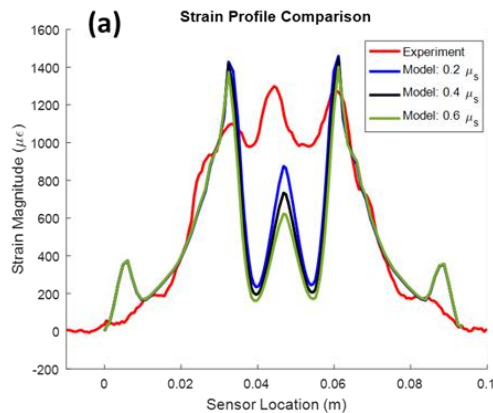


- On a NASA funded effort the team is developing a pipe section to measure distributed temperature
- Fiber is embedded into a section of pipe during manufacturing
- Enables temperature and heat flux to be determined from the temperature and strain measurement



Model Validation of a Pin Joint

- Embed fiber into aluminum parts using ultrasonic additive manufacturing
- Part was cycled 515K times and intermittently checked for failure
- Data compared to FEA model and used to refine boundary conditions
- Differences in modeled behavior attributed to:
 - The sensitivity of the bracket to different friction values
 - The model not adequately describing the interface coupling between the pin and bracket.



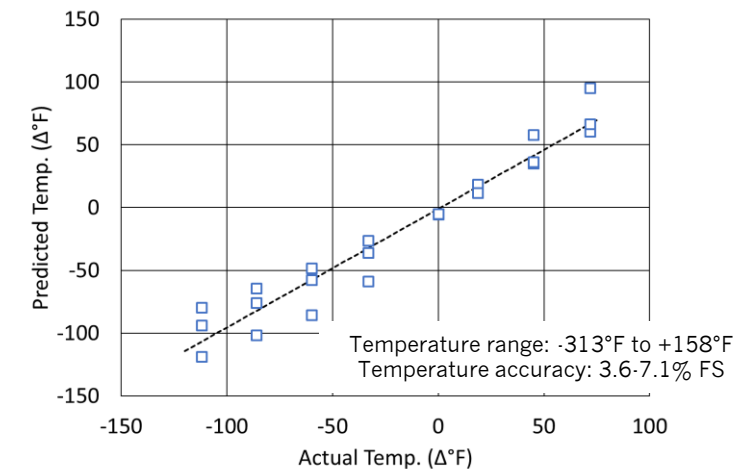
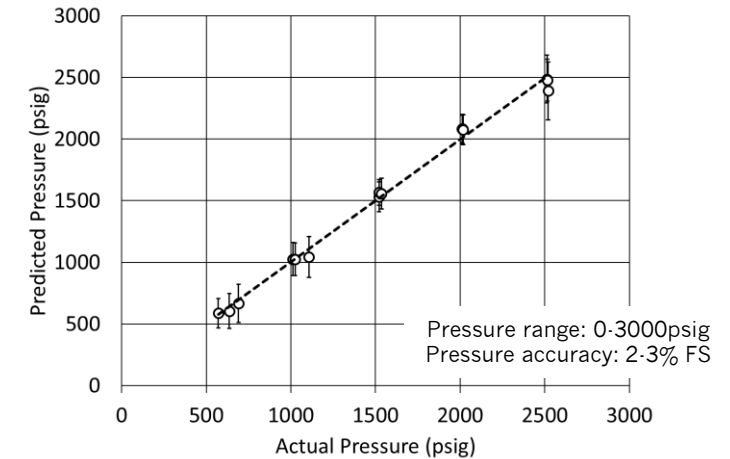
Hehr, A., Norfolk, M., Sheridan, J. et al. "Spatial Strain Sensing Using Embedded Fiber Optics". JOM (2019) 71: 1528. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11837-018-3297-y>

Embedding into Piping Sections

- Objective was to gather data in cryogenic fuel pipes for rocket test stands
- Luna strain sensors embedded in a 3D printed pipe wall to measure pressure, temperature and heat flux.
- The pipe was tested at various pressures and temperatures to calibrate the sensor, including boiling the pipe in water and filling it with liquid nitrogen.
- Throughout the tests, the pipe continued to provide reliable data.



Prototype Pressure and Temperature Responses



<https://3dprintingindustry.com/news/fabrisonic-embeds-sensors-in-nasas-rocket-fuel-piping-using-3d-printing-166314/>

Thank you – Questions?

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