



Launch your Vision

From lidar to optical atomic clocks

**Building blocks for
optical frequency references
in space**

SpaceTech GmbH
Hanjo Schäfer

12.09.2019

EPIC Meeting on New Space at European Space Agency



- Introduction of SpaceTech
 - Company heritage
 - Company profile
- Space activities and developments on frequency metrology in the frame of lidars
 - High stability lasers for ranging applications
 - Absolute frequency references for green house gas detection
- Final steps towards optical atomic clocks
 - Present state and perspective



In Orbit on

- 9 Missions
- 15 Satellites
- 38 Equipments

Development for

- 15 Missions
- 916 Satellites
- 1819 Equipments

And more

to come ...



Company Profile



- Business Areas

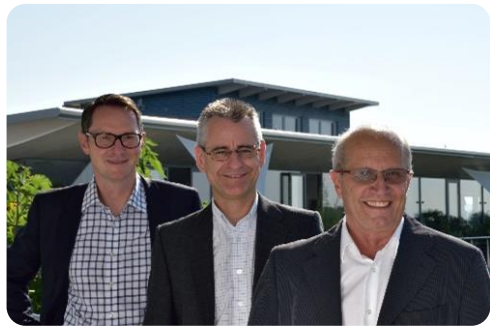
- Small Sat. Missions
- Optical Instruments
- Satellite Equipment

- Facts & Figures

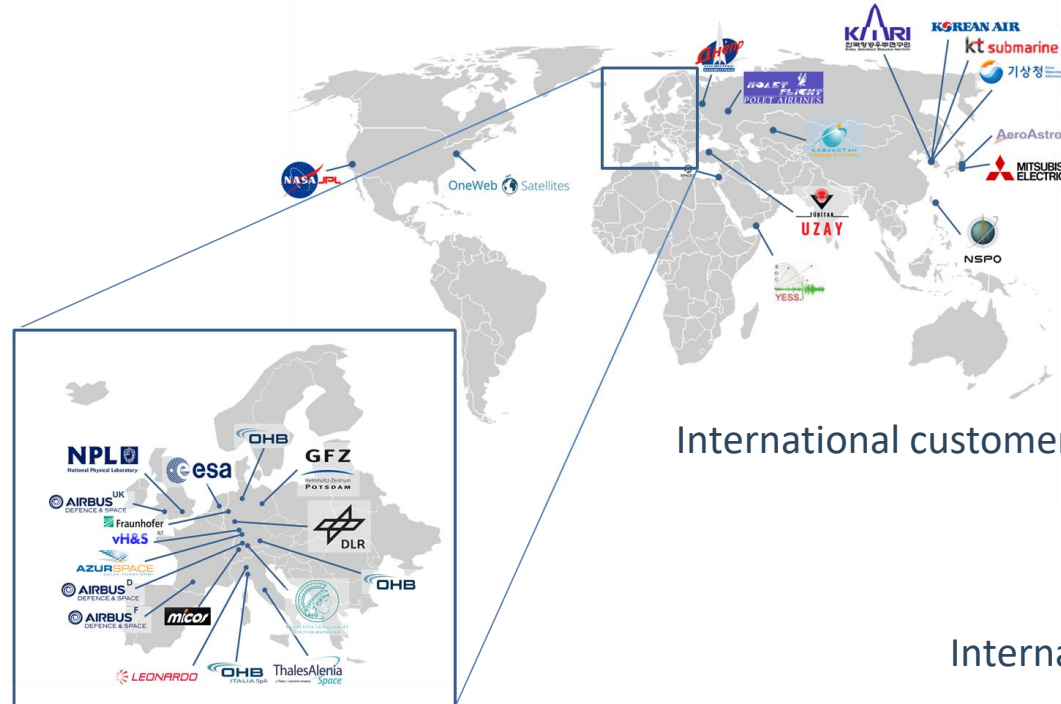
- Foundation: 2004
- Staff: 90 (avg. age 39)
- Yearly Turnover: 20 M€

- We stand for

- Smart & Reliable Designs
- High Cost Efficiency



Man. Directors: W. Pitz (CEO), F. Gilles, B. Doll



SpaceTech GmbH

Seelbachstrasse 9-11-13
88090 Immenstaad
www.spacetech-i.com



Laser & QT Building Block developments at STI



Laser developments at STI with the potential to act as “laser building blocks” for many missions

1. Micro-integrated seed laser platform

- Wide laser wavelength range
- Customized frequency stability
- High output power and low noise

2. Fiber amplifier

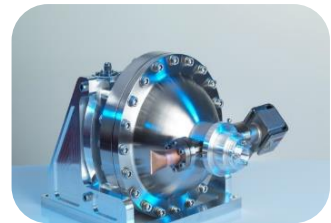
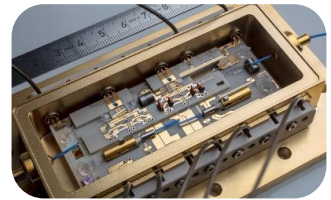
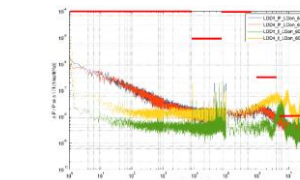
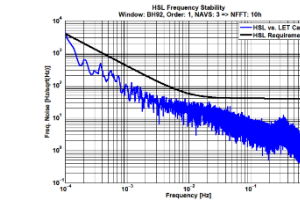
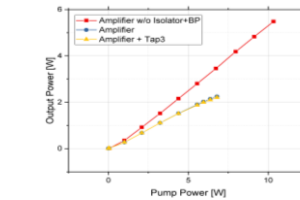
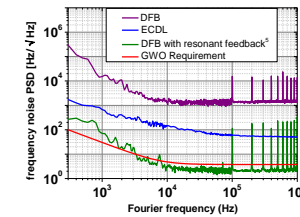
- Optimized for low nonlinearities
- 10 W of optical output power and low noise

3. Optical cavities/gas cells

- Hz to MHz stability

4. Associated drive and control electronics

- Low noise laser drivers
- Flexible control electronics



Application in

- Navigation (Galileo)
- Science (LISA, BECCAL, optical clocks)
- EO (NGGM, LIDAR seeder,...)
- Optical communication

Developments at STI for

- LISA –GWO (ESA,CTP)
- NGGM - HSL1 & 2 (ESA, TRP&GSTP)
- DWDM (ESA, ARTES)
- (Optical Clock for G2G – DLR)

Our partners



Laser Instrument Activities – Examples 1/2



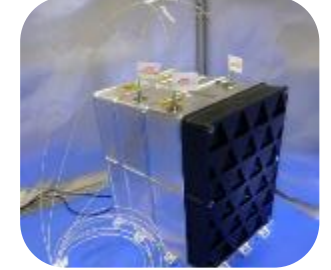
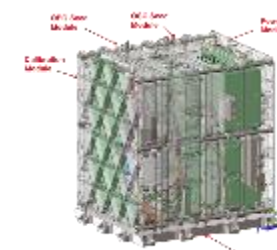
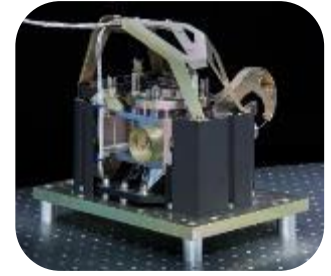
From lidar to optical atomic clocks

SpaceTech develops optical systems with a focus on earth observation and science missions.

- Laser Instruments
- Quantum Technology Instruments
- Structures & Mechanisms
- Optical Components

- GRACE Follow-On LRI
 - Prime for German Laser Ranging Interferometer part
 - Cooperation with JPL/NASA
 - Launched 5/2018
- MERLIN Frequency Reference Unit
 - German-French mission on methane gas measurement
 - Subsystem for absolute frequency reference
 - EM delivery in 2020
- High Stability Laser
 - Laser system for NGGM, GRACE 2, LISA...
 - TLR6 model completed
- Laser Interferometer Space Antenna
 - STI selected by ESA as prime for the development of the LISA Laser (Phase 1: BB, Phase 2: EM)
- LEMON FRUit
 - H2020 activity for a multi-species lidar
 - Subsystem for absolute frequency reference

In Orbit



Laser Instrument Activities – Examples 2/2

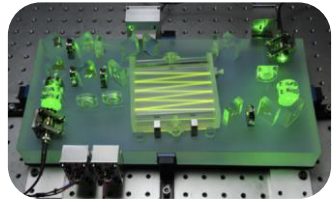
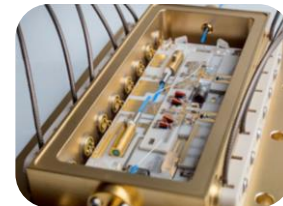
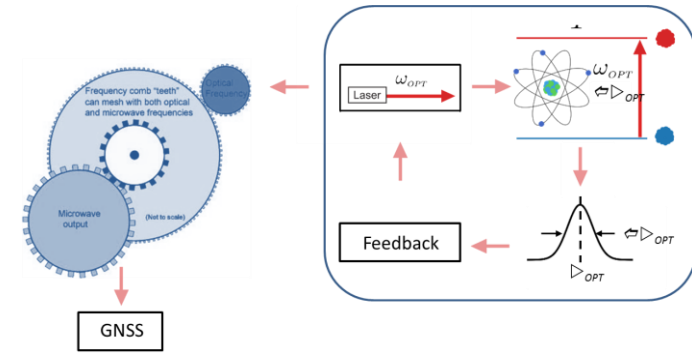
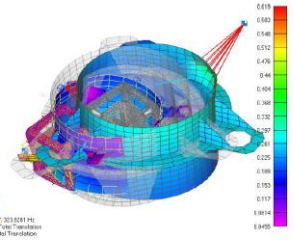
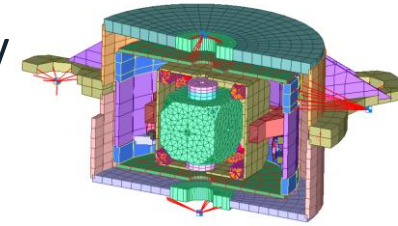
From lidar to optical atomic clocks



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- OSRC – optical stabilising reference cavity
 - Cavity Development for Optical clocks & LISA
 - STI responsible for thermal & structural Analysis
- Optical Clock for Galileo 2nd generation
 - DLR funded Study for optical clock technology
 - STI responsible for System requirements, Space Design & DDV-Plan
- CaLas
 - QUTEGA funded activity for laser system for Ca-Ion clocks
 - STI responsible for optical isolator and space design of laser system
- ACES MWL
 - Integration & testing of ground terminal electronic



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SpaceTech is the
Gateway to Space
for your commercial products.

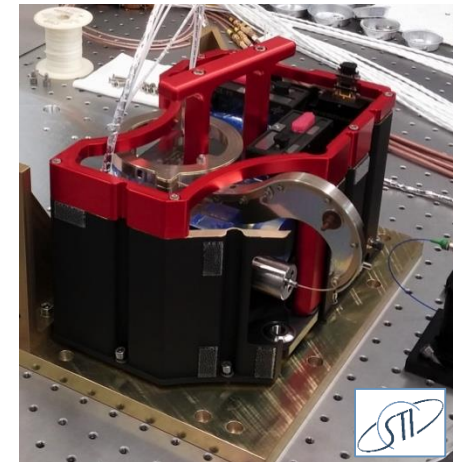
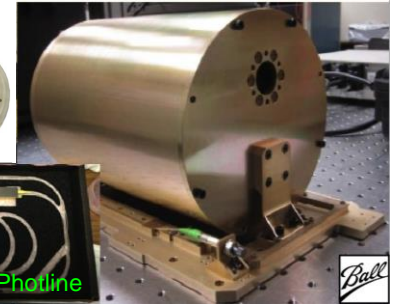
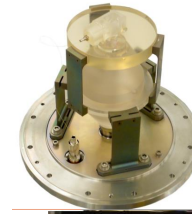
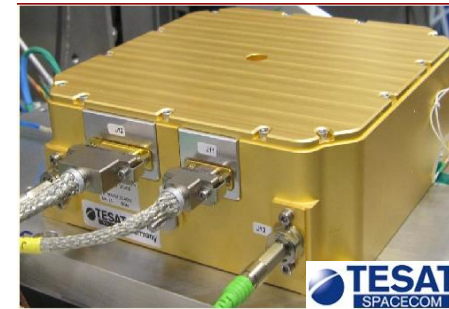
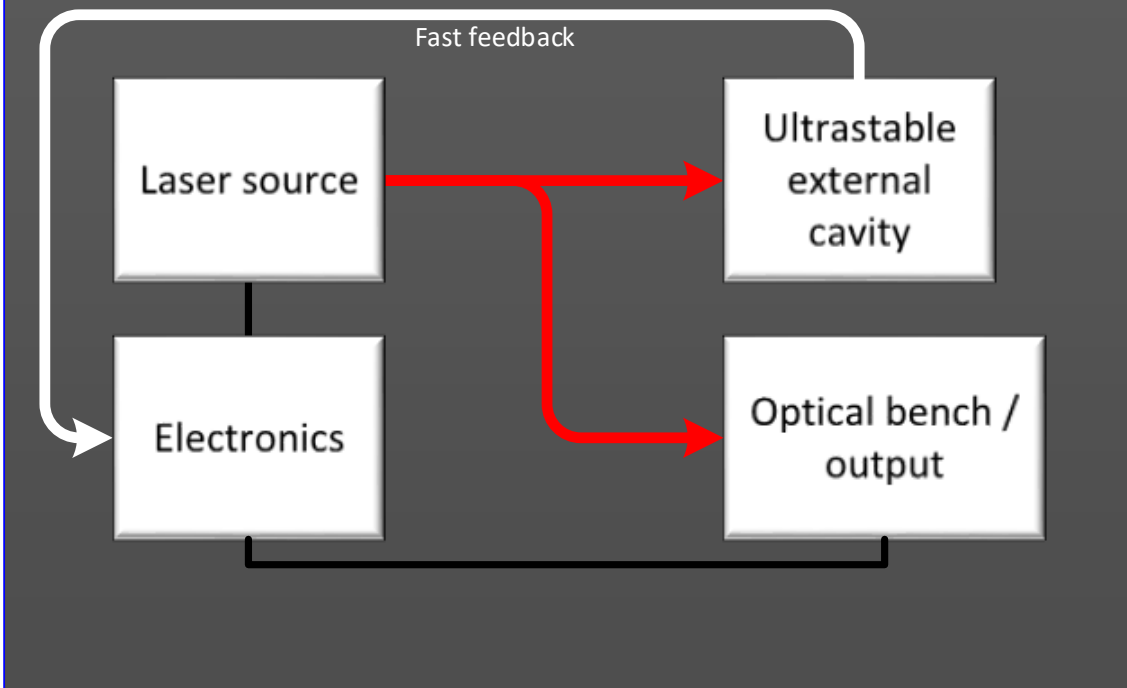
Frequency metrology for laser ranging applications



- For geodesy applications and gravitational wave detection only relative changes over limited time intervals are needed
 - Implementation of narrow linewidth cw laser source for measurement of relative phase changes
 - Ranging information obtained from two unreferenced laser sources in master-slave configuration
 - LRI: Laser frequency noise $< 30 \text{ Hz} / \sqrt{\text{Hz}} \times \text{NSF}(f)$ @10 – 100 mHz

Space developments on frequency metrology

Metrology building blocks

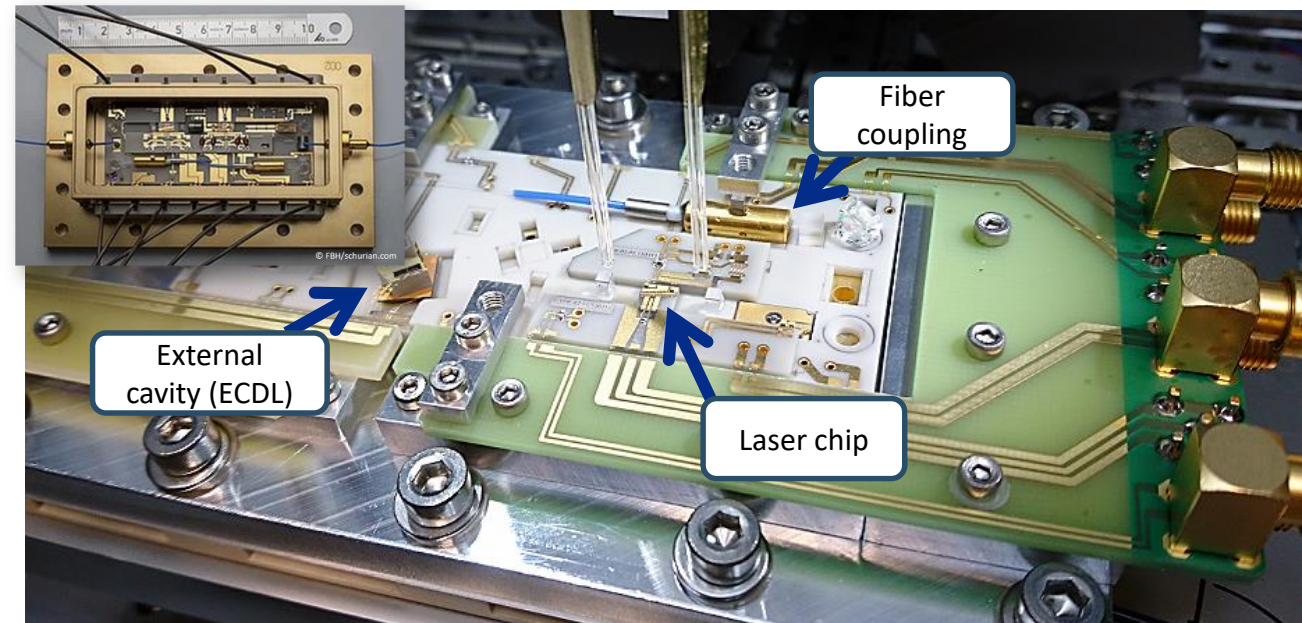
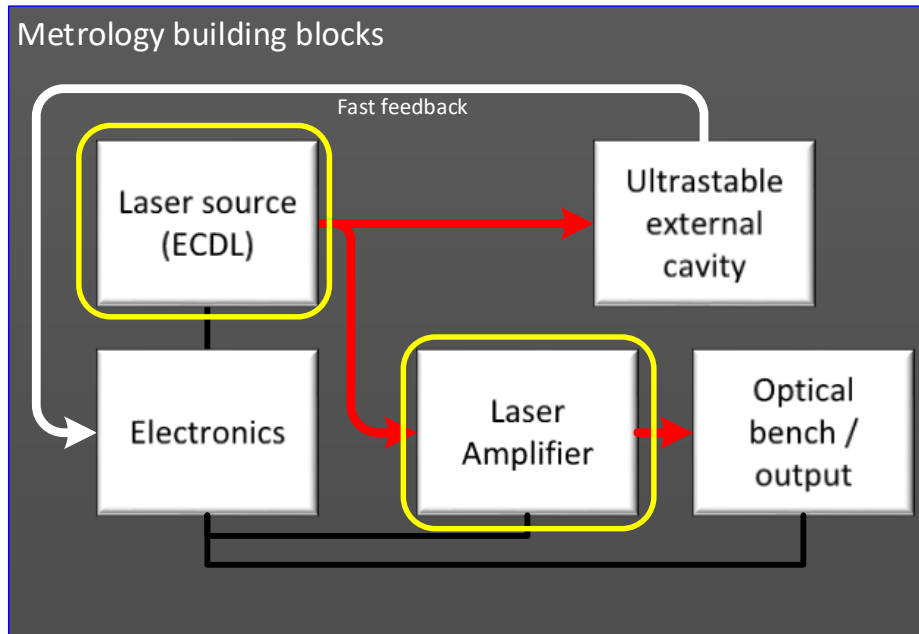


Frequency metrology for laser ranging applications



Space developments on frequency metrology

- Ongoing developments for the LISA laser
 - Semiconductor based ECDL laser source
 - Further integration of the laser source
 - Boosting the laser power by a fiber amplifier
 - Laser frequency noise $< 300 \text{ Hz} / \sqrt{\text{Hz}} \times \text{NSF}(f)$ @ 0.1 mHz – 1 Hz
 - Laser RIN $< 1\text{e-}8$ @MHz

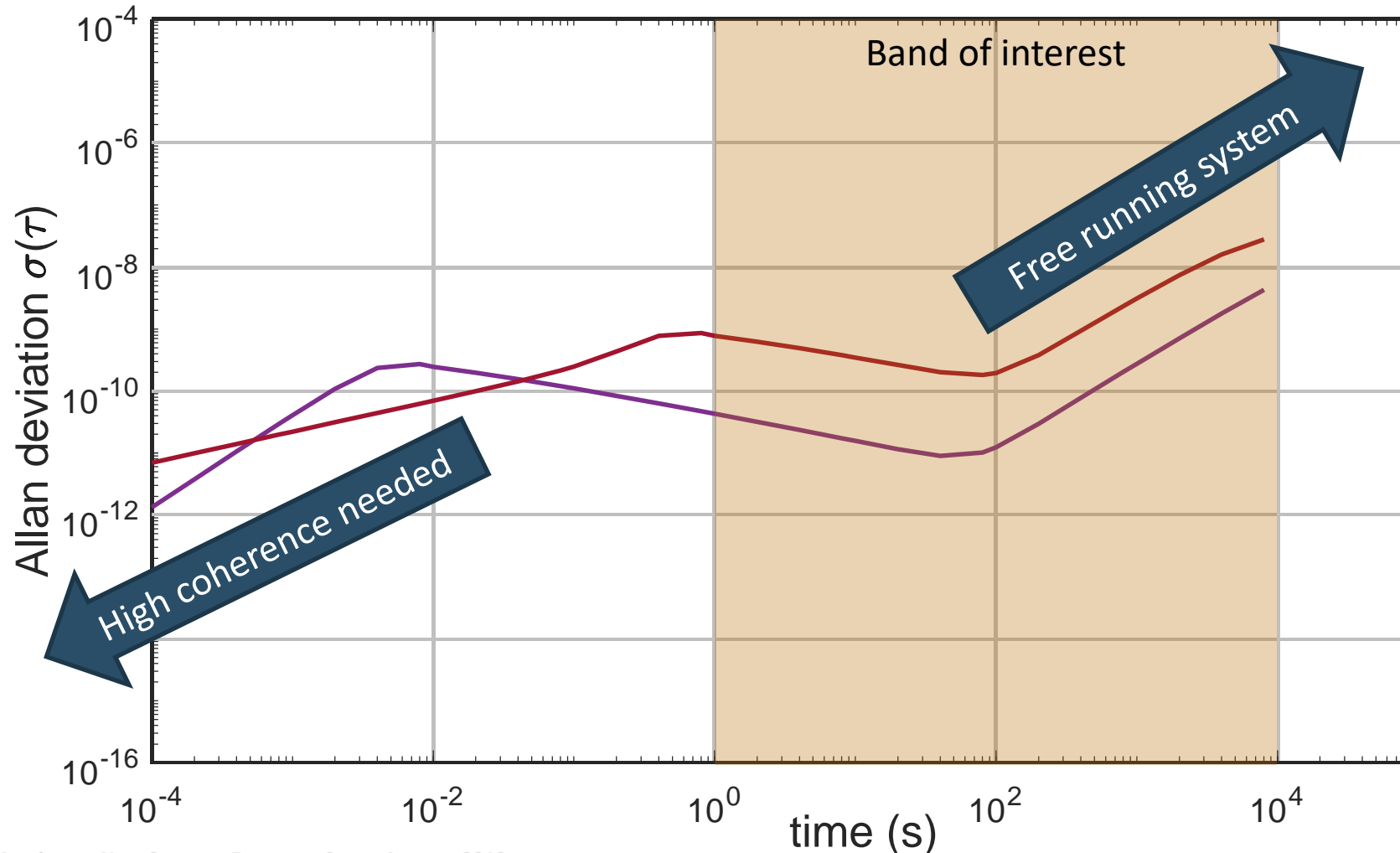


Frequency metrology for laser ranging applications



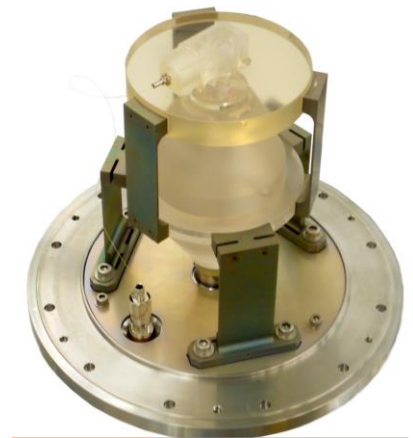
- Allen deviation (ADEV) as a general measure of frequency stability
 - Ranging requirements are typically provided in power spectral densities (PSD)
 - For comparison stability requirements can be transferred from frequency noise PSD to ADEV

Space developments on frequency metrology



- LRI requirement
- LISA requirement

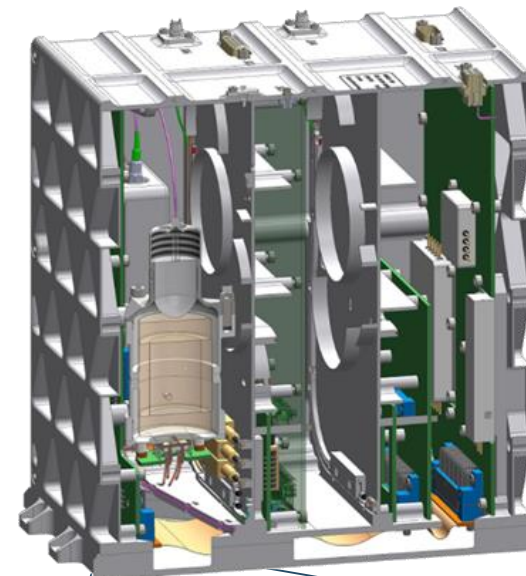
Cavity based systems



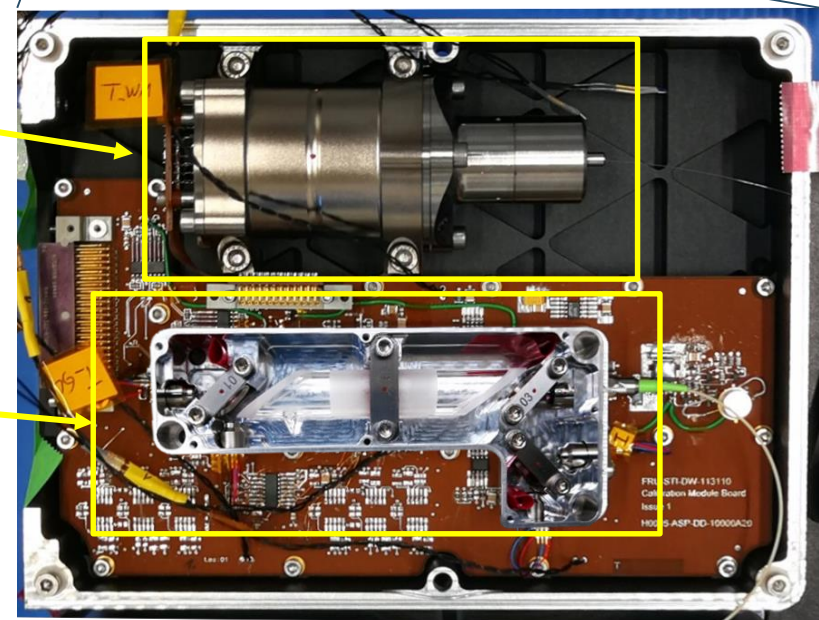
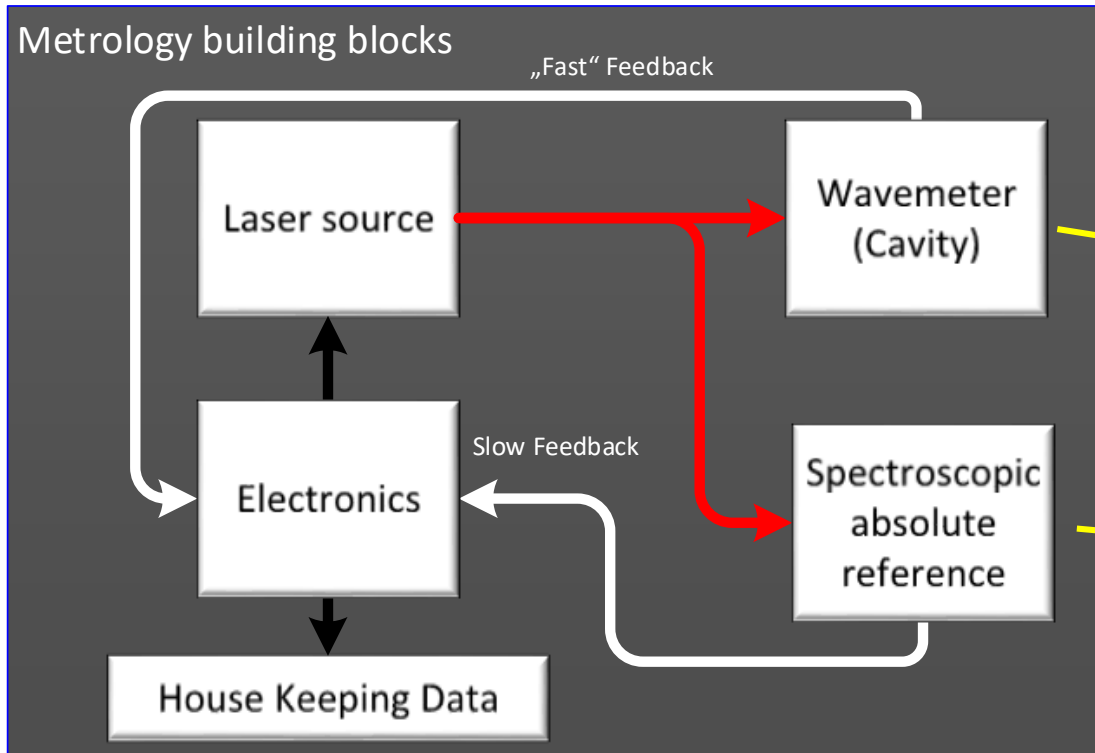
Frequency metrology for trace gas detection

Space developments on frequency metrology

- Frequency reference unit (FRU) for the MERLIN mission
 - Global detection of atmospheric CH₄ concentration
 - Absolute calibration and stability needed
 - 3×10^{-4} spectral coverage (0.5 nm) needed at 1645.7 nm



Heinecke, D., Liebherr, T., Battles, D. et al. CEAS Space J (2019)
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s12567-019-00268-6>



Calibration Module (Engineering Model)

The absolute frequency reference assembly

Design, Assembly and Qualification by



Space developments on frequency metrology

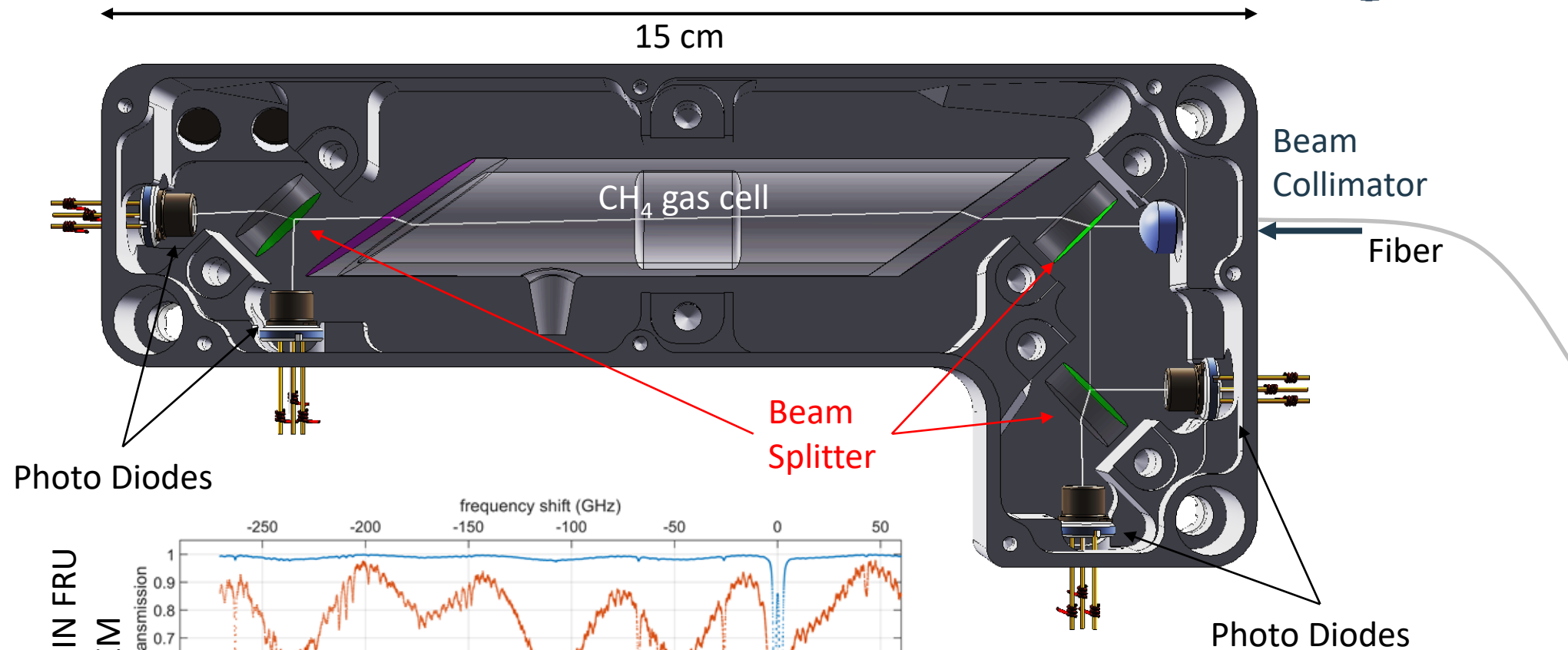


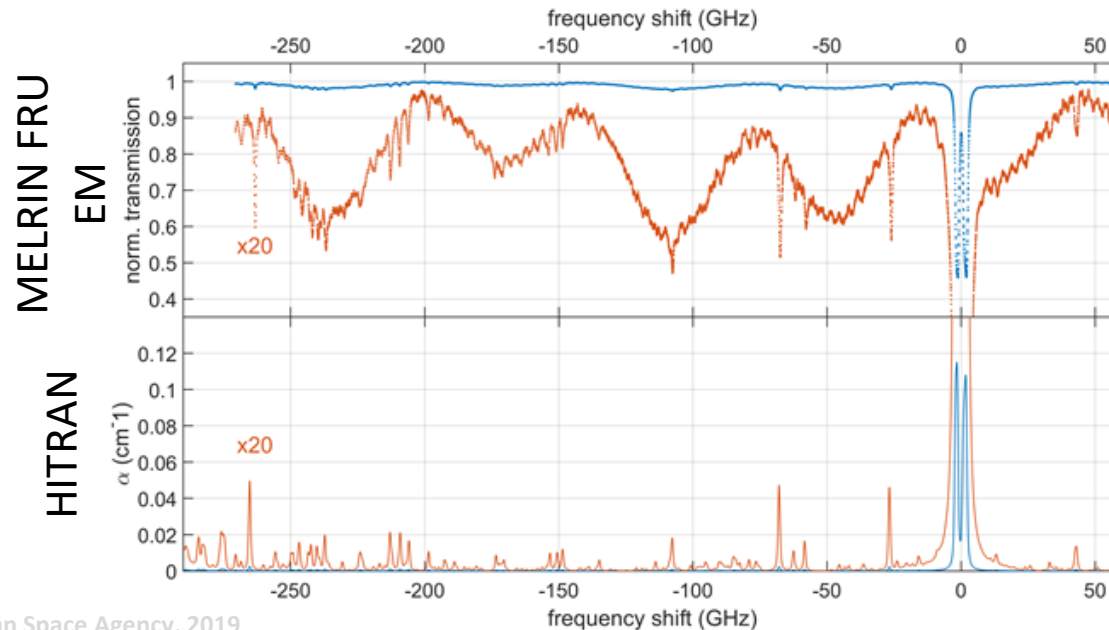
Photo Diodes

Beam Splitter

Beam Collimator

Fiber

Photo Diodes



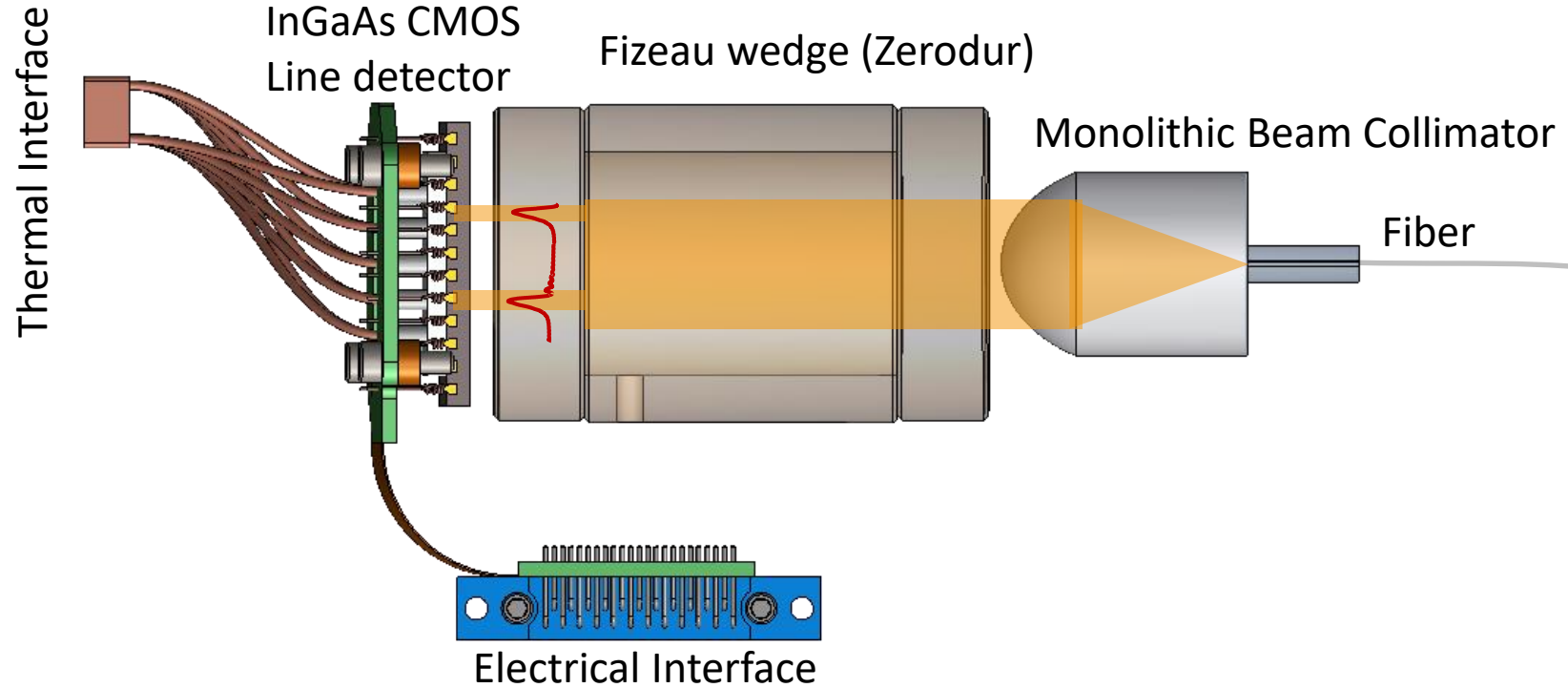
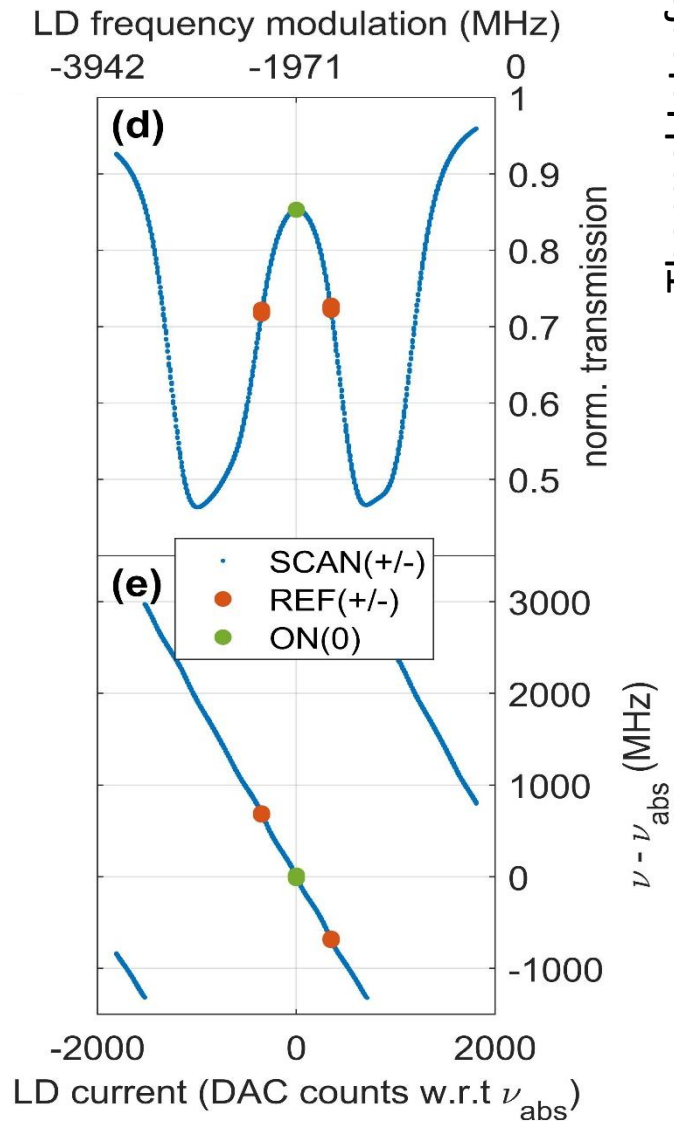
Heinecke, D., Liebherr, T., Battles, D. et al. CEAS Space J (2019)

The wavemeter

Design, Assembly and Qualification by



Space developments on frequency metrology



Technical Data

- < 1 MHz resolution
- 4.28 GHz FSR
- 6.6 GHz spectral window
- 12.5 mm beam diameter

Environment

- 1000 g shock
- > 50 g_{rms} vibration
- > 20 krad TID
- 0-40 °C full performance

Heinecke, D., Liebherr, T., Battles, D. et al. CEAS Space J (2019)

Optomechanical Design of MERLIN FRU



Modular Design

Power Module – DC/DC Converters & Filters

Power & signal (trigger) connector

OSC Module – 1064 nm seeders

1064 output connector

OPO Module – 1645 nm seeders & harness & FPGA

1645 output and input connector, SpW & test connector

Calibration Module – spectroscopy

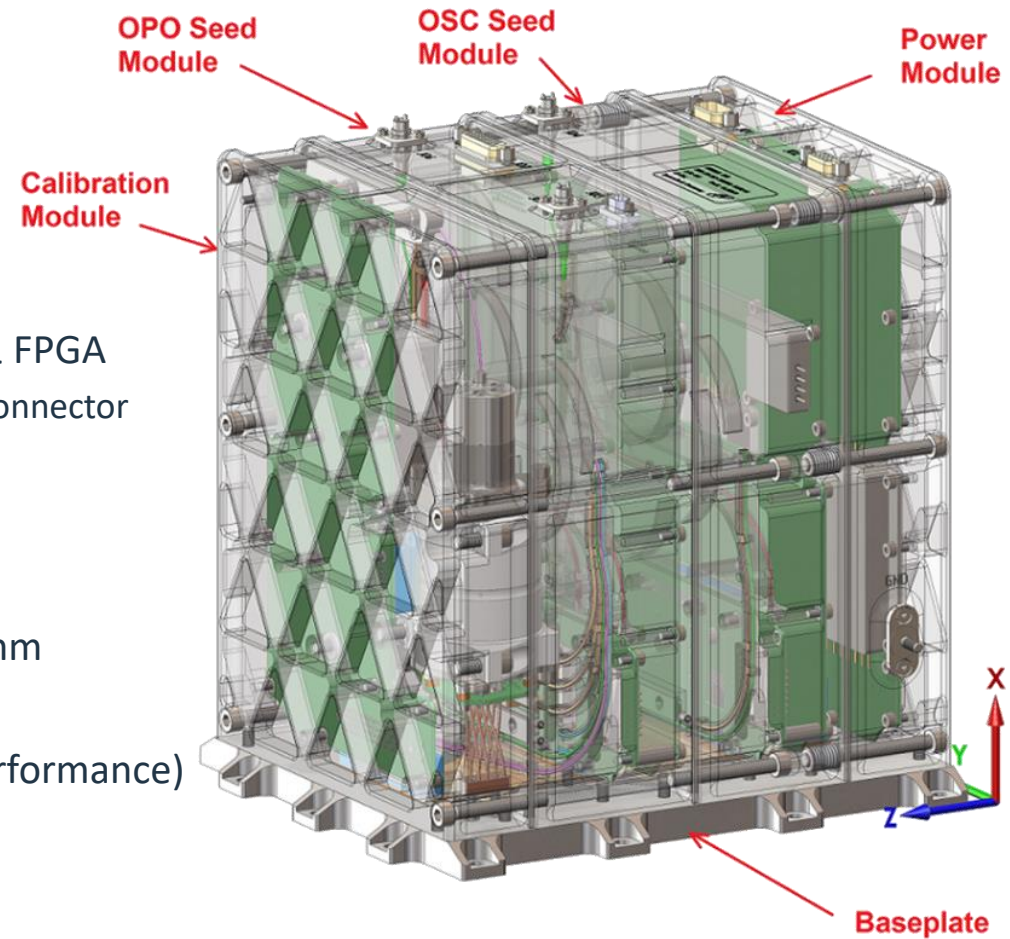
Technical Data

Envelope: 190x 232 x 237 mm

Total mass: ≤ 6.3 kg

Op. temp. range: 0 to 40°C (full performance)

Power consumption : ≤ 24 W



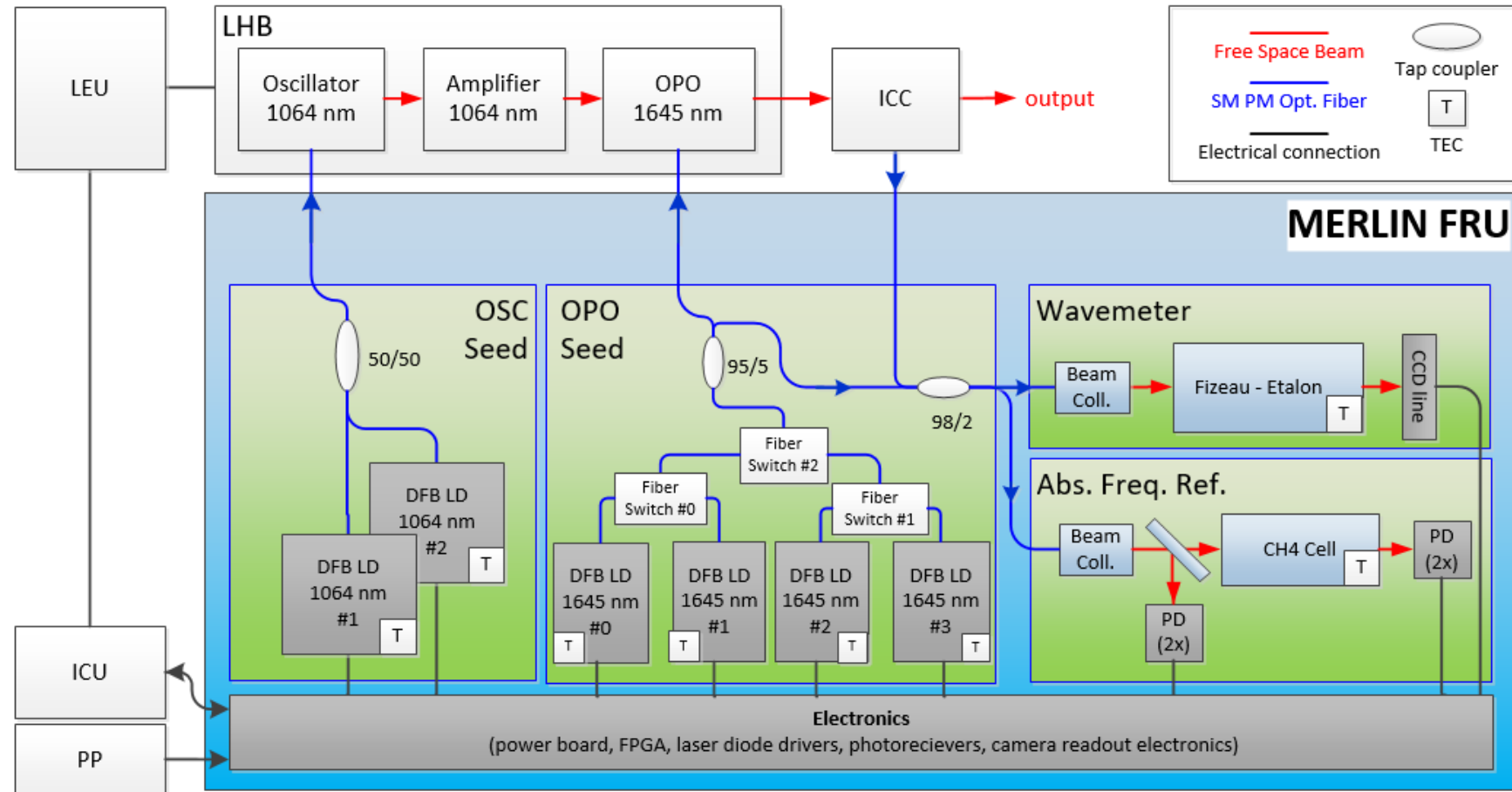
Functional Design of MERLIN FRU



Space developments on frequency metrology

MERLIN frequency reference unit

- 61064 nm & 1645 nm)
- 3 Tap Couplers
- 3 Fiber Optical Switches (no mechanics)
- 4 Photodiodes (InGaAs)
- 1 InGaAs CMOS line detector
- Laser Diodes (Free space optics (gas cell, Fizeau etalon)
- Electronics

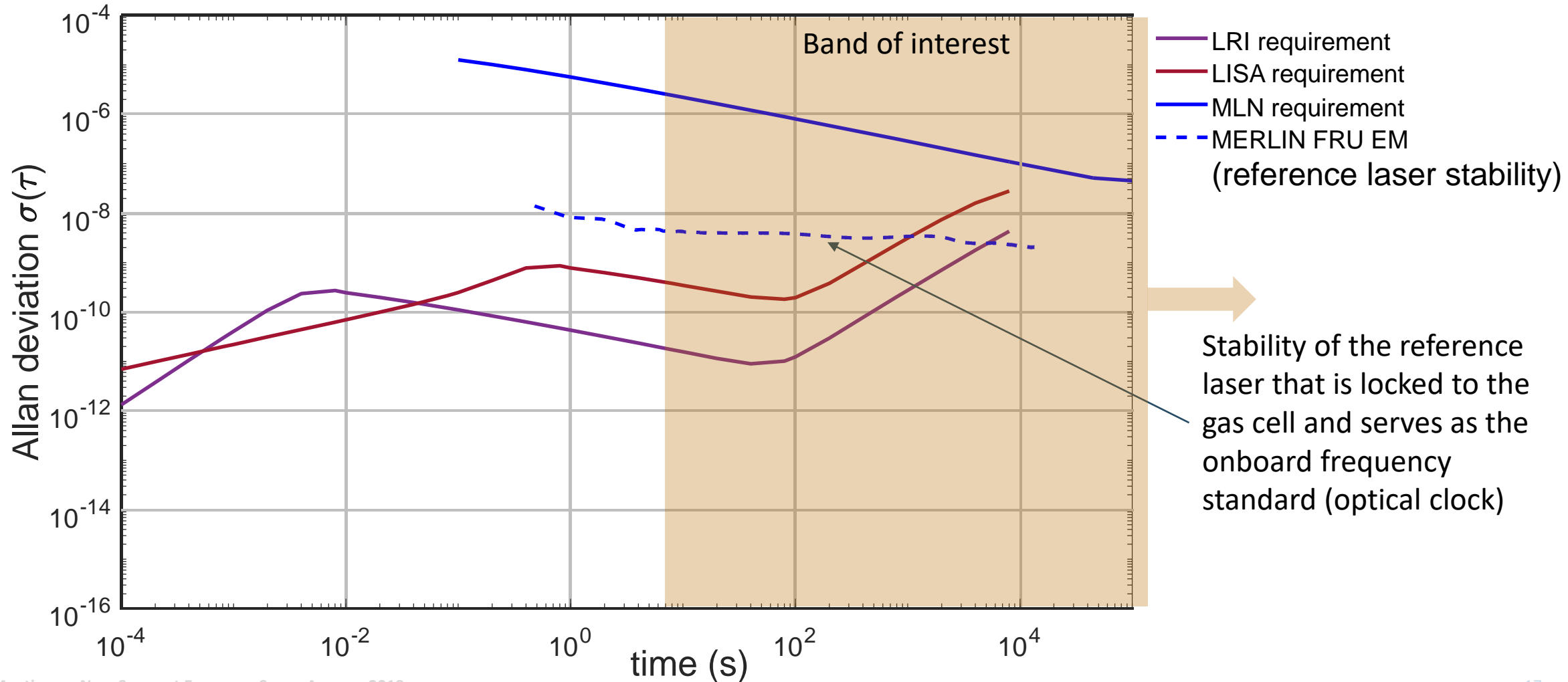


Frequency metrology for trace gas detection



Space developments on frequency metrology

- Allen deviation of MERLIN frequency reference unit
 - Requirement and performance of Engineering Model (EM) measured against a GPS referenced frequency comb

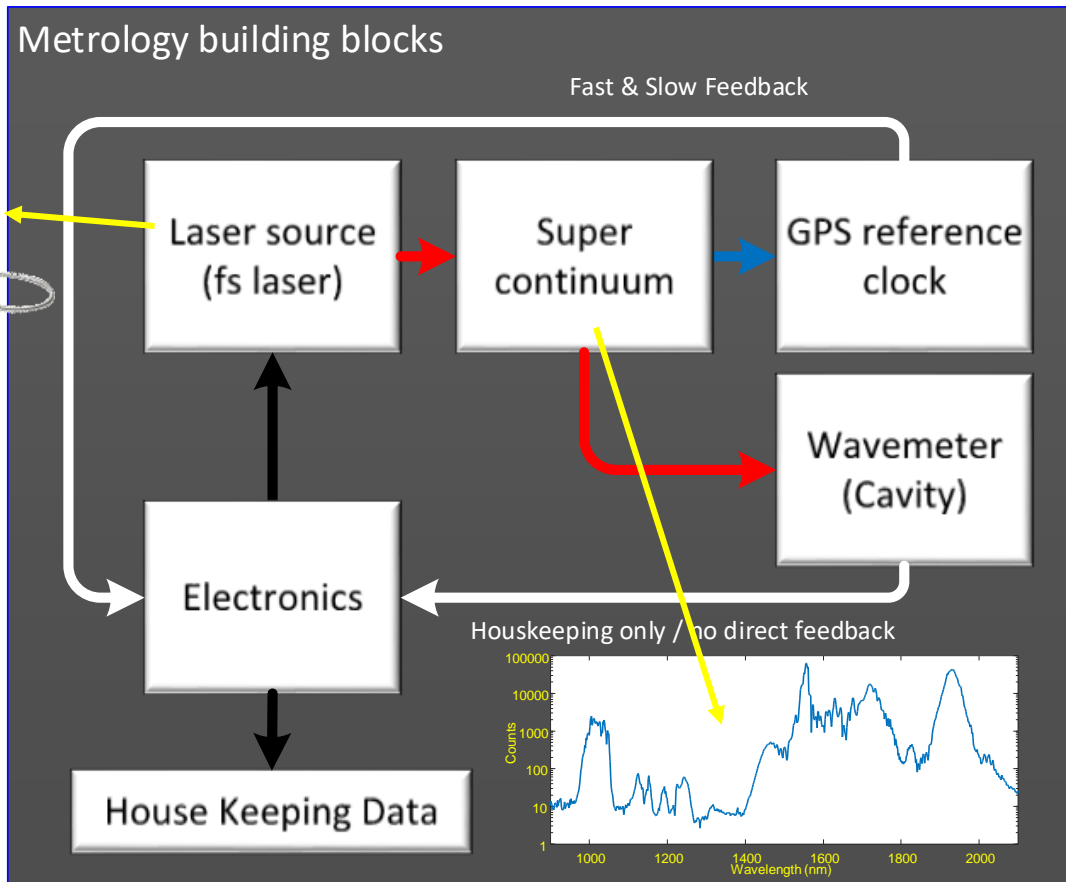


Frequency metrology for trace gas detection

Space developments on frequency metrology

Frequency reference unit for LEMON

- Dual absorption lidar system addressing multiple species (CO₂, H₂O, HDO, CH₄) at 2 μm
- Airborne demonstrator (full fiber optic / electronic stabilization)
- 7 % spectral coverage needed around 1 μm – the second harmonic of the OPO
 - **Tunable absolute frequency reference needed**



- **Laser**
 - fs light source
 - 1 GHz repetition rate (comb mode spacing)
 - 1550 nm telecom wavelength
- **Super continuum**
 - Octave spanning for f-2f detection
 - Covering 1 μm region for OPO detection & stabilization
- **GPS stabilized reference clock**
 - Easy to implement
 - Sufficient stability (<3x10⁻¹¹)
- **Wavemeter**
 - Used for coarse calibration
 - comb mode identification
 - < 250 MHz absolute accuracy

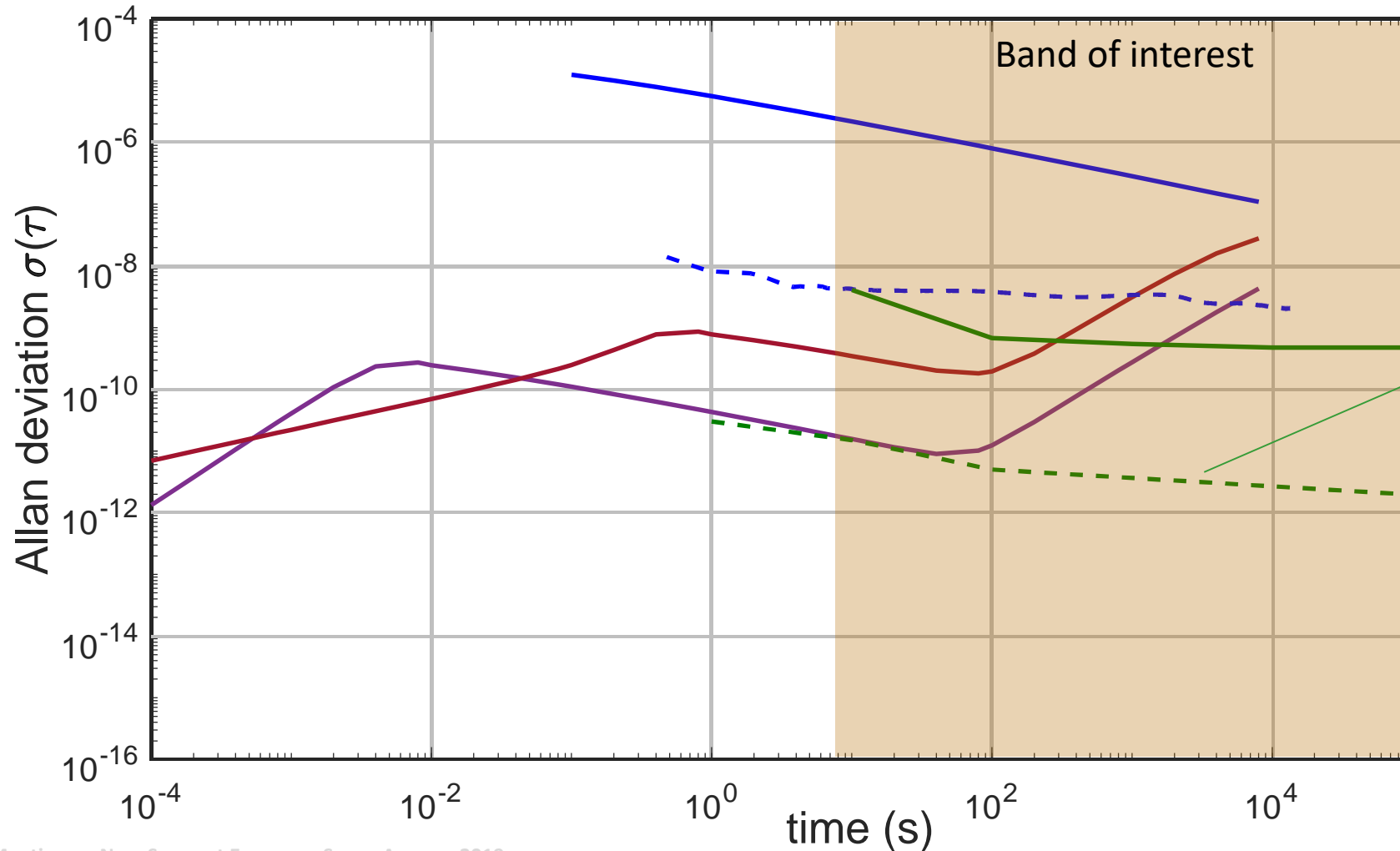


Frequency metrology for trace gas detection



Space developments on frequency metrology

- Allen deviation of LEMON frequency reference unit
- Requirement and foreseen reference clock



- LRI requirement
- LISA requirement
- MLN requirement
- - MERLIN FRU EM
- LEMON goal
- - GPS stab. clock

Commerical reference clock (RF) for stabilization

Abs. referenced systems

Outline

- Introduction of SpaceTech

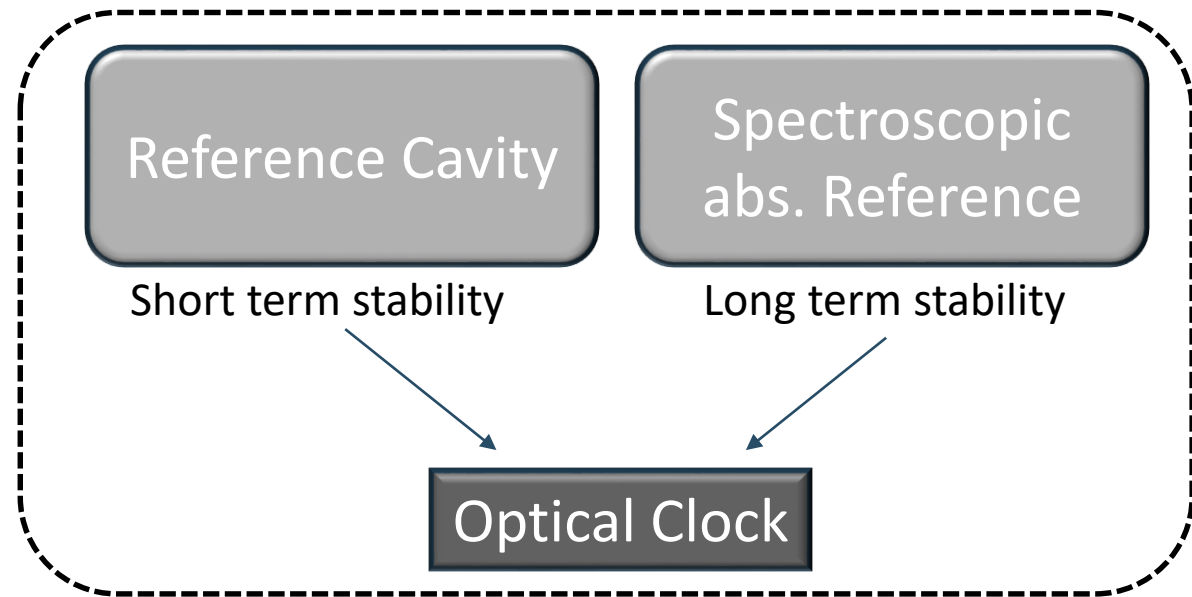
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- High stability lasers for ranging applications
- Absolute frequency references for green house gas detection

- Final steps towards optical atomic clocks

- Present state and perspective



Development timeline from Spacetech's view

TRL 1-3  4-6  7-9 



Photonic integration wherever possible





The final step towards optical atomic clocks




Flight hardware in AIT:
MERLIN FRU





Ongoing development:
LEMON FRUit





1. compact optical clock: DLR Study, G2G

Perspective for higher accuracy solutions

Laser source	DFB 
Absolute reference	Simple gas cell 
External cavity	Not required
Transfer	Not required
10^{-8} @ 1s	

Laser source	1 GHz fs Oscillator 
Absolute reference	GPS reference 
External cavity	Not required
Transfer	GHz comb 
3×10^{-11} @ 1s	

Laser source	ECDL 
Absolute reference	Doppler free gas cell 
External cavity	HSL/OSRC cavity (opt.) 
Transfer	Comb 
$<10^{-14}$ @ 1s	

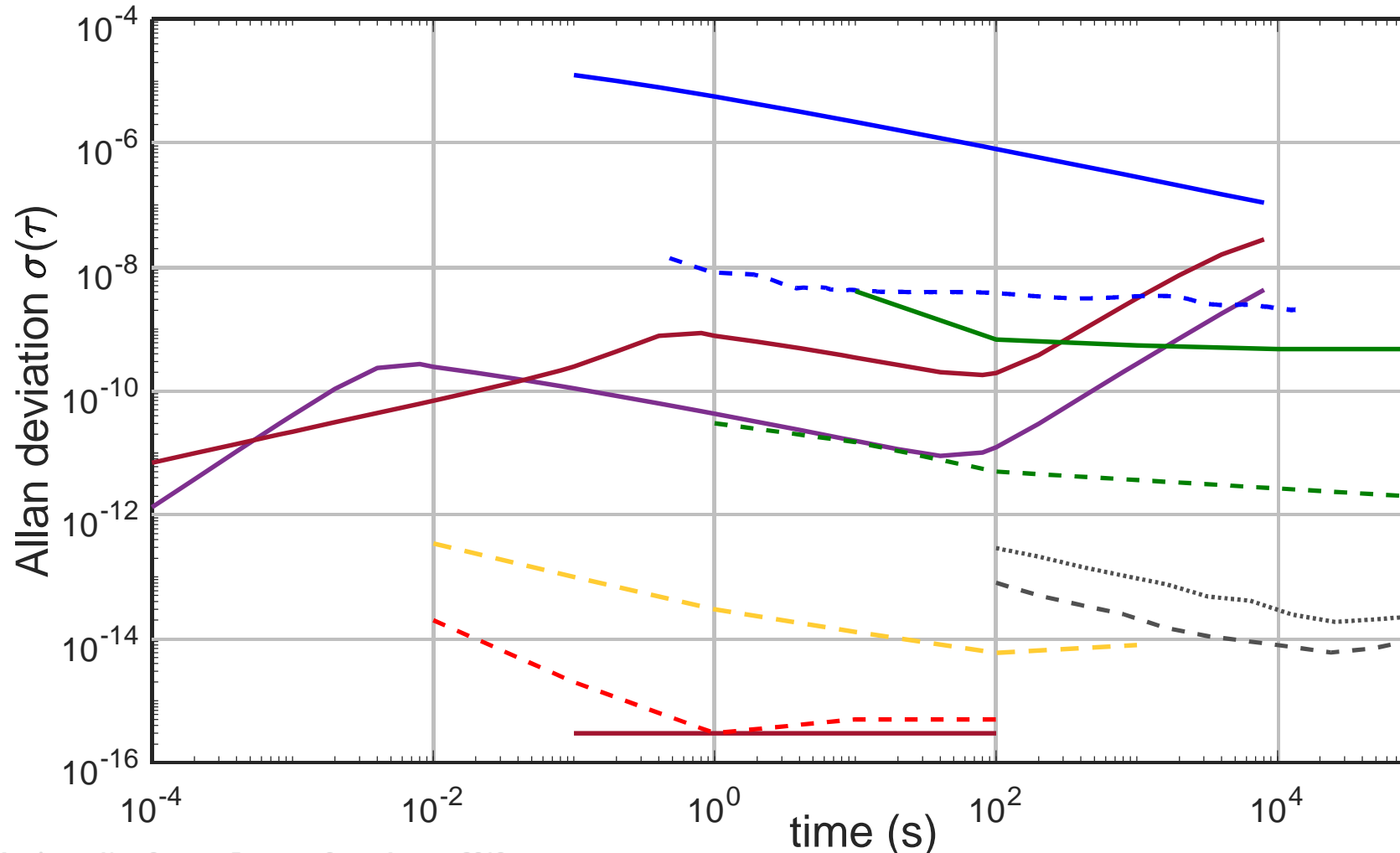
Laser source	ECDL / ECDL ROF 
Absolute reference	Cold atoms reference 
External cavity	HSL/OSRC cavity 
Transfer	Comb 
$<10^{-16}$ @ 1s	

Overview over achieved performances



From lidar to optical atomic clocks

- Technologies for the next step have been demonstrated
 - Make them compact and robust for the space environment



- LRI requirement
 - LISA requirement
 - MLN requirement
 - - MERLIN FRU EM
 - LEMON goal
 - - GPS stab. Clock [1]
 - - Jokarus (I_2 optical clock) [2]
 - OSRC requirement
 - - NIST ULE cavity [3]
 - Galileo RAFS (Rb) [4]
 - - Galileo PHM (H) [4]
- [1] Pendulum GPS-12R
 [2] Schuldt et al. Proc. SPIE 10564 (2012)
 [3] Young et al. PRL 82 p3799 (1999)
 [4] Droz et al. Proc. EFTF (2006)

- SpaceTech is a dynamic and experienced partner for space developments
 - New space is a central topic at SpaceTech
 - Gateway to space for commercial photonic products
 - New partners are welcome
- SpaceTech has developed building blocks for key elements of optical clocks
 - Stable and reliable laser sources
 - Stabilization on cavity and spectroscopic references
- Next step is to get an optical clock to space on satellite level
 - Shrinking by higher integration levels and modern technologies
 - Space qualification



SpaceTech GmbH

- Systems
- Instruments
- Equipment

Thank you very much for your attention!

Seelbachstr. 13
 D-88090 Immenstaad
 Tel: +49 7454 932 84 86
www.spacetechnology.com

Many thanks to our partners



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