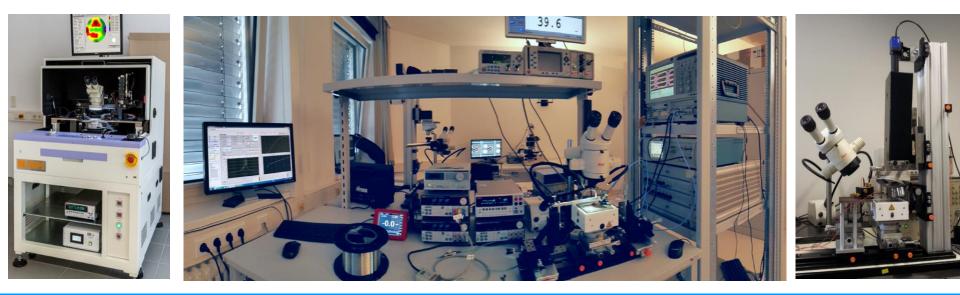


Vertically Integrated Systems

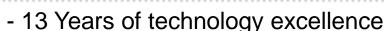


Vertically Integrated Systems to serve strategic development and manufacturing needs





VIS history



- 22 issued & 3 pending patents
- 10 EU & National Projects won

2019: first ever 100G-compatible VCSEL 100G driver, 100G TIA, TX-RX assemblies

2016: >160 Gb/s 850nm VCSEL, 128Gb/s testbed, mapping

Qualified 850nm 28G VCSEL

2019: strategic cooperation with a major III-V foundry (USA, Taiwan) Customization Contract manufacturing Sales directly or through the foundry.

2017 **Revenues 2.6 M€**

2008: first ever 40G VCSEL 40G driver, 40G TIA 40G TX-RX assemblies

2016 Investment 2.7 M€

2015 EU Horizon 2020 2M€

25G VCSEL

At break even since 2008

Support from Berlin (IBB, Berlin Partners)

2007 VC Investment 1M€

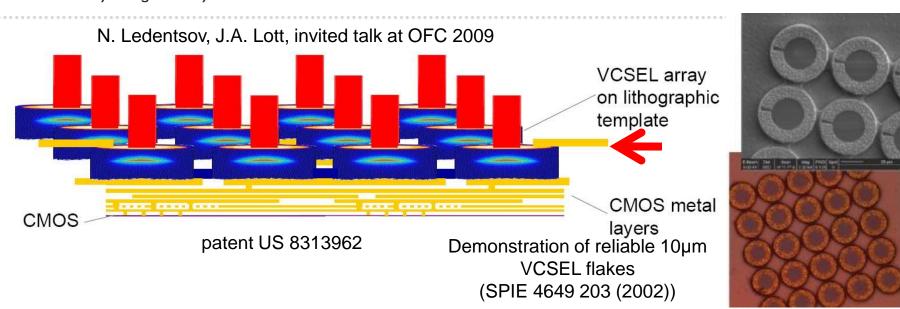
Est. Dec 2006

August 30 2019





Why VCSELs?

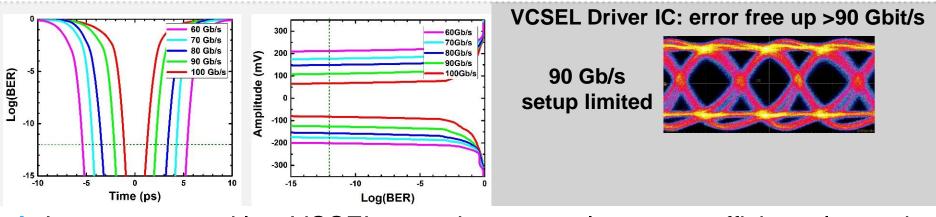


- Silicon scaling (5nm, 2019) drives
 I/O bandwidth: speed per channel doubles each 24 months, bandwidth density each 18 months
- 112Gb/s per channel copper is due 2020-2021 (Infiniband, Ethernet)
- Copper signaling over PCB becomes extremely expensive

- When I/O goes optical trillions of lightemitting devices will be needed in the upper IC levels, …
- → VCSEL: 25Gb/s at 180°C (850nm, VIS).
- VCSEL: size takes a few micrometers only, energy efficient, cost can be in milli-cents
- Upper level coper Interconnects do not scale and are not on CMOS surface. VCSEL lamination into IC or PCB is possible

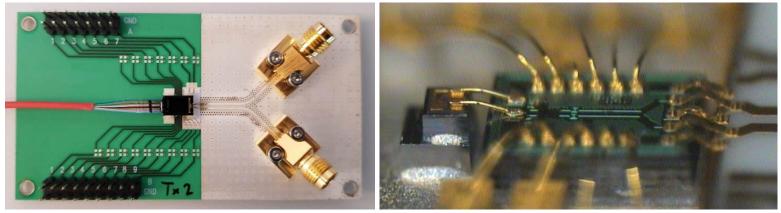
VIS TX: VIS Driver + VIS TX VIS Amplifier

Vertically Integrated Systems



- → Low current and low VCSEL capacitance results energy efficient electronics
- → VIS ICs (amplifier + driver): 255 mW dissipated power per 100Gb/s link
- → Good for >50Gb/s low latency links

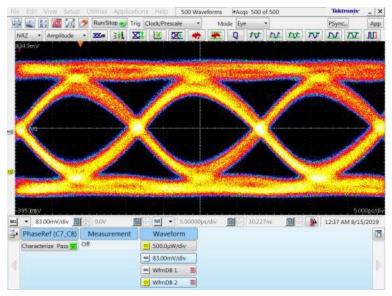
VIS transmitter (TX)/ VIS receiver (RX) Testboard:





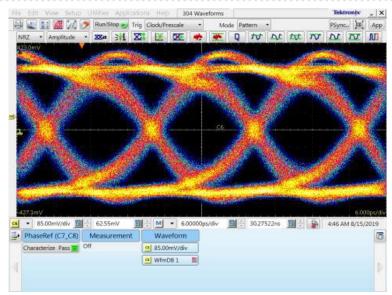
60 Gbit/s TX-RX PRBS11 data transmission

Vertically Integrated Systems

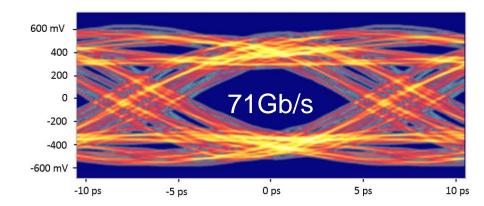


60Gbaud electrical input signal

- \rightarrow No equalization up to 70Gb/s
- No reclocking at the receiver
- Input signal is not corrected
- → 6mW/Gbps vs 35mW/Gbps for IBM
- \rightarrow 2-tap equalization to get >70Gb/s



60Gbaud VIS Transmitter/VIS Receiver link



Attend VIS invited talks at OFC2020: D1 and D3 sections

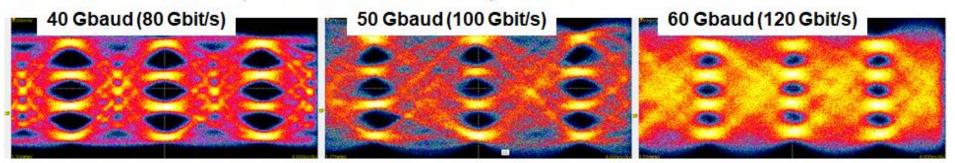


120 Gbit/s PAM-4 VIS VCSEL Transmission

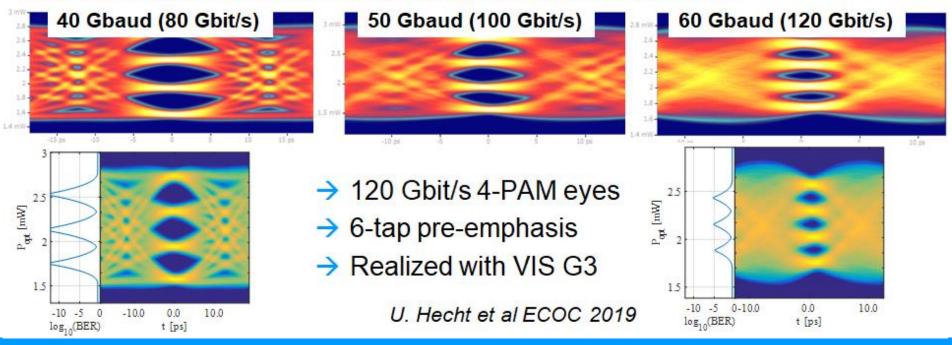
Vertically Integrated Systems

Tx: Keysight AWG w 6-tap FFE pre-emphasis

Rx: Tektronix Oscilloscope 30 GHz receiver w/o equalization



Tx: ... Rx: Tektronix Oscilloscope 30 GHz receiver w. 5-tap FFE equalization (like for copper)

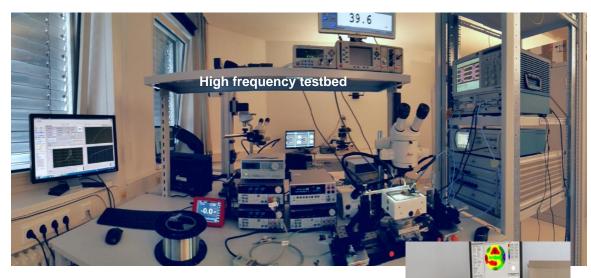




Welcome to VIS

High temperature, fast time response, reliability, high brightness are needed for sensing and automotive not less than for datacom

- 3D Modeling
 - Opto-thermo-electric (drift diffusion)
- Microscopy
 - IR & visible light
- Wafer mapping station
 - Light-Current-Voltage
 - Optical Spectra
- Static characterization
 - Near Field, Far Field
 - CW, Pulsed,
 - Temperature,
- High Frequency set up up to 128 Gb/s
 - PAM2, PAM4
 - BER, S-parameters





This presentation was presented at EPIC World Photonics Technology Summit 2019

HOSTED BY

